

RG-S6150-X Series Next-Generation High-Performance Switches





Product Pictures



RG-S6150-24VS8CQ-X



RG-S6150-48VS8CQ-X

Product Overview

RG-S6150-X series switches are high-performance multi-service 10GE Ethernet switches designed by Ruijie Networks for next-generation integrated networks. They integrate abundant features of campuses and data centers. With the advanced hardware architecture and Ruijie latest modular OS, the RG-S6150-X can provide faster hardware processing and better operation experience.

The RG-S6150-X provides flexible access services through 10GE/25GE optical ports. It can be connected to uplink devices through high-performance 40GE/100GE ports, fully meeting users' requirements for high-density access and high-performance aggregation.

The RG-S6150-X provides robust performance, sound end-to-end service quality, and rich security functions for the aggregation layer of a large-sized network, the core layer of a small- or medium-sized network, and the access layer of data center servers. They can meet requirements of enterprise networks for high speed, security, and intelligence. They lay a foundation for high-performance networks that support IoT service lifecycle management, mobility applications, and cloud applications.

With Ruijie's network solution, the RG-S6150-X can uniformly migrate wired and wireless users, and policies. That is, even if a user location is relocated, the RG-S6150-X delivers consistent policy and experience.



Product Highlights

- Supports Virtual Switch Unit (VSU), which allows flexible networking.
- Provides 10GE optical ports, and uses eight 40G/100G ports to connect to uplink devices.
- Uses advanced hardware architecture to deliver faster hardware processing and better experience with RGOS modular operating system.
- Integrates diverse campus and data center features, and supports comprehensive QoS policies.
- Offers various Layer 3 routing functions to cope with multiple services and guarantee highly-efficient data transmission.
- Provides Virtual Extensible LAN (VXLAN), which can be used to build a logical Layer 2 network over a Layer 3 network through software upgrade.
- Employs various network security policies and provides real-time monitoring to ensure network robustness.
- Is used with the SDN controller to implement simplified O&M and highly-efficient management.

- Uses RGOS modular operating system to provide more entries, faster hardware processing, and better operation experience.
- Provides open and programmable RGOS modular operating system. Basic functions are incorporated into the main version, and custom functions are released in app mode, ensuring stability of the basic functions.
- Supports the x86 platform, which supports containers, allows third-party management applications to be installed, and makes it easy for customizing functions.
- Rectifies faults related to processes online in seconds, without interrupting network operation.
- Supports Python that allows applications across platforms.
- Supports high-speed access to northbound interfaces, with the performance of up to thousands of operations. It can associate with the controller to upgrade the man-machine interface to machine-machine interface.
- Upgrades and extends functions online to ensure nonstop services.

Product Features

High Performance and Scalability

The RG-S6150-X series switches flexibly provide access services at multiple rates (10GE/25GE) on ports. Each switch of the RG-S6150-X series provides eight 40GE/100GE optical ports, which can be selected as needed and fully meet deployment requirements for the aggregation layer of large-sized networks, the core layer of small- and medium-sized networks. The RG-S6150-X series switches provide large table capacity. The capacity is 2 to 3 times larger than that of the fixed aggregation switch.

IPv4/IPv6 Dual-Stack Multi-Layer Switching

The RG-S6150-X hardware supports both IPv4 and IPv6 dual stacks, as well as multi-layer line-rate switching in order to differentiate and process packets of each protocol effectively. With flexible IPv6 network communication solutions, the RG-

S6150-X can meet various IPv6 network demands such as planning or maintenance. The RG-S6150-X supports a wide range of IPv4 routing protocols, covering IPv4 static routing, RIP, OSPFv2, IS-ISv4, and BGP4. Fitting for different network environments, one can select appropriate routing protocols for flexible network building. Additionally, the RG-S6150-X also supports abundant IPv6 routing protocols such as IPv6 static routing, RIPng, OSPFv3, IS-ISv6, and BGP4+. These protocols can be flexibly selected to either upgrade an existing network to IPv6 or establish a new one.

VSU

The RG-S6150-X supports Virtual Switching Unit (VSU). VSU enables multiple physical devices to be connected through aggregate links and virtualized into one logical device. By using the same IP address, Telnet process, and CLI for management, along with automatic version check and

Bevond Networks

configuration, network administrators can manage just one logical device, thereby enhancing work efficiency.

Aggregate links can be 40GE/100GE interfaces, which can maximize the return on investment (ROI). The maximum stacking bandwidth is 800 Gbps.

Simplified management: The network administrator can manage multiple switches uniformly because there is no need to connect separately to each switch for configuring and managing them.

Simplified network topology: A VSU serves as a switch within a network and eliminates Layer 2 loops and MSTP configurations by connecting peripheral devices through aggregate links. Various control protocols can run on the VSU.

Fault rectification within milliseconds: A VSU connects to peripheral devices through aggregate links. If a fault occurs on one device or member link in the VSU, data and services can be switched to another member link within 50 ms to 200 ms.

High scalability: User devices can be added to or removed from a virtualized network, without affecting normal operation of other devices.

VXLAN

The RG-S6150-X hardware supports VXLAN, which can be used to build a logical Layer 2 network over a Layer 3 network through software upgrade. It is fit for mobile network and IoT deployment of a large-scale campus network.

Sound Security Protection Policies

The RG-S6150-X can effectively defend against virus spread and hacker attacks through multiple inherent mechanisms, such as DoS attack defense, IP scanning attack defense, validity check of ARP packets, and multiple hardware-based ACLs.

The hardware-based IPv6 ACL can easily control the access of IPv6 users at the network edge even if there are IPv6 users on an IPv4 network. The RG-S6150-X allows IPv4 and IPv6 users to coexist and can control access permissions of IPv6 users, for example, restricting access to sensitive resources on the network.

The RG-S6150-X provides a unique hardware CPU protection mechanism: CPU Protection Policy (CPP). CPP enables the

RG-S6150-X to classify data traffic sent to the CPU, process the traffic by queue priority, and apply the rate limit to traffic as required. CPP fully protects the CPU from being occupied by unauthorized traffic, malicious attacks, and resource consumption, which ensures the security of the CPU and the switch.

The RG-S6150-X and its ports can be flexibly bound to a user's IP address and MAC address, which strictly restricts the access of users connected to the ports or the switch.

DHCP snooping enables the RG-S6150-X to receive DHCP Response messages only from trusted ports, preventing spoofing from unauthorized DHCP servers. With DHCP snooping, the RG-S6150-X dynamically monitors ARP packets, checks users' IP addresses, and discards unauthorized packets that do not match binding entries. This effectively prevents ARP spoofing and source IP address spoofing.

The RG-S6150-X also supports access control through source IP address-based Telnet, which can prevent unauthorized users and hackers from maliciously attacking and controlling the switch, and enhance the network management security of the switch.

Through the Secure Shell (SSH) and Simple Network Management Protocol version 3 (SNMPv3), the RG-S6150-X can encrypt management information in Telnet and SNMP processes. This ensures information security of management devices and prevents hackers from attacking and controlling the devices.

The RG-S6150-X rejects unauthorized network access and enables authorized network access by employing multielement binding, port security, time-based ACL, and data stream-based rate limiting. It can strictly control user access to enterprise networks and campus networks and restrict the communication of unauthorized users.

High Reliability

The RG-S6150-X supports STP (IEEE 802.1D), RSTP (IEEE 802.1w), and MSTP (IEEE 802.1s) to achieve fast convergence, improve the fault tolerance capability, and ensure stable network operation and link load balancing. It effectively utilize network channels to improve utilization of redundant links.

The Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) ensures network stability for the switch.

The Rapid Link Detection Protocol (RLDP) enables the RG-S6150-X to quickly detect link connectivity and unidirectional optical links. The port loop detection function helps the RG-S6150-X to prevent network failures caused by loops due to

unauthorized port connections with hubs.

The RG-S6150-X supports the Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) technology, which is a Layer 2 link redundancy protocol designed for the core Ethernet. The control device blocks loops and restores links, and non-control devices directly report their link status to the control device, without processing from other non-control devices. Therefore, loop elimination and service recovery time of ERPS is faster than that of STP. ERPS implements link restoration within milliseconds.

When STP is disabled, the Rapid Ethernet Uplink Protection Protocol (REUP) can still provide basic link redundancy and millisecond-level fault rectification faster than STP.

The RG-S6150-X supports Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) for upper-level protocols (such as routing protocols), rapidly detecting connectivity of the forwarding path between two routing devices. BFD greatly shortens the convergence time for upper-level protocols upon link status changes.

The RG-S6150-X supports dual-boot at the hardware level, which uses two flash chips to store the boot software (system boot program) to achieve hardware-level boot redundancy and to avoid the switch boot failure due to the flash chip fault.

Powerful Multi-Service Support

The RG-S6150-X supports IPv4 and IPv6 multicast functions as well as multiple multicast protocols, including IGMP snooping, IGMP, Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD), Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM), PIM for IPv6, and Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP). It provides multicast service support for IPv4 networks, IPv6 networks, and IPv4 and IPv6 networks.

IGMP source port check and source IP address check supported by the RG-S6150-X can effectively eliminate unauthorized multicast sources and enhance network security. The RG-S6150-X supports a variety of Layer 3 features and service features, such as equal-cost multi-path routing (ECMP), meeting different communication requirements.

Sound QoS Policies

The RG-S6150-X can classify and control various flows, such as MAC flows, IP flows, and application flows, to implement different policies such as fine-grained bandwidth control and forwarding priority. In this way, it provides differentiated services based on applications and characteristics of service quality required by the applications.

It provides QoS guarantee based on the DiffServ model, and can filter traffic based on 802.1p priorities and IP ToS values, and from Layer 2 to Layer 7. It supports SP, WRR, and other QoS policies.

Energy Efficiency

The RG-S6150-X series switches adopt the next-generation hardware architecture, advanced energy-efficient circuit design and components, to reduce energy consumption and noise. It is equipped with variable-speed axial fan modules to intelligently control the fan speed based on the ambient temperature. This reduces power consumption and noise while ensuring stable operation of the switch.

Easy Network Maintenance

The RG-S6150-X supports routine network diagnosis and maintenance based on SNMP, RMON, Syslog, and USB-based backup log and configuration. A network administrator can use various management and maintenance modes such as command line interface (CLI), web network management, and Telnet to facilitate device management.

The RG-S6150-X supports OpenFlow and NETCONF, and allows the entire network to be smoothly upgraded to the software-defined networking (SDN) network. This substantially reduces network maintenance costs while greatly simplifying network management.

gRPC-based telemetry enables the RG-S6150-X to periodically collect information about the CPU, memory, and other components.



Product Specifications

Hardware Specifications

Hareware Specifications	RG-S6150-24VS8CQ-X	RG-S6150-48VS8CQ-X
Interface Specifications		
Fixed port	24 x 10GE/25GE (license required for 25G*) SFP28 ports 8 x 40GE/100GE QSFP28 ports	48 x 10GE/25GE (license required for 25G*) SFP28 ports 8 x 40GE/100GE QSFP28 ports
Fan module	4 x fan modules 3+1 redundancy, at least three fan modules requir Fan speed regulating and fault alarming	red for the system
Power module	2 x hot-swappable power modules	
Fixed management port	1 x MGMT port, 1 x console port, and 1 x USB 2.0) port
System Specifications		
Switching Capacity	2.8 Tbps	4 Tbps
Packet Forwarding Rate	1024Mpps/1680Mpps	1024Mpps/2800Mpps
Number of MAC addresses	Number of global MAC addresses: 128,000 (default) Number of static MAC addresses: 10,000	Number of global MAC addresses: 128,000 (default) Number of static MAC addresses: 10,000
ARP table size	96,000 (default)	96,000 (default)
ND table size	80,000 (default)	80,000 (default)
Number of IPv4 unicast routes	350,000 (default)	350,000 (default)
Number of IPv4 multicast routes	4,000	4,000
Number of IPv6 unicast routes	65,000 (default)	65,000 (default)
Number of IPv6 multicast routes	2,000	2,000



Hareware Specifications	RG-S6150-24VS8CQ-X	RG-S6150-48VS8CQ-X
Number of ACEs	Ingress: 28,000 Egress:4,000	
Number of IGMP groups	4,000	
Number of MLD groups	1,000	
Number of VSU members	4	4
Number of VRFs	1,024	1,024
Dimensions and Weight		
Dimensions (W x D x H)	442 mm x 387 mm x 44 mm (17.40 in. x 15.24 in. x 1.73 in.)	442 mm x 387 mm x 44 mm (17.40 in. x 15.24 in. x 1.73 in.)
Weight (four fan modules and two power modules at full load)	10 kg (22.05 lbs)	10 kg (22.05 lbs)
CPU and Storage		
CPU	2.2 GHz quad-core processor	2.2 GHz quad-core processor
Storage	DDR4 4 GB 8 GB flash memory	DDR4 4 GB 8 GB flash memory
Data packet buffer	Device switching buffer: 35 MB Switching buffer per port: 22 MB	Device switching buffer: 35 MB Switching buffer per port: 22 MB
Power and Consumption		
Maximum power consumption	270 W	300 W
Maximum output power	PA550I II-F: 90–264 V AC or 100–240 VAC, 550 W	PA550I II-F: 90–264 V AC or 100–240 VAC, 550 W
Rated input voltage	AC input: 100 V AC to 240 V AC Frequency: 50/60 Hz HVDC input: 240 V DC	
Maximum input voltage	AC input: 90 V AC to 264 V AC HVDC input: 192 V DC to 288 V DC	

Hareware Specifications	RG-S6150-24VS8CQ-X	RG-S6150-48VS8CQ-X
Environment and Reliability		
MTBF	> 200,000 hours	> 200,000 hours
Primary airflow	Front-to-rear airflow	
Operating temperature	0°C to 45°C (32°F to 113°F)	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +70°C (-40°F to +158°F)	
Operating humidity	10% RH to 90% RH (non-condensing)	
Storage humidity	5% RH to 95% RH (non-condensing)	
Maximum operating altitude	5000 m (16404.20 ft.)	5000 m (16404.20 ft.)
Interface surge protection	Telecom port: 4 kV (MGMT port)	Telecom port: 4 kV (MGMT port)

Software Specifications

RG-S6150-X Series	
Feature	Description
Ethernet switching	Jumbo frame (maximum length: 9,216 bytes)
	IEEE 802.1Q (supporting 4K VLANs)
	Maximum number of VLANs that can be created: 4,094
	Voice VLAN
	Super-VLAN and private VLAN
	MAC address-based, port-based, protocol-based, and IP subnet-based VLAN assignment
	GVRP
	Basic QinQ and selective QinQ
	STP (IEEE 802.1.d), RSTP (IEEE 802.1w), and MSTP (IEEE 802.1s)



RG-S6150-X Series	
Feature	Description
Ethernet switching	ERPS (G.8032)
	LACP (IEEE 802.3ad)
	LLDP/LLDP-MED
	Static and dynamic ARP
	DHCP server, DHCP client, DHCP relay, and DHCP snooping
IP service	DNS
ii service	DHCPv6 server, DHCPv6 client, DHCPv6 relay, and DHCPv6 snooping
	Neighbor Discovery (ND) and ND snooping
	GRE tunnel
	Static routing
	RIP and RIPng
	OSPFv2 and OSPFv3
	GR
	IS-ISv4 and IS-ISv6
	BGP4 and BGP4+
IP routing	Equal and Weighted Cost Multi-Path (ECMP)
	Packet-based and flow-based load balancing
	MCE
	Stateless auto configuration
	IPv4/IPv6 VRF
	IPv4/IPv6 PBR

RG-S6150-X Series	
Feature	Description
	IGMPv1/v2/v3 and IGMP proxy
	IGMPv1/v2/v3 snooping
	IGMP filtering and IGMP fast leave
	PIM-DM, PIM-SM, and PIM-SSM
	PIM-SSM for IPv4 and IPv6
Multipoot	MSDP for inter-domain multicast
Multicast	MLDv1/v2
	MLD snooping
	MSDP
	PIM-SMv6
	Multicast source IP address check Multicast source port check
	Multicast querier
	MPLS L3VPN
MPLS	6PE/6VPE interconnection with IPv4/IPv6 MPLS backbone network
	MPLS MIB (RFC1273, 4265, 4382)
	Standard IP ACLs (hardware ACLs based on IP addresses)
ACL and QoS	Extended IP ACLs (hardware ACLs based on IP addresses or TCP/UDP port numbers)
	Extended MAC ACLs (hardware ACLs based on source MAC addresses, destination MAC addresses, and optional Ethernet type)
	Expert-level ACLs (hardware ACLs based on flexible combinations of the VLAN ID, Ethernet type, MAC address, IP address, TCP/UDP port number, protocol type, and time range)



RG-S6150-X Series	
Feature	Description
	Time-based ACLs
	ACL80 and IPv6 ACL
	ACL redirection
	Port traffic identification
	Port traffic rate limiting
ACL and QoS	802.1p/DSCP/ToS traffic classification
	Traffic classification based on 802.1p priorities, DSCP priorities, and IP precedences
	Congestion management: RR, SP, WRR, DRR, WFQ, SP+WRR, SP+DRR, and SP+WFQ
	Congestion avoidance: tail drop, RED, and WRED
	Eight queues on each port
	Rate limiting in each queue
	Multi-AAA
	RADIUS and TACAS+
Security	Filtering of invalid MAC addresses Broadcast storm suppression BPDU guard
	RADIUS authentication and authorization
	Port- and MAC address-based 802.1x authentication
	IEEE802.1X authentication, MAC address bypass (MAB) authentication, and interface-based and MAC address-based 802.1X authentication
	Web authentication
	Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS)
	SSHv1 and SSHv2

RG-S6150-X Series		
Feature	Description	
Security	ICMPv6 IPv6 addressing and Path MTU Discovery Port isolation and port security IP source guard SAVI ARP spoofing prevention CPP and NFPP Various attack defense functions including NFPP, ARP anti-spoofing, DHCP/DHCPv6 attack defense, ICMP attack defense, ND attack defense, IP scanning attack defense, and customizing attack defense packet types 3-tuple binding (IP address, MAC address, and port) ARP spoofing prevention 3-tuple binding (IPv6 address, MAC address, and port) Filtering of invalid MAC addresses MAB authentication and Portal 2.0 authentication ARP check DAI ARP packet rate limiting Gateway ARP spoofing prevention Broadcast storm suppression SSH BPDU guard Loose and strict RPF uRPF ignoring default routes	
Reliability	REUP ERPS (G.8032)	
	RLDP RLDP, Layer 2 link connectivity detection, unidirectional link detection, and VLAN-based loop control	
	Data Link Detection Protocol (DLDP)	

RG-S6150-X Series	
Feature	Description
Reliability	IPv4 VRRP v2/v3 and IPv6 VRRP
	BFD
	Link monitoring, fault notification, and remote loopback based on 802.3ah (EFM)
	GR for RIP, OSPF, BGP, and other routing protocols Power modules in 1+1 redundancy mode Hot swapping of power modules and fan modules
	Hot swapping of fan modules
Device virtualization	VSU
	SPAN, RSPAN, and ERSPAN
	sFlow
	NTP an SNTP
	FTP and TFTP
	SNMP v1/v2/c3
	RMON (1, 2, 4, 9)
NMS and maintenance	Various types of RMON groups, including event groups, alarm groups, history groups, and statistics groups, as well as private alarm extension groups RMON used to implement Ethernet statistics, historical statistics, and alarm functions
	NETCONF
	Flow-based mirroring, and N:1 and 1:N port mirroring
	CWMP
	gRPC
	OpenFlow Special 1.3 Flow table analysis defined by all protocols Transmission of specified packets to the controller Configuring the controller's IP address and port Notifying port status changes to the controller

RG-S6150-X Series	
Feature	Description
NMS and maintenance	CLI (Telnet/console), SSH, Syslog, SNMP over IPv6, Telnet v6, FTP/TFTP v6, DNS v6, and NTP for IPv6
	Ruijie Could-based management
VXLAN	EVPN VXLAN tunnel establishment LAN access to VXLAN IPv4 over IPv4 Distributed gateway IPv6 over IPv4 Using an SVI to connect to the VXLAN network Using a routed interface to connect to the VXLAN network Proxy ARP (replying with the actual MAC address)) ND proxy (replying with the actual MAC address) ND reply (replying with the actual MAC address) EVPN VXLAN VXLAN static route Anycast gateway VXLAN bridging mode VXLAN routing mode Proxy ARP (replying with the gateway MAC address) Configuring the UDP port number in VXLAN packets Static VXLAN tunnel creation

Note: The item marked with the asterisk (*) will be available in the future.

Protocol Compliance

	RG-S6150-X Series	
Organization	Standards and Protocol	
IETF	RFC 1157 A Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) RFC 1305 Network Time Protocol Version 3 (NTP) RFC 1349 Internet Protocol (IP) RFC 1350 TFTP Protocol (revision 2) RFC 1519 CIDR RFC 1591 Domain Name System Structure and Delegation RFC 1643 Ethernet Interface MIB RFC 1757 Remote Network Monitoring (RMON) RFC 1812 Requirements for IP Version 4 Router RFC 1901 Introduction to Community-based SNMPv2 RFC 1902-1907 SNMP v2 RFC 1918 Address Allocation for Private Internet RFC 2131 Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)	

RG-S6150-X Series
Standards and Protocol
RFC 2132 DHCP Options and BOOTP Vendor Extensions RFC 2571 SNMP Management Frameworks RFC 2581 The Interfaces Group MIB RFC 2585 The Interfaces Group MIB RFC 2585 Remote Authentication Dial in User Service (RADIUS) RFC 2925 Definitions of Managed Objects for Remote Ping, Traceroute, and Lookup Operations (Ping only) RFC 348 DHCP Option82 RFC 3417 (SNMP Transport Mappings) RFC 3418 Management Information Base (MIB) for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) RFC 3575 IAAA Considerations for RADIUS RFC 3579 RADIUS Support For EAP RFC 4022 MIB for TCP RFC 768 User Datagram Protocol (UDP) RFC 783 TFTP Protocol (revision 2) RFC 783 TFTP Protocol (revision 2) RFC 783 TFTP Protocol (revision 2) RFC 783 Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) RFC 783 Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) RFC 813 Window and Acknowledgement Strategy in TCP RFC 815 IP datagram reassembly algorithms RFC 826 Ethernet Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) RFC 858 Teinet Protocol RFC 959 File Transfer Protocol (FTP) RFC 1058 Routing Information Protocol (RIP) RFC 1058 Routing Information Protocol (RIP) RFC 1058 Routing Information Protocol (RIP) RFC 238 OSPF Version 2 RFC 238 OSPF Version 2 RFC 238 OSPF Version 6 RFC 1987 BGP Communities Attribute RFC 238 GMP RFC 238 OSPF Version 1 RFC 2438 BGP Route Flap Damping RFC 2460 Internet Protocol, Version 6 (IPv6) RFC 2438 BGP Route Flap Damping RFC 2460 Internet Protocol, Version 6 (IPv6) RFC 2545 Use of BGP 4 Multiprotocol Extensions for IPv6 (ICMPv6) RFC 2545 Use of BGP 4 Multiprotocol Extensions for IPv6 (ICMPv6) RFC 2571 IPv6 Router Alert Option RFC 2771 Definitions of Managed Objects for the Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol RFC 2772 Definitions of Managed Objects for the Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol RFC 2773 Definitions of Managed Objects for BGP 4 RFC 2305 Autonomous System Confederation for BGP RFC 3513 IP Version 6 Addressing Architecture RFC 3620 Alternative Implementations of OSPF Area Border Routers RFC 3511 IP Version 6 Addressing Architecture RFC 3630 Alternative Implementations of

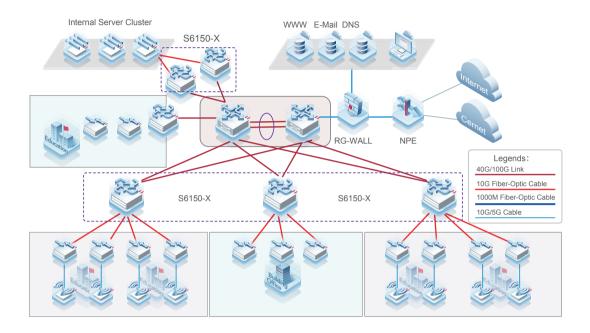
RG-S6150-X Series		
Organization	Standards and Protocol	
IETF	RFC 4486 Subcodes for BGP Cease Notification Message RFC 4552 Authentication/Confidentiality for OSPFv3 RFC 4724 Graceful Restart Mechanism for BGP RFC 4750 OSPFv2 MIB partial support no SetMIB RFC 4760 Multiprotocol Extensions for BGP 4 RFC 4940 IANA Considerations for OSPF RFC 5065 Autonomous System Confederation for BGP RFC 5187 OSPFv3 Graceful Restart RFC 5340 OSPFv3 for IPv6 RFC 5492 Capabilities Advertisement with BGP 4 RFC 6620 FCFS SAVI	
IEEE	IEEE 802.1ab Link Layer Discovery Protocol IEEE 802.1ad Provider Bridges IEEE 802.1ax/IEEE802.3ad Link Aggregation IEEE 802.1D Media Access Control (MAC) Bridges IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol IEEE 802.1Q Virtual Bridged Local Area Networks (VLAN) IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol IEEE 802.3ad Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) IEEE Std 802.3x Full Duplex and flow control	

Typical Applications

- The RG- S6150-X series switches can be used in the distribution layer of large-sized networks, core layer of small- and medium- sized networks, and access layer of the server cluster. The switches can provide full gigabit layer-3 access services on large-sized enterprise networks or campus networks.
- Each switch of the series provides eight 100G fiber ports to meet users' requirements for high bandwidth.
- The abundant security management mechanisms provide robust network security defense, high-security access control, and effective network access control.
- Sound management policies can be configured to help manage bandwidth so as to guarantee the bandwidth required by voice, multicast audio and video services, video on demand, and other key services.

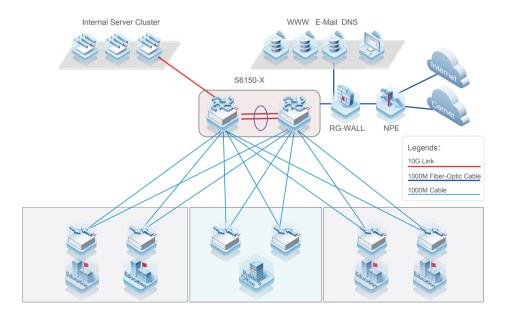
Scenario 1

RG-S6150-X series switches serve as aggregation devices on large-sized campus networks. They provide 10G/25G (future license support) bandwidth links for the access layer and high-performance 40G/100G bandwidth links for the core layer, to cope with increasing information amount of access users.



Scenario 2

RG-S6150-X series switches serve as core switches on small- and medium-sized enterprise networks. The VSU technology helps simplify the network architecture and substantially improves the reliability and efficiency of the network system.





Ordering Information

The switch, expansion module, power module, and other components can be ordered as needed. Before ordering an expansion module or power module, contact the online customer service personnel for the latest support information about the module.

Switches and Power Modules

Model	Description
RG-S6150-24VS8CQ-X	24 x 10G/25G SFP28 ports (default: 10G; the rate can be increased to 25G with a license.) 8 x 40G/100G QSFP28 ports 4 x fan modules 2 x power module slots At least one RG-PA550I II-F power module needs to be purchased.
RG-S6150-48VS8CQ-X	48 x 10G/25G SFP28 ports (default: 10G; the rate can be increased to 25G with a license) 8 x 40G/100G QSFP28 ports 4 x fan modules 2 x power module slots At least one RG-PA550I II-F power supply module needs to be purchased.
RG-PA550I II-F	550 W AC power supply module
*RG-24VS-LIC	*License for 25G ports among 24 ports of the RG-S6150-X
*RG-48VS-LIC	*License for 25G ports among 48 ports of the RG-S6150-X

Optical Modules

Model	Description
Mini-GBIC-GT	1000BASE-GT mini GBIC module
XG-SFP-SR-MM850	10G LC interface module (62.5/125 μ m: 33 m; 50/125 μ m: 66 m; 300-meter transmission at modal bandwidth of 2000 MHz·km), applicable to SFP+ ports
XG-SFP-LR-SM1310	10G LC interface module (1310 nm), 10 km, applicable to SFP+ ports
XG-SFP-ER-SM1550	10G LC interface module (1550 nm), 40 km, applicable to SFP+ ports
XG-SFP-AOC1M	10G SFP+ optical cable, 1 m, including one cable and two interface modules
XG-SFP-AOC3M	10G SFP+ optical cable, 3 m, including one cable and two interface modules



Model	Description
XG-SFP-AOC5M	10G SFP+ optical cable, 5 m, including one cable and two interface modules
VG-SFP-SR-MM850	25G SFP28 module, MMF, max. cabling distance: 100 m
VG-SFP-SR-MM1310	25G SFP28 module, SMF, max. cabling distance: 10 km
VG-SFP-AOC5M	25G Base SFP+ optical cable (including modules on both ends), 5 m
40G-QSFP-SR-MM850	40G SR multi-mode optical module, applicable to QSFP+ ports (OM3/OM4 MPO connector, 8-core, 850-nm wavelength, max. cabling distance: 100 m (OM3), 150 m (OM4))
40G-QSFP-LR4 SM1310	40G LR single-mode optical module, applicable to QSFP+ ports, max. cabling distance:10 km (LC connector, 2-core, 1310-nm wavelength)
40G-AOC-5M	40G QSFP+ optical cable, 5 m, including one cable and two interface modules
40G-AOC-10M	40G QSFP+ optical cable, 10 m, including one cable and two interface modules
100G-QSFP-SR-MM850	100G SR optical module, QSFP28 encapsulation, MPO connector, 850-nm wavelength, max. cabling distance: 100 m (OM4), 70 m (OM3)
100G-QSFP-LR4-SM1310	100G LR optical module, QSFP28 encapsulation, LC connector, 1310-nm wavelength, max. cabling distance: 10 km (SMF)
100G-AOC-1M	100G QSFP28 optical cable, 1 m, including one cable and two interface modules
100G-AOC-5M	100G QSFP28 optical cable, 5 m, including one cable and two interface modules
100G-AOC-10M	100G QSFP28 optical cable, 10 m, including one cable and two interface modules

Note: The item marked with the asterisk (*) will be available in the future.

Warranty

For more information about warranty terms and period, contact your local sales agency:

- Warranty terms: https://www.ruijienetworks.com/support/servicepolicy
- Warranty period: https://www.ruijienetworks.com/support/service_41

Note: The warranty terms are subject to the terms of different countries and distributors.

More Information

For more information about Ruijie Networks, visit the official Ruijie website or contact your local sales agency:

- Ruijie Networks official website: https://www.ruijienetworks.com/
- Online support: https://www.ruijienetworks.com/support
- Hotline support: https://www.ruijienetworks.com/support/hotline
- Email support: service rj@ruijienetworks.com



Ruijie Networks Co., Ltd.

For further information, please visit our website https://www.ruijienetworks.com

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