

# User's Manual



## Enterprise 5-Port 10/100/1000T VPN Security Router

▶ **VR-300 Series**



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## **FCC Compliance Statement**

This Equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

### **CE mark Warning**



The is a class A device, In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

### **WEEE**



To avoid the potential effects on the environment and human health as a result of the presence of hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment, end users of electrical and electronic equipment should understand the meaning of the crossed-out wheeled bin symbol. Do not dispose of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste and have to collect such WEEE separately.

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### **Revision**

User's Manual of PLANET 5-Port 10/100/1000T VPN Security Router

Model: VR-300, VR-300P, VR-300F, VR-300FP, VR-300W5, VR-300PW5, VR-300W6A, VR-300PW6A, VR-300W6, VR-300PW6

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# Chapter 1. Product Introduction

Thank you for purchasing PLANET VPN Router, VR-300 Series. The descriptions of these models are as follows:

<b>VR-300</b>	Enterprise 5-Port 10/100/1000T VPN Security Router
<b>VR-300P</b>	Enterprise 4-Port 10/100/1000T 802.3at PoE + 1-Port 10/100/1000T VPN Security Router
<b>VR-300F</b>	Enterprise 4-Port 10/100/1000T + 1-Port 1000X SFP VPN Security Router
<b>VR-300FP</b>	Enterprise 4-Port 10/100/1000T 802.3at PoE + 1-Port 1000X SFP VPN Security Router
<b>VR-300W5</b>	Wi-Fi 5 AC1200 Dual Band VPN Security Router
<b>VR-300PW5</b>	Wi-Fi 5 AC1200 Dual Band VPN Security Router with 4-Port 802.3at PoE+
<b>VR-300W6A</b>	Wi-Fi 6 AX2400 2.4GHz/5GHz VPN Security Router
<b>VR-300PW6A</b>	Wi-Fi 6 AX2400 2.4GHz/5GHz VPN Security Router with 4-Port 802.3at PoE+
<b>VR-300W6</b>	Wi-Fi 6 AC1800 Dual Band VPN Security Router
<b>VR-300PW6</b>	Wi-Fi 6 AC1800 Dual Band VPN Security Router with 4-Port 802.3at PoE+

	VR-300 VR-300P	VR-300F VR-300FP	VR-300W5 VR-300PW5	VR-300W6 VR-300PW6	VR-300W6A VR-300PW6A
Wi-Fi	-	-	11ac	11ax	11ax
Wi-Fi Performance	-	-	up to 1.2Gbps	up to 1.8Gbps	up to 2.4Gbps
Fiber	-	■	-	-	-
PoE	VR-300P	VR-300FP	VR-300PW5	VR-300PW6	VR-300PW6A

“VPN Router” mentioned in this Quick Installation Guide refers to the above models.

## 1.1 Package Contents

The package should contain the following:

- VPN Router x 1
- Quick Installation Guide x 1
- Power Cord x 1
- Rubber Feet x 4
- Rack-mounting Kit x 1
- 2.4G Antenna x 2 (for VR-300W5 and VR-300PW5)
- 5G Antenna x 2 (for VR-300W5 and VR-300PW5)
- Dual Band Antenna x 4 (for VR-300W6A and VR-300PW6A)
- Dual Band Antenna x 2 (for VR-300W6 and VR-300PW6)



Note

If any of the above items are missing, please contact your dealer immediately.

## 1.2 Overview

### Powerful VPN Security Solution

The innovation of the Internet has created tremendous worldwide opportunities for e-business and information sharing. It has become essential for businesses to focus more on network security issues. The demand for information security has become the primary concern for the enterprises. To fulfill this demand, PLANET has launched the VR-300 series VPN Security Router, an all-in-one appliance that carries several main categories across your network security deployments: Cyber security, SPI firewall security protection, policy auditing (Content Filtering, VPN Tunnel and MAC/IP Filtering), AP controller, captive portal, RADIUS and easy management (Setup Wizard, DHCP Server and Dashboard). Furthermore, its Dual-WAN Failover, Outbound Load Balance and High-Availability features can improve the network efficiency while the web-based interface provides friendly and consistent user experience.

### Wireless 11ac Brings Excellent Data Link Speed (Wireless mmodel only)

The VR-300 Series is designed with high power amplifier and 4 highly-sensitive antennas which provide stronger signal and excellent coverage even in the wide-ranging or bad environment. With adjustable transmit power option, the administrator can flexibly reduce or increase the output power for various environments, thus reducing interference to achieve maximum performance. To provide

extremely high-speed user experience, the VR-300W5 adopts IEEE 802.11ac technology to increase the speed from the 802.11n standard 40MHz to 80MHz and to implement the 256-QAM modulation where higher transmitting/receiving rates go up to 867Mbps in 5GHz less interference frequency band. In addition, the VR-300 Series is equipped with Gigabit LAN port to eliminate the restriction of 100Mbps Fast Ethernet wired connection to let users fully enjoy the high speed provided by wireless. The IEEE 802.11ac also optimizes MU-MIMO (Multi-User MIMO) mechanism to serve multiple devices simultaneously.

### **Built-in Unique PoE Functions for Powered Devices Management (PoE model only)**

The VR-300 series is capable of having a maximum of up to 120 watts of power output and can deliver up to 36W for each port. It also features the following special PoE management functions:

- **PoE Usage Monitoring (PoE model only)**

With PoE usage monitoring, it can show the PoE loading of each port, total PoE power usage and system status, such as overload, low voltage, over voltage and high temperature. User can obtain detailed information about the real-time PoE working condition of the VR-300 series directly.

- **PoE Schedule (PoE model only)**

Under the trend of energy saving worldwide and contributing to environmental protection, the VR-300 series can effectively control the power supply besides its capability of giving high watts power. The “PoE schedule” function helps you to enable or disable PoE power feeding for each PoE port during specified time intervals and it is a powerful function to help SMBs or enterprises save power and budget. It also increases security by powering off PDs that should not be in use during non-business hours.

- **Scheduled Power Recycling (PoE model only)**

The VR-300 series allows each of the connected PoE IP cameras or PoE wireless access points to reboot at a specific time each week. Therefore, it will reduce the chance of IP camera or AP crash resulting from buffer overflow.

- **PD Alive Check (PoE model only)**

The VR-300 series can be configured to monitor connected PD status in real time via ping action. Once the PD stops working and responding, the VR-300 series will resume the PoE port power and bring the PD back to work. It will greatly enhance the network reliability through the PoE port resetting the PD's power source and reducing administrator management burden.

### **Wi-Fi Deployments and Authentication with Simplified Management**

The VR-300 series also provides a built-in AP Controller, Captive Portal, RADIUS and a DHCP server to facilitate small and medium businesses to deploy secure employee and guest access services without any additional server. The VR-300 series can offer a secure Wi-Fi network with easy installation for your business.

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### **Centralized Remote Control of Managed APs\***

The VR-300 series provides centralized management of PLANET Smart AP series via a user-friendly Web GUI. It's easy to configure AP for the wireless SSID, radio band and security settings. With a four-step configuration process, different purposes of wireless profiles can be simultaneously delivered to multiple APs or AP groups to minimize deployment time, effort and cost.

For example, to configure multiple Smart APs of the same model, the VR-300 series allows clustering them to a managed group for unified management. According to requirements, wireless APs can be flexibly expanded or removed from a wireless AP group at any time. The AP cluster benefits bulk provision and bulk firmware upgrade through single entry point instead of having to configure settings in each of them separately.

### **Ideal High-Availability VPN Security Router Solution for SMBs**

The VR-300 series provides complete data security and privacy for accessing and exchanging most sensitive data, built-in IPSec VPN function with DES/3DES/AES encryption and MD5/SHA-1/SHA-256/SHA-384/SHA-512 authentication, and GRE, SSL, PPTP and L2TP server mechanism. The full VPN capability in the VR-300 series makes the connection secure, more flexible, and more capable.

### **Excellent Ability in Threat Defense**

The VR-300's built-in SPI (stateful packet inspection) firewall and DoS/DDoS attack mitigation functions provide high efficiency and extensive protection for your network. Thus, virtual server and DMZ functions can let you set up servers in the Intranet and still provide services to the Internet users.

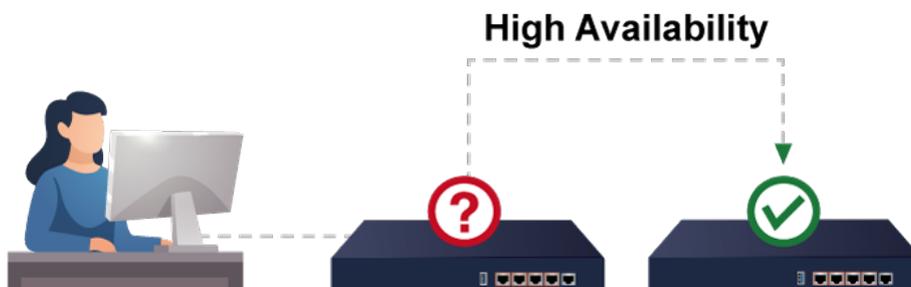
### **Cybersecurity Network Solution to Minimize Security Risks**

The cybersecurity feature included to protect the switch management in a mission-critical network virtually needs no effort and cost to install. For efficient management, the VR-300 is equipped with HTTPS web and SNMP management interfaces. With the built-in web-based management interface, the VR-300 series offers an easy-to-use, platform independent management and configuration facility. The VR-300 series supports SNMP and it can be managed via any management software based on the standard SNMP protocol.

## 1.3 Topology

### Improving Network Efficiency

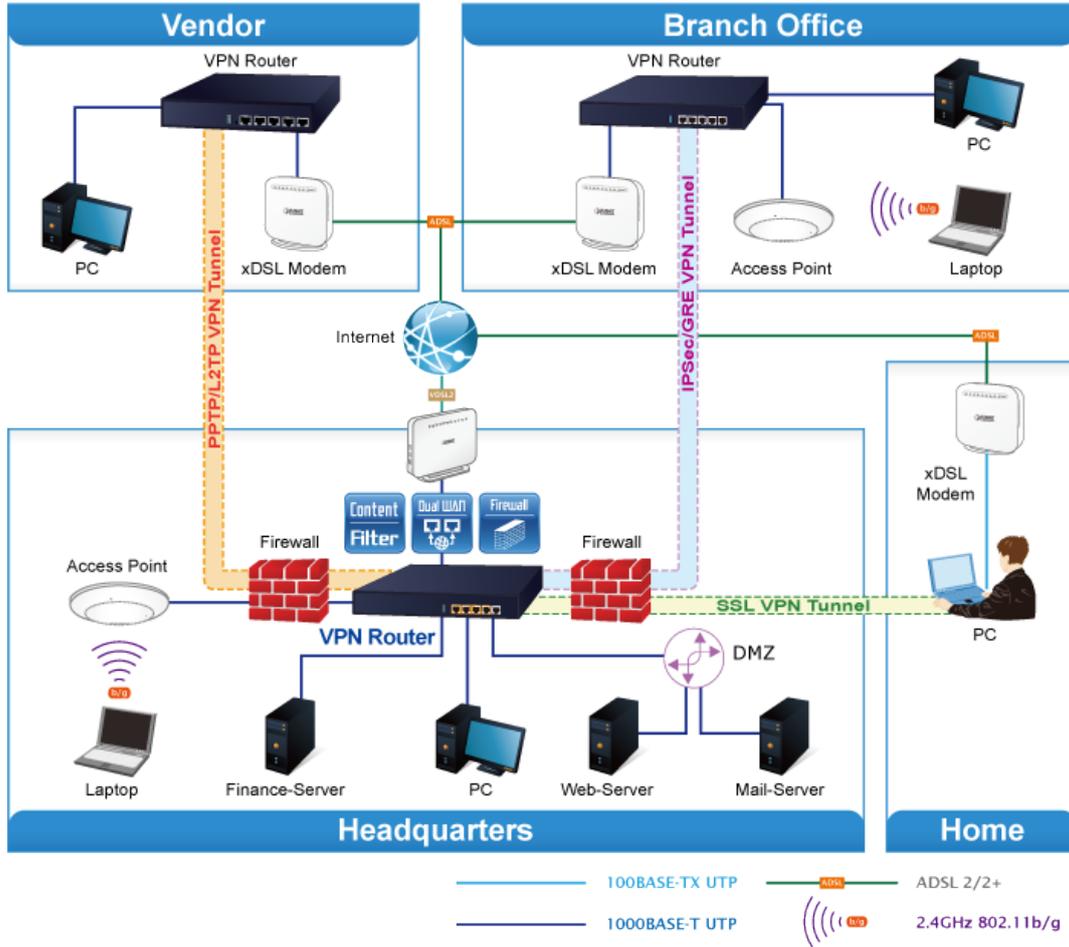
It is applicable to the small-scale sector (from 60 to 100 people), using a 13-inch desktop design, with five Gigabit ports (WAN/LAN). It provides higher performance with all Gigabit Ethernet interfaces which offer faster speeds for your network applications. The Gigabit user-defined interfaces flexibly fulfill the network requirement nowadays, and the High-Availability and Dual-WAN interfaces enable the VR-300 series to support outbound load balancing and WAN fail-over features.



Furthermore, the VR-300 series can connect dual IPv4/v6 WANs with up to two different ISPs and supports many popular security features including Content Filtering to block specific URL feature that can automatically resolve the IP address corresponding to all. Users' network can be easily managed by just typing the URL of the websites like Facebook, YouTube and Yahoo.



The VR-300 series has link redundancy, MAC/IP filtering, outbound load balancing, QoS and many more functions to make the entire network system better. It creates a stable and qualified VPN security connection for many important applications such as VoIP, video conferencing and data transmission. The VR-300's economical price and complete network security management features make it an inevitable choice for the next-generation office network load balancer.



## 1.4 Features

### ➤ Highlights

- Dual-WAN failover and Dual-WAN load balancing
- SSL VPN and robust hybrid VPN (IPSec/PPTP/L2TP over IPSec)
- Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) firewall and content filtering
- Blocks DoS/DDOS attack, port range forwarding
- High Availability, AP Controller, Captive Portal and RADIUS
- Compliant with the IEEE 802.3at PoE+ with PD alive check and schedule management
- Planet Universal Network Management System and CloudViewer app supported

### ➤ Hardware

- 5 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 ports
- 4 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 ports + 1 1000BASE-X mini-GBIC/SFP slot (VR-300F and VR-300FP)
- 1 undefined Ethernet port (LAN/WAN) for Dual-WAN function
- 1 USB 3.0 port for system configuration backup and restoration
- Desktop installation or rack mounting

### ➤ RF Interface Characteristics

#### VR-300W5 and VR-300PW5

- Features 2.4GHz (802.11b/g/n) and 5GHz (802.11a/n/ac) concurrent dual band for more efficiency of carrying high load of traffic
- 2T2R MIMO technology for enhanced throughput and coverage
- Provides multiple adjustable transmit power control
- High speed up to 1.2Gbps (300Mbps for 2.4GHz + 867Mbps for 5GHz) wireless data rate

#### VR-300W6A and VR-300PW6A

- Features 2.4GHz (802.11b/g/n/ax) and 5GHz (802.11a/n/ac/ax) selectable dual band for carrying high load traffic
- 4T4R MIMO technology for enhanced throughput and coverage
- Provides multiple adjustable transmit power control
- High-speed wireless data rate of up to 2.4Gbps (600Mbps for 2.4GHz or 2400Mbps for 5GHz)

#### VR-300W6 and VR-300PW6

- Features 2.4GHz (802.11b/g/n/ax) and 5GHz (802.11a/n/ac/ax) concurrent dual band for more efficiency of carrying high load of traffic
- 2T2R MIMO technology for enhanced throughput and coverage

- Provides multiple adjustable transmit power control
- High-speed wireless data rate of up to 18Gbps (600Mbps for 2.4GHz and 1200Mbps for 5GHz)

➤ **Power over Ethernet (PoE model only)**

- Complies with IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet Plus, end-span PSE
- Backward compatible with IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet
- Up to 4 ports of IEEE 802.3af / 802.3at devices powered
- Supports PoE power up to 36 watts for each PoE port
- Auto detects powered device (PD)
- Circuit protection prevents power interference between ports
- PoE management
  - Total PoE power budget control
  - Per port PoE function enable/disable
  - PoE port power feeding priority
  - Per PoE port power limitation
  - PD classification detection
  - PD alive check
  - PoE schedule

➤ **IP Routing Feature**

- Static Route
- Dynamic Route
- OSPF

➤ **Firewall Security**

- Cybersecurity
- Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) firewall
- Blocks DoS/DDoS attack
- Content Filtering
- MAC Filtering and IP Filtering
- NAT ALGs (Application Layer Gateway)
- Blocks SYN/ICMP Flooding

➤ **VPN Features**

- IPSec/Remote Server (Net-to-Net, Host-to-Net), GRE, PPTP Server, L2TP Server, SSL Server/Client (Open VPN)
- Max. Connection Tunnel Entries: 60 VPN tunnels,
- Encryption methods: DES, 3DES, AES, AES-128/192/256
- Authentication methods: MD5, SHA-1, SHA-256, SHA-384, SHA-512

➤ **Networking**

- Outbound load balancing
- Failover for dual-WAN
- Static IP/DHCP client for WAN
- Protocols: TCP/IP, UDP, ARP, IPv4, IPv6
- Port forwarding
- DMZ
- SNMP
- DHCP server/NTP client
- MAC address clone
- DDNS: PLANET DDNS, PLANET Easy DDNS, DynDNS and No-IP
- Cybersecurity

➤ **Others**

- Setup wizard
- Dashboard for real-time system overview
- Supported access by HTTP or HTTPS
- Auto reboot
- PLANET Smart Discovery utility/UNI-NMS supported

## 1.5 Product Specifications

### VR-300

<b>Product</b>	Enterprise 5-Port 10/100/1000T VPN Security Router
<b>Hardware Specifications</b>	
<b>Ethernet</b>	5 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 Ethernet ports including 3 LAN ports (Port-1 to Port-3) 1 LAN/WAN port (Port-4) 1 WAN port (Port-5)
<b>USB Port</b>	1 USB 3.0 port for system configuration backup and restoration
<b>Reset Button</b>	Reset to factory default
<b>Thermal Fan</b>	Fanless
<b>LED Indicators</b>	PWR (Green) Internet (Green) LAN/WAN (Green)
<b>Installation</b>	Desktop installation or rack mounting
<b>Power Requirements</b>	100~240V AC, 50/60Hz, auto-sensing
<b>Power Consumption</b>	Max.13W
<b>Weight</b>	1.4kg
<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	330 x 155 x 43.5 mm
<b>Enclosure</b>	Metal
<b>Security Service</b>	
<b>Firewall Security</b>	Cybersecurity Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) DoS/DDoS Attack Defense
<b>ALG (Application Layer Gateway)</b>	SIP, RTSP, FTP, H.323, TFTP
<b>NAT</b>	Port forwarding DMZ Host UPnP
<b>Content Filtering</b>	MAC filtering IP filtering Web filtering
<b>Bandwidth Management</b>	Outbound load balancing Failover for dual-WAN QoS (Quality of Service)
<b>Networking</b>	
<b>Operation Mode</b>	Routing mode
<b>Routing Protocol</b>	Static Route, Dynamic Route (RIP), OSPF
<b>VLAN</b>	802.1q Tag-based, Port-based, Multi-VLAN
<b>Multicast</b>	IGMP Proxy
<b>NAT Throughput</b>	Max. 900Mbps
<b>Outbound Load Balancing</b>	Supported algorithms: Weight
<b>Protocol</b>	IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, UDP, ARP, HTTP, HTTPS, NTP, DNS, PLANET DDNS, PLANET Easy DDNS, DHCP, , PPPoE, SNMPv1/v2c/v3,
<b>Key Features</b>	HA (High Availability) Captive Portal RADIUS Server/Client AP Control SD-WAN* <i>*Note: The feature will be available via firmware upgrade.</i>
<b>VPN</b>	
<b>VPN Function</b>	IPSec/Remote Server (Net-to-Net, Host-to-Net), GRE, PPTP Server,

	L2TP Server, SSL Server/Client (Open VPN)
<b>VPN Tunnels</b>	Max. 60
<b>VPN Throughput</b>	Max. 60Mbps
<b>Encryption Methods</b>	DES, 3DES, AES or AES-128/192/256 encrypting
<b>Authentication Methods</b>	MD5/SHA-1/SHA-256/SHA-384/SHA-512 authentication algorithm
<b>Management</b>	
<b>Basic Management Interfaces</b>	Web browser SNMP v1, v2c PLANET Smart Discovery utility/UNI-NMS supported
<b>Secure Management Interfaces</b>	SSHv2, TLSv1.2, SNMP v3
<b>System Log</b>	System Event Log
<b>Others</b>	Setup wizard Dashboard System Status/Service Statistics Connections Status Auto reboot Diagnostics
<b>Standards Conformance</b>	
<b>Regulatory Compliance</b>	CE, FCC
<b>Environment Specifications</b>	
<b>Operating</b>	Temperature: 0 ~ 50 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)
<b>Storage</b>	Temperature: -10 ~ 60 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)

### VR-300P

<b>Product</b>	Enterprise 4-Port 10/100/1000T 802.3at PoE + 1-Port 10/100/1000T VPN Security Router
<b>Hardware Specifications</b>	
<b>Ethernet</b>	5 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 Ethernet ports including 3 LAN ports (Port-1 to Port-3) 1 LAN/WAN port (Port-4) 1 WAN port (Port-5)
<b>USB Port</b>	1 USB 3.0 port for system configuration backup and restoration
<b>Reset Button</b>	Reset to factory default
<b>Thermal Fan</b>	1
<b>LED Indicators</b>	PWR (Green) Internet (Green) LAN/WAN (Green) PoE-in-Use LED (Amber)
<b>Installation</b>	Desktop installation or rack mounting
<b>Power Requirements</b>	100~240V AC, 50/60Hz, auto-sensing
<b>Power Consumption / Dissipation</b>	Max.121 watts
<b>Weight</b>	1.6kg
<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	330 x 155 x 43.5 mm, 1U height
<b>Enclosure</b>	Metal
<b>Power over Ethernet</b>	
<b>PoE Standard</b>	IEEE 802.3af / 802.3at PoE+ PSE
<b>PoE Power Supply Type</b>	End-span
<b>PoE Power Output</b>	Per port 52V DC, 36 watts (max.)

<b>Power Pin Assignment</b>	1/2 (+), 3/6 (-)
<b>PoE Power Budget</b>	120 watts (max.) @ 25 degrees C 100 watts (max.) @ 50 degrees C
<b>Max. Number of Class 4 PDs</b>	4
<b>PoE Management</b>	PD Alive Check Scheduled Power Recycling PoE Schedule PoE Usage Monitoring
<b>Security Service</b>	
<b>Firewall Security</b>	Cybersecurity Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) Blocks DoS/DDoS attack
<b>ALG (Application Layer Gateway)</b>	SIP, RTSP, FTP, H.323, TFTP
<b>NAT</b>	Port forwarding DMZ Host UPnP
<b>Content Filtering</b>	MAC filtering IP filtering Web filtering
<b>Bandwidth Management</b>	Outbound load balancing Failover for dual-WAN QoS (Quality of Service)
<b>Networking</b>	
<b>Operation Mode</b>	Routing mode
<b>Routing Protocol</b>	Static Route, Dynamic Route (RIP), OSPF
<b>VLAN</b>	802.1q Tag-based, Port-based, Multi-VLAN
<b>Multicast</b>	IGMP Proxy
<b>NAT Throughput</b>	Max. 900Mbps
<b>Outbound Load Balancing</b>	Supported algorithms: Weight
<b>Protocol</b>	IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, UDP, ARP, HTTP, HTTPS, NTP, DNS, PLANET DDNS, PLANET Easy DDNS, DHCP, , PPPoE, SNMPv1/v2c/v3,
<b>Key Features</b>	HA (High Availability) Captive Portal RADIUS Server/Client AP Control SD-WAN* <i>*Note: The feature will be available via firmware upgrade.</i>
<b>VPN</b>	
<b>VPN Function</b>	IPSec/Remote Server (Net-to-Net, Host-to-Net), GRE, PPTP Server, L2TP Server, SSL Server/Client (Open VPN)
<b>VPN Tunnels</b>	Max. 60
<b>VPN Throughput</b>	Max. 60Mbps
<b>Encryption Methods</b>	DES, 3DES, AES or AES-128/192/256 encrypting
<b>Authentication Methods</b>	MD5/SHA-1/SOA-256/SOA-384/SOA-512 authentication algorithm
<b>Management</b>	
<b>Basic Management Interfaces</b>	Web browser SNMP v1, v2c PLANET Smart Discovery utility/UNI-NMS supported
<b>Secure Management Interfaces</b>	SSHv2, TLSv1.2, SNMP v3
<b>System Log</b>	System Event Log
<b>Others</b>	Setup wizard Dashboard System Status/Service Statistics Connections Status

	Auto reboot Diagnostics
<b>Standards Conformance</b>	
<b>Regulatory Compliance</b>	CE, FCC
<b>Environment Specifications</b>	
<b>Operating</b>	Temperature: 0 ~ 50 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)
<b>Storage</b>	Temperature: -10 ~ 60 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)

**VR-300F**

<b>Product</b>	Enterprise 4-Port 10/100/1000T + 1-Port 1000X SFP VPN Security Router
<b>Hardware Specifications</b>	
<b>Ethernet</b>	4 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 Ethernet ports including 1 1000BASE-X mini-GBIC/SFP slot 3 LAN ports (Port-1 to Port-3) 1 LAN/WAN port (Port-4) 1 WAN port (Port-5)
<b>USB Port</b>	1 USB 3.0 port for system configuration backup and restoration
<b>Reset Button</b>	Reset to factory default
<b>Thermal Fan</b>	Fanless
<b>LED Indicators</b>	PWR (Green) Internet (Green) LAN/WAN (Green)
<b>Installation</b>	Desktop installation or rack mounting
<b>Power Requirements</b>	100-240V AC, 1A max.
<b>Power Consumption</b>	Max.3.7W
<b>Weight</b>	1.3kg
<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	330 x 155 x 43.5 mm
<b>Enclosure</b>	Metal
<b>Security Service</b>	
<b>Firewall Security</b>	Cybersecurity Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) DoS/DDoS Attack Defense
<b>ALG (Application Layer Gateway)</b>	SIP, RTSP, FTP, H.323, TFTP
<b>NAT</b>	Port forwarding DMZ Host UPnP
<b>Content Filtering</b>	MAC filtering IP filtering Web filtering
<b>Bandwidth Management</b>	Outbound load balancing Failover for dual-WAN QoS (Quality of Service)
<b>Networking</b>	
<b>Operation Mode</b>	Routing mode
<b>Routing Protocol</b>	Static Route, Dynamic Route (RIP), OSPF
<b>VLAN</b>	802.1q Tag-based, Port-based, Multi-VLAN
<b>Multicast</b>	IGMP Proxy
<b>NAT Throughput</b>	Max. 900Mbps
<b>Outbound Load Balancing</b>	Supported algorithms: Weight
<b>Protocol</b>	IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, UDP, ARP, HTTP, HTTPS, NTP, DNS, PLANET DDNS, PLANET Easy DDNS, DHCP, , PPPoE, SNMPv1/v2c/v3,
<b>Key Features</b>	HA (High Availability) Captive Portal RADIUS Server/Client AP Control SD-WAN* <i>*Note: The feature will be available via firmware upgrade.</i>
<b>VPN</b>	
<b>VPN Function</b>	IPSec/Remote Server (Net-to-Net, Host-to-Net), GRE, PPTP Server, L2TP Server, SSL Server/Client (Open VPN)

<b>VPN Tunnels</b>	Max. 60
<b>VPN Throughput</b>	Max. 60Mbps
<b>Encryption Methods</b>	DES, 3DES, AES or AES-128/192/256 encrypting
<b>Authentication Methods</b>	MD5/SHA-1/SHA-256/SHA-384/SHA-512 authentication algorithm
<b>Management</b>	
<b>Basic Management Interfaces</b>	Web browser SNMP v1, v2c PLANET Smart Discovery utility/UNI-NMS supported
<b>Secure Management Interfaces</b>	SSHv2, TLSv1.2, SNMP v3
<b>System Log</b>	System Event Log
<b>Others</b>	Setup wizard Dashboard System Status/Service Statistics Connections Status Auto reboot Diagnostics
<b>Standards Conformance</b>	
<b>Regulatory Compliance</b>	CE, FCC
<b>Environment Specifications</b>	
<b>Operating</b>	Temperature: 0 ~ 50 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)
<b>Storage</b>	Temperature: -10 ~ 60 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)

### VR-300FP

<b>Product</b>	Enterprise 4-Port 10/100/1000T 802.3at PoE + 1-Port 1000X SFP VPN Security Router
<b>Hardware Specifications</b>	
<b>Ethernet</b>	4 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 Ethernet ports including 1 1000BASE-X mini-GBIC/SFP slot 3 LAN ports (Port-1 to Port-3) 1 LAN/WAN port (Port-4) 1 WAN port (Port-5)
<b>USB Port</b>	1 USB 3.0 port for system configuration backup and restoration
<b>Reset Button</b>	Reset to factory default
<b>Thermal Fan</b>	1
<b>LED Indicators</b>	PWR (Green) Internet (Green) LAN/WAN (Green) PoE-in-Use LED (Amber)
<b>Installation</b>	Desktop installation or rack mounting
<b>Power Requirements</b>	100~240V AC, 50/60Hz, auto-sensing
<b>Power Consumption / Dissipation</b>	Max.132 watts
<b>Weight</b>	1.5kg
<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	330 x 155 x 43.5 mm, 1U height
<b>Enclosure</b>	Metal
<b>Power over Ethernet</b>	
<b>PoE Standard</b>	IEEE 802.3af / 802.3at PoE+ PSE
<b>PoE Power Supply Type</b>	End-span
<b>PoE Power Output</b>	Per port 52V DC, 36 watts (max.)

<b>Power Pin Assignment</b>	1/2 (+), 3/6 (-)
<b>PoE Power Budget</b>	120 watts (max.) @ 25 degrees C 100 watts (max.) @ 50 degrees C
<b>Max. Number of Class 4 PDs</b>	4
<b>PoE Management</b>	PD Alive Check Scheduled Power Recycling PoE Schedule PoE Usage Monitoring
<b>Security Service</b>	
<b>Firewall Security</b>	Cybersecurity Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) Blocks DoS/DDoS attack
<b>ALG (Application Layer Gateway)</b>	SIP, RTSP, FTP, H.323, TFTP
<b>NAT</b>	Port forwarding DMZ Host UPnP
<b>Content Filtering</b>	MAC filtering IP filtering Web filtering
<b>Bandwidth Management</b>	Outbound load balancing Failover for dual-WAN QoS (Quality of Service)
<b>Networking</b>	
<b>Operation Mode</b>	Routing mode
<b>Routing Protocol</b>	Static Route, Dynamic Route (RIP), OSPF
<b>VLAN</b>	802.1q Tag-based, Port-based, Multi-VLAN
<b>Multicast</b>	IGMP Proxy
<b>NAT Throughput</b>	Max. 900Mbps
<b>Outbound Load Balancing</b>	Supported algorithms: Weight
<b>Protocol</b>	IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, UDP, ARP, HTTP, HTTPS, NTP, DNS, PLANET DDNS, PLANET Easy DDNS, DHCP, , PPPoE, SNMPv1/v2c/v3,
<b>Key Features</b>	HA (High Availability) Captive Portal RADIUS Server/Client AP Control SD-WAN* <i>*Note: The feature will be available via firmware upgrade.</i>
<b>VPN</b>	
<b>VPN Function</b>	IPSec/Remote Server (Net-to-Net, Host-to-Net), GRE, PPTP Server, L2TP Server, SSL Server/Client (Open VPN)
<b>VPN Tunnels</b>	Max. 60
<b>VPN Throughput</b>	Max. 60Mbps
<b>Encryption Methods</b>	DES, 3DES, AES or AES-128/192/256 encrypting
<b>Authentication Methods</b>	MD5/SHA-1/SHA-256/SHA-384/SHA-512 authentication algorithm
<b>Management</b>	
<b>Basic Management Interfaces</b>	Web browser SNMP v1, v2c PLANET Smart Discovery utility/UNI-NMS supported
<b>Secure Management Interfaces</b>	SSHv2, TLSv1.2, SNMP v3
<b>System Log</b>	System Event Log
<b>Others</b>	Setup wizard Dashboard System Status/Service Statistics Connections Status

	Auto reboot Diagnostics
<b>Standards Conformance</b>	
<b>Regulatory Compliance</b>	CE, FCC
<b>Environment Specifications</b>	
<b>Operating</b>	Temperature: 0 ~ 50 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)
<b>Storage</b>	Temperature: -10 ~ 60 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)

**VR-300W5**

<b>Product</b>	Wi-Fi 5 AC1200 Dual Band VPN Security Router	
<b>Hardware Specifications</b>		
<b>Ethernet</b>	5 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 Ethernet ports including 3 LAN ports (Port-1 to Port-3) 1 LAN/WAN port (Port-4) 1 WAN port (Port-5)	
<b>USB Port</b>	1 USB 3.0 port for system configuration backup and restoration	
<b>Reset Button</b>	Reset to factory default	
<b>Thermal Fan</b>	Fanless	
<b>LED Indicators</b>	PWR (Green) Internet (Green) LAN/WAN (Green) 2.4G (Green) 5G (Green)	
<b>Installation</b>	Desktop installation or rack mounting	
<b>Power Requirements</b>	100~240V AC, 50/60Hz, auto-sensing	
<b>Power Consumption</b>	Max. 24W	
<b>Weight</b>	1.6kg	
<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	330 x 155 x 43.5 mm	
<b>Enclosure</b>	Metal	
<b>Wireless</b>		
<b>Standard</b>	IEEE 802.11 b/g/n 2.4 GHz IEEE 802.11 a/n/ac 5 GHz	
<b>Band Mode</b>	2.4G / 5G concurrent mode	
<b>Frequency Range</b>	2.4GHz	America FCC: 2.412~2.462GHz Europe ETSI: 2.412~2.484GHz
	5GHz	America FCC: 5.180~5.240GHz, 5.725~5.850GHz Europe ETSI: 5.180~5.240GHz
<b>Operating Channels</b>	2.4GHz	America FCC: 1~11 Europe ETSI: 1~13
	5GHz	America FCC: Non-DFS: 36, 40, 44, 48, 149,153,157,161,165 DFS: 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 132, 136, 140  Europe ETSI: Non-DFS: 36, 40, 44, 48 DFS: 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136, 140  5GHz channel list may vary in different countries according to their regulations.
<b>Channel Width</b>	802.11ac: 20/40/80MHz 802.11n: 20/40MHz	
<b>Data Transmission Rates</b>	Transmit: 300 Mbps* for 2.4 GHz and 867 Mbps* for 5 GHz Receive: 300 Mbps* for 2.4 GHz and 867 Mbps* for 5 GHz  <b>*The estimated transmission distance is based on the theory.</b>	

	<b>The actual distance may vary in different environments.</b>
<b>Transmission Power</b>	<=20dBm (2.4G frequency band: 2.400 – 2.4835 GHz) <=23dBm (5G frequency band: 5.150 – 5.350 GHz)
<b>Encryption Security</b>	WEP (64/128-bit) encryption security WPA / WPA2 (TKIP/AES) WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK (TKIP/AES) 802.1x Authenticator
<b>Wireless Advanced</b>	Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) Auto channel selection Wireless output power management MAC address filtering
<b>Security Service</b>	
<b>Firewall Security</b>	Cybersecurity Stateful packet inspection (SPI) DoS/DDoS attack defense
<b>ALG (Application Layer Gateway)</b>	SIP, RTSP, FTP, H.323, TFTP
<b>NAT</b>	Port forwarding DMZ host UPnP
<b>Content Filtering</b>	MAC filtering IP filtering Web filtering
<b>Bandwidth Management</b>	Outbound load balancing Failover for dual-WAN QoS (Quality of Service)
<b>Networking</b>	
<b>Operation Mode</b>	Routing mode
<b>Routing Protocol</b>	Static Route, Dynamic Route (RIP), OSPF
<b>VLAN</b>	802.1q Tag-based, Port-based, Multi-VLAN
<b>Multicast</b>	IGMP Proxy
<b>NAT Throughput</b>	Max. 900Mbps
<b>Outbound Load Balancing</b>	Supported algorithms: Weight
<b>Protocol</b>	IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, UDP, ARP, HTTP, HTTPS, NTP, DNS, PLANET DDNS, PLANET Easy DDNS, DHCP, , PPPoE, SNMPv1/v2c/v3,
<b>Key Features</b>	HA (High Availability) Captive Portal RADIUS Server/Client AP Control
<b>VPN</b>	
<b>VPN Function</b>	IPSec/Remote Server (Net-to-Net, Host-to-Net), GRE, PPTP Server, L2TP Server, SSL Server/Client (Open VPN)
<b>VPN Tunnels</b>	Max. 60
<b>VPN Throughput</b>	Max. 60Mbps
<b>Encryption Methods</b>	DES, 3DES, AES or AES-128/192/256 encrypting
<b>Authentication Methods</b>	MD5/SHA-1/SHA-256/SHA-384/SHA-512 authentication algorithm
<b>Management</b>	
<b>Basic Management Interfaces</b>	Web browser SNMP v1, v2c PLANET Smart Discovery utility/UNI-NMS supported Planet CloudViewer APP
<b>Secure Management Interfaces</b>	SSHv2, TLSv1.2, SNMP v3
<b>System Log</b>	System Event Log
<b>Others</b>	Setup wizard Dashboard System status/service

	Statistics Connections status Auto reboot Diagnostics
<b>Standards Conformance</b>	
<b>Regulatory Compliance</b>	CE, FCC
<b>Environment Specifications</b>	
<b>Operating</b>	Temperature: 0 ~ 50 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)
<b>Storage</b>	Temperature: -10 ~ 60 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)

### VR-300PW5

<b>Product</b>	Wi-Fi 5 AC1200 Dual Band VPN Security Router with 4-Port 802.3at PoE+
<b>Model</b>	VR-300PW5
<b>Hardware Specifications</b>	
<b>Ethernet</b>	5 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 Ethernet ports including 3 LAN ports (Port-1 to Port-3) 1 LAN/WAN port (Port-4) 1 WAN port (Port-5)
<b>USB Port</b>	1 USB 3.0 port for system configuration backup and restoration
<b>Reset Button</b>	Reset to factory default
<b>Thermal Fan</b>	1
<b>LED Indicators</b>	PWR (Green) Internet (Green) LAN/WAN (Green) 2.4G (Green) 5G (Green) PoE-in-Use LED (Amber)
<b>Installation</b>	Desktop installation or rack mounting
<b>Power Requirements</b>	100~240V AC, 50/60Hz, auto-sensing
<b>Power Consumption</b>	Max. 140W
<b>Weight</b>	1.7kg
<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	330 x 155 x 43.5 mm
<b>Enclosure</b>	Metal
<b>Power over Ethernet</b>	
<b>PoE Standard</b>	IEEE 802.3af / 802.3at PoE+ PSE
<b>PoE Power Supply Type</b>	End-span
<b>PoE Power Output</b>	Per port 52V DC, 36 watts (max.)
<b>Power Pin Assignment</b>	1/2 (+), 3/6 (-)
<b>PoE Power Budget</b>	120 watts (max.) @ 25 degrees C 100 watts (max.) @ 50 degrees C
<b>Max. Number of Class 4 PDs</b>	4

<b>PoE Management</b>	PD alive check Scheduled power recycling PoE schedule PoE usage monitoring	
<b>Wireless</b>		
<b>Standard</b>	IEEE 802.11 b/g/n 2.4 GHz IEEE 802.11 a/n/ac 5 GHz	
<b>Band Mode</b>	2.4G / 5G concurrent mode	
<b>Frequency Range</b>	2.4GHz	America FCC: 2.412~2.462GHz Europe ETSI: 2.412~2.484GHz
	5GHz	America FCC: 5.180~5.240GHz, 5.725~5.850GHz Europe ETSI: 5.180~5.240GHz
<b>Operating Channels</b>	2.4GHz	America FCC: 1~11 Europe ETSI: 1~13
	5GHz	America FCC: Non-DFS: 36, 40, 44, 48, 149,153,157,161,165 DFS: 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 132, 136, 140  Europe ETSI: Non-DFS: 36, 40, 44, 48 DFS: 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136, 140  5GHz channel list will vary in different countries according to their regulations.
<b>Channel Width</b>	802.11ac: 20/40/80MHz 802.11n: 20/40MHz	
<b>Data Transmission Rates</b>	Transmit: 300 Mbps* for 2.4 GHz and 867 Mbps* for 5 GHz Receive: 300 Mbps* for 2.4 GHz and 867 Mbps* for 5 GHz  <b>*The estimated transmission distance is based on the theory. The actual distance may vary in different environments.</b>	
<b>Transmission Power</b>	<=20dBm (2.4G frequency band: 2.400 – 2.4835 GHz) <=23dBm (5G frequency band: 5.150 – 5.350 GHz)	
<b>Encryption Security</b>	WEP (64/128-bit) encryption security WPA / WPA2 (TKIP/AES) WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK (TKIP/AES) 802.1x Authenticator	
<b>Wireless Advanced</b>	Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) Auto channel selection Wireless output power management MAC address filtering	
<b>Security Service</b>		
<b>Firewall Security</b>	Cybersecurity Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) DoS/DDoS Attack Defense	
<b>ALG (Application Layer Gateway)</b>	SIP, RTSP, FTP, H.323, TFTP	
<b>NAT</b>	Port forwarding DMZ Host UPnP	

<b>Content Filtering</b>	MAC filtering IP filtering Web filtering
<b>Bandwidth Management</b>	Outbound load balancing Failover for dual-WAN QoS (Quality of Service)
<b>Networking</b>	
<b>Operation Mode</b>	Routing mode
<b>Routing Protocol</b>	Static Route, Dynamic Route (RIP), OSPF
<b>VLAN</b>	802.1q Tag-based, Port-based, Multi-VLAN
<b>Multicast</b>	IGMP Proxy
<b>NAT Throughput</b>	Max. 900Mbps
<b>Outbound Load Balancing</b>	Supported algorithms: Weight
<b>Protocol</b>	IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, UDP, ARP, HTTP, HTTPS, NTP, DNS, PLANET DDNS, PLANET Easy DDNS, DHCP, , PPPoE, SNMPv1/v2c/v3,
<b>Key Features</b>	HA (High Availability) Captive Portal RADIUS Server/Client AP Control
<b>VPN</b>	
<b>VPN Function</b>	IPSec/Remote Server (Net-to-Net, Host-to-Net), GRE, PPTP Server, L2TP Server, SSL Server/Client (Open VPN)
<b>VPN Tunnels</b>	Max. 60
<b>VPN Throughput</b>	Max. 60Mbps
<b>Encryption Methods</b>	DES, 3DES, AES or AES-128/192/256 encrypting
<b>Authentication Methods</b>	MD5/SHA-1/SHA-256/SHA-384/SHA-512 authentication algorithm
<b>Management</b>	
<b>Basic Management Interfaces</b>	Web browser SNMP v1, v2c PLANET Smart Discovery utility/UNI-NMS supported Planet CloudViewer APP
<b>Secure Management Interfaces</b>	SSHv2, TLSv1.2, SNMP v3
<b>System Log</b>	System Event Log
<b>Others</b>	Setup wizard Dashboard System Status/Service Statistics Connections Status Auto reboot Diagnostics
<b>Standards Conformance</b>	
<b>Regulatory Compliance</b>	CE, FCC
<b>Environment Specifications</b>	
<b>Operating</b>	Temperature: 0 ~ 50 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)
<b>Storage</b>	Temperature: -10 ~ 60 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)



**VR-300W6A**

<b>Product</b>	Wi-Fi 6 AX2400 2.4GHz/5GHz VPN Security Router	
<b>Model</b>	VR-300W6A	
<b>Hardware Specifications</b>		
<b>Ethernet</b>	5 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 Ethernet ports including 3 LAN ports (Port-1 to Port-3) 1 LAN/WAN port (Port-4) 1 WAN port (Port-5)	
<b>USB Port</b>	1 USB 3.0 port for system configuration backup and restoration	
<b>Reset Button</b>	Reset to factory default	
<b>Fanless</b>	Yes	
<b>Installation</b>	Desktop installation or rack mounting	
<b>Power Requirements</b>	100~240V AC, 50/60Hz, auto-sensing	
<b>Power Consumption</b>	Max.26 watts	
<b>Weight</b>	1.5kg	
<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	330 x 155 x 43.5 mm	
<b>Enclosure</b>	Metal	
<b>LED Indicators</b>	PWR (Green) Internet (Green) LAN/WAN (Green) 2.4G (Green) 5G (Green)	
<b>Wireless</b>		
<b>Standard</b>	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac/ax 5GHz IEEE 802.11g/b/n/ax 2.4GHz	
<b>Band Mode</b>	2.4G / 5G selectable mode	
<b>Frequency Range</b>	2.4GHz	America FCC: 2.412~2.462GHz Europe ETSI: 2.412GHz~2.472GHz
	5GHz	America FCC: 5.180~5.240GHz, 5.745~5.825GHz Europe ETSI: 5.180~5.700GHz
<b>Operating Channels</b>	2.4GHz	America FCC: 1~11 Europe ETSI: 1~13
	5GHz	America FCC: Non-DFS: 36, 40, 44, 48, 149,153,157,161,165 DFS: 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136, 140  Europe ETSI: Non-DFS: 36, 40, 44, 48, 149,153,157,161,165 DFS: 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136, 140  5GHz channel list may vary in different countries according to their regulations.
<b>Channel Width</b>	20MHz, 40MHz, 80MHz, 80+80 MHz	
<b>Data Transmission Rates</b>	Transmit: 600 Mbps* for 2.4 GHz or 2400 Mbps* for 5 GHz Receive: 600 Mbps* for 2.4 GHz or 2400 Mbps* for 5 GHz  <b>*The estimated transmission distance is based on the theory. The actual distance may vary in different environments.</b>	
<b>Transmission Power</b>	11b: 23dbm+/- 1.5dbm @11Mbps 11g: 20dbm+/- 1.5dbm @54Mbps 11g/n: 20dBm +/- 1.5dbm @MCS7, HT20	

	<p>17dBm@MCS7,HT40  11a: 19.5dBm +/- 1.5dbm @54Mbps  11a/n: 19.5dBm +/- 1.5dbm @MCS7, HT20  17dBm@MCS7, HT40  11ac HT20: 20+/-1.5dBm @MCS8  11ac HT40: 17+/-1.5dBm @MCS9  11ac HT80: 14.5+/-1.5dBm @MCS9  11ax HT20: 20+/-1.5dBm @MCS9  11ax HT40: 17 +/- 1.5dBm @MCS9  11ax HT80: 14.5 +/- 1.5dBm @MCS11</p>
<b>Encryption Security</b>	<p>WEP (64/128-bit) encryption security  WPA / WPA2 (TKIP/AES)  WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK (TKIP/AES) / WPA3-PSK (TKIP/AES)  802.1x Authenticator</p>
<b>Wireless Advanced</b>	<p>Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM)  Auto channel selection  Wireless output power management  MAC address filtering</p>
<b>Security Service</b>	
<b>Firewall Security</b>	<p>Cybersecurity  Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI)  DoS/DDoS Attack Defense</p>
<b>ALG (Application Layer Gateway)</b>	SIP, RTSP, FTP, H.323, TFTP
<b>NAT</b>	<p>Port forwarding  DMZ Host  UPnP</p>
<b>Content Filtering</b>	<p>MAC filtering  IP filtering  Web filtering</p>
<b>Bandwidth Management</b>	<p>Outbound load balancing  Failover for dual-WAN  QoS (Quality of Service)</p>
<b>Networking</b>	
<b>Operation Mode</b>	Routing mode
<b>Routing Protocol</b>	Static Route, Dynamic Route (RIP), OSPF
<b>VLAN</b>	802.1q Tag-based, Port-based, Multi-VLAN
<b>Multicast</b>	IGMP Proxy
<b>NAT Throughput</b>	Max. 900Mbps
<b>Outbound Load Balancing</b>	Supported algorithms: Weight
<b>Protocol</b>	IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, UDP, ARP, HTTP, HTTPS, NTP, DNS, PLANET DDNS, PLANET Easy DDNS, DHCP, , PPPoE, SNMPv1/v2c/v3,
<b>Key Features</b>	<p>HA (High Availability)  Captive Portal  RADIUS Server/Client  AP Control</p>
<b>VPN</b>	
<b>VPN Function</b>	IPSec/Remote Server (Net-to-Net, Host-to-Net), GRE, PPTP Server, L2TP Server, SSL Server/Client (Open VPN)
<b>VPN Tunnels</b>	Max. 60
<b>VPN Throughput</b>	Max. 60Mbps
<b>Encryption Methods</b>	DES, 3DES, AES or AES-128/192/256 encrypting
<b>Authentication Methods</b>	MD5/SHA-1/SHA-256/SHA-384/SHA-512 authentication algorithm
<b>Management</b>	
<b>Basic Management Interfaces</b>	<p>Web browser  SNMP v1, v2c  PLANET Smart Discovery utility/UNI-NMS supported</p>

	Planet CloudViewer APP
<b>Secure Management Interfaces</b>	SSHv2, TLSv1.2, SNMP v3
<b>System Log</b>	System Event Log
<b>Others</b>	Setup wizard Dashboard System Status/Service Statistics Connections Status Auto reboot Diagnostics
<b>Standards Conformance</b>	
<b>Regulatory Compliance</b>	CE, FCC
<b>Environment Specifications</b>	
<b>Operating</b>	Temperature: 0 ~ 50 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)
<b>Storage</b>	Temperature: -10 ~ 60 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)

### VR-300PW6A

<b>Product</b>	Wi-Fi 6 AX2400 2.4GHz/5GHz VPN Security Router with 4-Port 802.3at PoE+
<b>Hardware Specifications</b>	
<b>Ethernet</b>	5 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 Ethernet ports including 3 LAN ports (Port-1 to Port-3) 1 LAN/WAN port (Port-4) 1 WAN port (Port-5)
<b>USB Port</b>	1 USB 3.0 port for system configuration backup and restoration
<b>Reset Button</b>	Reset to factory default
<b>Thermal Fan</b>	1
<b>LED Indicators</b>	PWR (Green) Internet (Green) LAN/WAN (Green) 2.4G (Green) 5G (Green) PoE-in-Use LED (Amber)
<b>Installation</b>	Desktop installation or rack mounting
<b>Power Requirements</b>	100~240V AC, 50/60Hz, auto-sensing
<b>Power Consumption</b>	Max.145 watts
<b>Weight</b>	1.7kg
<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	330 x 155 x 43.5 mm
<b>Enclosure</b>	Metal
<b>Power over Ethernet</b>	
<b>PoE Standard</b>	IEEE 802.3af / 802.3at PoE+ PSE
<b>PoE Power Supply Type</b>	End-span
<b>PoE Power Output</b>	Per port 52V DC, 36 watts (max.)
<b>Power Pin Assignment</b>	1/2 (+), 3/6 (-)
<b>PoE Power Budget</b>	120 watts (max.) @ 25 degrees C 100 watts (max.) @ 50 degrees C
<b>Max. Number of Class 4 PDs</b>	4
<b>PoE Management</b>	PD alive check Scheduled power recycling PoE schedule PoE usage monitoring

Wireless	
<b>Standard</b>	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac/ax 5GHz IEEE 802.11g/b/n/ax 2.4GHz
<b>Band Mode</b>	2.4G / 5G selectable mode
<b>Frequency Range</b>	2.4GHz America FCC: 2.412~2.462GHz Europe ETSI: 2.412GHz~2.472GHz
	5GHz America FCC: 5.180~5.240GHz, 5.745~5.825GHz Europe ETSI: 5.180~5.700GHz
<b>Operating Channels</b>	2.4GHz America FCC: 1~11 Europe ETSI: 1~13
	5GHz America FCC: Non-DFS: 36, 40, 44, 48, 149,153,157,161,165 DFS: 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136, 140  Europe ETSI: Non-DFS: 36, 40, 44, 48, 149,153,157,161,165 DFS: 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136, 140  5GHz channel list may vary in different countries according to their regulations.
<b>Channel Width</b>	20MHz, 40MHz, 80MHz, 80+80 MHz
<b>Data Transmission Rates</b>	Transmit: 600 Mbps* for 2.4 GHz or 2400 Mbps* for 5 GHz Receive: 600 Mbps* for 2.4 GHz or 2400 Mbps* for 5 GHz  *The estimated transmission distance is based on the theory. The actual distance may vary in different environments.
<b>Transmission Power</b>	11b: 23dbm+/- 1.5dbm @11Mbps 11g: 20dbm+/- 1.5dbm @54Mbps 11g/n: 20dBm +/- 1.5dbm @MCS7, HT20 17dBm@MCS7,HT40 11a: 19.5dBm +/- 1.5dbm @54Mbps 11a/n: 19.5dBm+/- 1.5dbm @MCS7, HT20 17dBm@MCS7, HT40 11ac HT20: 20+/-1.5dBm @MCS8 11ac HT40: 17+/-1.5dBm @MCS9 11ac HT80: 14.5+/-1.5dBm @MCS9 11ax HT20: 20+/-1.5dBm @MCS9 11ax HT40: 17 +/- 1.5dBm @MCS9 11ax HT80: 14.5 +/- 1.5dBm @MCS11
<b>Encryption Security</b>	WEP (64/128-bit) encryption security WPA / WPA2 (TKIP/AES) WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK (TKIP/AES) / WPA3-PSK (TKIP/AES) 802.1x Authenticator
<b>Wireless Advanced</b>	Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) Auto channel selection Wireless output power management MAC address filtering
Security Service	
<b>Firewall Security</b>	Cybersecurity Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) DoS/DDoS Attack Defense
<b>ALG (Application Layer Gateway)</b>	SIP, RTSP, FTP, H.323, TFTP
<b>NAT</b>	Port forwarding DMZ Host

	UPnP
<b>Content Filtering</b>	MAC filtering IP filtering Web filtering
<b>Bandwidth Management</b>	Outbound load balancing Failover for dual-WAN QoS (Quality of Service)
<b>Networking</b>	
<b>Operation Mode</b>	Routing mode
<b>Routing Protocol</b>	Static Route, Dynamic Route (RIP), OSPF
<b>VLAN</b>	802.1q Tag-based, Port-based, Multi-VLAN
<b>Multicast</b>	IGMP Proxy
<b>NAT Throughput</b>	Max. 900Mbps
<b>Outbound Load Balancing</b>	Supported algorithms: Weight
<b>Protocol</b>	IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, UDP, ARP, HTTP, HTTPS, NTP, DNS, PLANET DDNS, PLANET Easy DDNS, DHCP, , PPPoE, SNMPv1/v2c/v3,
<b>Key Features</b>	HA (High Availability) Captive Portal RADIUS Server/Client AP Control
<b>VPN</b>	
<b>VPN Function</b>	IPSec/Remote Server (Net-to-Net, Host-to-Net), GRE, PPTP Server, L2TP Server, SSL Server/Client (Open VPN)
<b>VPN Tunnels</b>	Max. 60
<b>VPN Throughput</b>	Max. 60Mbps
<b>Encryption Methods</b>	DES, 3DES, AES or AES-128/192/256 encrypting
<b>Authentication Methods</b>	MD5/SHA-1/SHA-256/SHA-384/SHA-512 authentication algorithm
<b>Management</b>	
<b>Basic Management Interfaces</b>	Web browser SNMP v1, v2c PLANET Smart Discovery utility/UNI-NMS supported Planet CloudViewer APP
<b>Secure Management Interfaces</b>	SSHv2, TLSv1.2, SNMP v3
<b>System Log</b>	System Event Log
<b>Others</b>	Setup wizard Dashboard System Status/Service Statistics Connections Status Auto reboot Diagnostics
<b>Standards Conformance</b>	
<b>Regulatory Compliance</b>	CE, FCC
<b>Environment Specifications</b>	
<b>Operating</b>	Temperature: 0 ~ 50 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)
<b>Storage</b>	Temperature: -10 ~ 60 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)

**VR-300W6**

<b>Product</b>	Wi-Fi 6 AC1800 Dual Band VPN Security Router	
<b>Hardware Specifications</b>		
<b>Ethernet</b>	5 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 Ethernet ports including 3 LAN ports (Port-1 to Port-3) 1 LAN/WAN port (Port-4) 1 WAN port (Port-5)	
<b>USB Port</b>	1 USB 3.0 port for system configuration backup and restoration	
<b>Reset Button</b>	Reset to factory default	
<b>Thermal Fan</b>	Fanless	
<b>LED Indicators</b>	PWR (Green) Internet (Green) LAN/WAN (Green) 2.4G (Green) 5G (Green)	
<b>Installation</b>	Desktop installation or rack mounting	
<b>Power Requirements</b>	100~240V AC, 50/60Hz, auto-sensing	
<b>Power Consumption</b>	Max. 8W	
<b>Weight</b>	1.7kg	
<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	330 x 155 x 43.5 mm	
<b>Enclosure</b>	Metal	
<b>Wireless</b>		
<b>Standard</b>	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac/ax 5GHz IEEE 802.11g/b/n/ax 2.4GHz	
<b>Band Mode</b>	2.4G / 5G concurrent mode	
<b>Frequency Range</b>	2.4GHz	America FCC: 2.412~2.462GHz Europe ETSI: 2.412GHz~2.472GHz
	5GHz	5.15GHz ~5.875GHz
<b>Operating Channels</b>	2.4GHz	America FCC: 1~11 Europe ETSI: 1~13
	5GHz	America FCC: Non-DFS: 36, 40, 44, 48, 149,153,157,161,165 DFS: 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 132, 136, 140  Europe ETSI: Non-DFS: 36, 40, 44, 48 DFS: 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136, 140  5GHz channel list will vary in different countries according to their regulations.
<b>Channel Width</b>	20MHz, 40MHz, 80MHz	
<b>Data Transmission Rates</b>	Transmit: 600 Mbps* for 2.4 GHz and 1200 Mbps* for 5 GHz Receive: 600 Mbps* for 2.4 GHz and 1200 Mbps* for 5 GHz  *The estimated transmission distance is based on the theory. The actual distance will vary in different environments.	
<b>Transmission Power</b>	11b: 23dbm+/- 1.5dbm @11Mbps	

	<p>11g: 20dbm+/- 1.5dbm @54Mbps  11g/n: 20dBm +/- 1.5dbm @MCS7, HT20  17dBm@MCS7,HT40  11a: 19.5dBm +/- 1.5dbm @54Mbps  11a/n: 19.5dBm+/- 1.5dbm @MCS7, HT20  17dBm@MCS7, HT40  11ac HT20: 20+/-1.5dBm @MCS8  11ac HT40: 17+/-1.5dBm @MCS9  11ac HT80: 14.5+/-1.5dBm @MCS9  11ax HT20: 20+/-1.5dBm @MCS9  11ax HT40: 17 +/- 1.5dBm @MCS9  11ax HT80: 14.5 +/- 1.5dBm @MCS11</p>
<b>Encryption Security</b>	<p>WEP (64/128-bit) encryption security  WPA / WPA2 (TKIP/AES)  WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK (TKIP/AES) / WPA3-PSK (TKIP/AES)  802.1x Authenticator</p>
<b>Wireless Advanced</b>	<p>Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM)  Auto channel selection  Wireless output power management  MAC address filtering</p>
<b>Security Service</b>	
<b>Firewall Security</b>	<p>Cybersecurity  Stateful packet inspection (SPI)  DoS/DDoS attack defense</p>
<b>ALG (Application Layer Gateway)</b>	SIP, RTSP, FTP, H.323, TFTP
<b>NAT</b>	<p>Port forwarding  DMZ host  UPnP</p>
<b>Content Filtering</b>	<p>MAC filtering  IP filtering  Web filtering</p>
<b>Bandwidth Management</b>	<p>Outbound load balancing  Failover for dual-WAN  QoS (Quality of Service)</p>
<b>Networking</b>	
<b>Operation Mode</b>	Routing mode
<b>Routing Protocol</b>	Static Route, Dynamic Route (RIP), OSPF
<b>VLAN</b>	802.1q Tag-based, Port-based, Multi-VLAN
<b>Multicast</b>	IGMP Proxy
<b>NAT Throughput</b>	Max. 900Mbps
<b>Outbound Load Balancing</b>	Supported algorithms: Weight
<b>Protocol</b>	IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, UDP, ARP, HTTP, HTTPS, NTP, DNS, PLANET DDNS, PLANET Easy DDNS, DHCP, , PPPoE, SNMPv1/v2c/v3,
<b>Key Features</b>	<p>HA (High Availability)  Captive Portal  RADIUS Server/Client  AP Control</p>
<b>VPN</b>	
<b>VPN Function</b>	IPSec/Remote Server (Net-to-Net, Host-to-Net), GRE, PPTP Server, L2TP Server, SSL Server/Client (Open VPN)
<b>VPN Tunnels</b>	Max. 60
<b>VPN Throughput</b>	Max. 60Mbps
<b>Encryption Methods</b>	DES, 3DES, AES or AES-128/192/256 encrypting
<b>Authentication Methods</b>	MD5/SHA-1/SHA-256/SHA-384/SHA-512 authentication algorithm
<b>Management</b>	
<b>Basic Management Interfaces</b>	Web browser

	SNMP v1, v2c PLANET Smart Discovery utility/UNI-NMS supported Planet CloudViewer APP
<b>Secure Management Interfaces</b>	SSHv2, TLSv1.2, SNMP v3
<b>System Log</b>	System Event Log
<b>Others</b>	Setup wizard Dashboard System status/service Statistics Connections status Auto reboot Diagnostics
<b>Standards Conformance</b>	
<b>Regulatory Compliance</b>	CE, FCC
<b>Environment Specifications</b>	
<b>Operating</b>	Temperature: 0 ~ 50 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)
<b>Storage</b>	Temperature: -10 ~ 60 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)

#### VR-300PW6

<b>Product</b>	Wi-Fi 6 AC1800 Dual Band VPN Security Router with 4-Port 802.3at PoE+
<b>Hardware Specifications</b>	
<b>Ethernet</b>	5 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 Ethernet ports including 3 LAN ports (Port-1 to Port-3) 1 LAN/WAN port (Port-4) 1 WAN port (Port-5)
<b>USB Port</b>	1 USB 3.0 port for system configuration backup and restoration
<b>Reset Button</b>	Reset to factory default
<b>Thermal Fan</b>	1
<b>LED Indicators</b>	PWR (Green) Internet (Green) LAN/WAN (Green) 2.4G (Green) 5G (Green) PoE-in-Use LED (Amber)
<b>Installation</b>	Desktop installation or rack mounting
<b>Power Requirements</b>	100~240V AC, 50/60Hz, auto-sensing
<b>Power Consumption</b>	Max. 133W
<b>Weight</b>	1.7kg
<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	330 x 155 x 43.5 mm
<b>Enclosure</b>	Metal
<b>Power over Ethernet</b>	
<b>PoE Standard</b>	IEEE 802.3af / 802.3at PoE+ PSE
<b>PoE Power Supply Type</b>	End-span
<b>PoE Power Output</b>	Per port 52V DC, 36 watts (max.)
<b>Power Pin Assignment</b>	1/2 (+), 3/6 (-)
<b>PoE Power Budget</b>	120 watts (max.) @ 25 degrees C 100 watts (max.) @ 50 degrees C
<b>Max. Number of Class 4 PDs</b>	4
<b>PoE Management</b>	PD alive check Scheduled power recycling

	PoE schedule PoE usage monitoring	
<b>Wireless</b>		
<b>Standard</b>	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac/ax 5GHz IEEE 802.11g/b/n/ax 2.4GHz	
<b>Band Mode</b>	2.4G / 5G concurrent mode	
<b>Frequency Range</b>	2.4GHz	2.4GHz
	5GHz	5GHz
<b>Operating Channels</b>	2.4GHz	2.4GHz
	5GHz	5GHz
<b>Channel Width</b>	20MHz, 40MHz, 80MHz	
<b>Data Transmission Rates</b>	Transmit: 600 Mbps* for 2.4 GHz and 1200 Mbps* for 5 GHz Receive: 600 Mbps* for 2.4 GHz and 1200 Mbps* for 5 GHz  *The estimated transmission distance is based on the theory. The actual distance will vary in different environments.	
<b>Transmission Power</b>	11b: 23dbm+/- 1.5dbm @11Mbps 11g: 20dbm+/- 1.5dbm @54Mbps 11g/n: 20dBm +/- 1.5dbm @MCS7, HT20 17dBm@MCS7,HT40 11a: 19.5dBm +/- 1.5dbm @54Mbps 11a/n: 19.5dBm+/- 1.5dbm @MCS7, HT20 17dBm@MCS7, HT40 11ac HT20: 20+/-1.5dBm @MCS8 11ac HT40: 17+/-1.5dBm @MCS9 11ac HT80: 14.5+/-1.5dBm @MCS9 11ax HT20: 20+/-1.5dBm @MCS9 11ax HT40: 17 +/- 1.5dBm @MCS9 11ax HT80: 14.5 +/- 1.5dBm @MCS11	
<b>Encryption Security</b>	WEP (64/128-bit) encryption security WPA / WPA2 (TKIP/AES) WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK (TKIP/AES) / WPA3-PSK (TKIP/AES) 802.1x Authenticator	
<b>Wireless Advanced</b>	Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) Auto channel selection Wireless output power management MAC address filtering	
<b>Security Service</b>		
<b>Firewall Security</b>	Cybersecurity Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) DoS/DDoS Attack Defense	
<b>ALG (Application Layer Gateway)</b>	SIP, RTSP, FTP, H.323, TFTP	
<b>NAT</b>	Port forwarding DMZ Host UPnP	
<b>Content Filtering</b>	MAC filtering IP filtering Web filtering	
<b>Bandwidth Management</b>	Outbound load balancing Failover for dual-WAN QoS (Quality of Service)	
<b>Networking</b>		
<b>Operation Mode</b>	Routing mode	
<b>Routing Protocol</b>	Static Route, Dynamic Route (RIP), OSPF	
<b>VLAN</b>	802.1q Tag-based, Port-based, Multi-VLAN	
<b>Multicast</b>	IGMP Proxy	

<b>NAT Throughput</b>	Max. 900Mbps
<b>Outbound Load Balancing</b>	Supported algorithms: Weight
<b>Protocol</b>	IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, UDP, ARP, HTTP, HTTPS, NTP, DNS, PLANET DDNS, PLANET Easy DDNS, DHCP, , PPPoE, SNMPv1/v2c/v3,
<b>Key Features</b>	HA (High Availability) Captive Portal RADIUS Server/Client AP Control
<b>VPN</b>	
<b>VPN Function</b>	IPSec/Remote Server (Net-to-Net, Host-to-Net), GRE, PPTP Server, L2TP Server, SSL Server/Client (Open VPN)
<b>VPN Tunnels</b>	Max. 60
<b>VPN Throughput</b>	Max. 60Mbps
<b>Encryption Methods</b>	DES, 3DES, AES or AES-128/192/256 encrypting
<b>Authentication Methods</b>	MD5/SHA-1/SHA-256/SHA-384/SHA-512 authentication algorithm
<b>Management</b>	
<b>Basic Management Interfaces</b>	Web browser SNMP v1, v2c PLANET Smart Discovery utility/UNI-NMS supported Planet CloudViewer APP
<b>Secure Management Interfaces</b>	SSHv2, TLSv1.2, SNMP v3
<b>System Log</b>	System Event Log
<b>Others</b>	Setup wizard Dashboard System Status/Service Statistics Connections Status Auto reboot Diagnostics
<b>Standards Conformance</b>	
<b>Regulatory Compliance</b>	CE, FCC
<b>Environment Specifications</b>	
<b>Operating</b>	Temperature: 0 ~ 50 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)
<b>Storage</b>	Temperature: -10 ~ 60 degrees C Relative Humidity: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)

## Chapter 2. Hardware Introduction

### 2.1 Physical Descriptions

#### Front View



VR-300



VR-300F



VR-300W5



VR-300W6A



VR-300W6

■ LAN Per 10/100/1000Mbps PoE port (Port-1 to Port-4)

LED	Color	Function	
LNK/ACT	Green	<b>Lights:</b>	To indicate the port is running at 1000Mbps or 100Mbps or 10Mbps and successfully established
		<b>Blink:</b>	To indicate that the router is actively sending or receiving data over that port.

■ WAN Per 10/100/1000Mbps RJ45 port (Port and Port-5)

LED	Color	Function	
LNK/ACT	Green	Lights.	To indicate the port is running at 1000Mbps or 100Mbps or 10Mbps and successfully established
		Blink:	To indicate that the router is actively sending or receiving data over that port.

LED	Color	Function
PWR	Green	Lights up when the power is on.
Internet	Green	Lights up when the router connects to internet successfully.
2.4G	Green	Lights up when 2.4G Wi-Fi service is enabled
5G	Green	Lights up when 5G Wi-Fi service is enabled



VR-300P



VR-300FP



VR-300PW5



VR-300PW6A



VR-300PW6

■ LAN Per 10/100/1000Mbps PoE port (Port-1 to Port-4)

LED	Color	Function	
LNK/ACT	Green	<b>Lights:</b>	To indicate the port is running at 1000Mbps or 100Mbps or 10Mbps and successfully established
		<b>Blink:</b>	To indicate that the router is actively sending or receiving data over that port.
PoE	Orange	<b>Lights:</b>	To indicate the port is providing 48V~56VDC in-line power
		<b>Off:</b>	To indicate the connected device is not a PoE powered device (PD)

■ WAN Per 10/100/1000Mbps RJ45 port (Port-4 and Port-5)

LED	Color	Function	
LNK/ACT	Green	Lights.	To indicate the port is running at 1000Mbps or 100Mbps or 10Mbps and successfully established
		Blink:	To indicate that the router is actively sending or receiving data over that port.

LED		
PWR	Green	Lights up when the power is on.
Internet	Green	Lights up when the router connects to internet successfully.
Ports 1-5	Green	“Steady on” indicates the port is connected to other network device. “Blink” to indicate there is traffic on the port.
PoE Ports 1-4	Amber	Lights up when the port is providing 48V~56VDC in-line power
2.4G	Green	Lights up when 2.4G WiFi service is enabled
5G	Green	Lights up when 5G WiFi service is enabled

Rear View



VR-300



VR-300W5 and VR-300W6A



VR-300W6



VR-300P



VR-300PW5 and VR-300PW6A



VR-300PW6

### Interface

#### AC Power Receptacle

For compatibility with electrical outlet standard in most areas of the world, the device's power supply automatically adjusts to line power in the range of 100-240V AC and 50/60Hz.

Plug the female end of the power cord firmly into the receptacle on the rear panel of the device and the other end into an electrical outlet, and the power will be ready.

## 2.2 Hardware Installation

To install the VR-300 Series on desktop, simply follow the following steps:

**Step 1:** For wireless models, fasten the 2.4G/5G antennas to the 2.4G/5G antenna connectors. And you can bend the antennas to fit your actual needs.



**Step 2:** Place the VPN Router on desktop.

**Step 3:** Keep enough ventilation space between the VPN Router and the surrounding objects.



When choosing a location, please keep in mind the environmental restrictions should be under the specifications of the VPN router.

**Step 4:** Connect your VPN Router to hub / switch.

- A. Connect one end of a standard network cable to the LAN port (port 1) on the front panel of the VPN router.
- B. Connect the other end of the cable to the hub / switch.



The UTP Category 5e/6 network cabling with RJ45 tips is recommended.

**Step 5:** Connect your VPN Router to internet.

- A. Connect one end of a standard network cable to the WAN port (port 5) on the front panel of the VPN router.
- B. Connect the other end of the cable to the ADSL router's LAN port or an upper layer port to outer network layer.



If there is only one line connected to the outer network in your network environment, it is suggested that you use WAN port (port 5).

**Step 6:** Connect the included power cord to an AC 100-240V wall outlet. When the VPN router receives power, the Power LED should remain solid Green.

## **Chapter 3. Preparation**

Before getting into the device's web UI, user has to check the network setting and configure PC's IP address.

### **3.1 Requirements**

User is able to confirm the following items before configuration:

1. Please confirm the network is working properly; it is strongly suggested to test your network connection by connecting your computer directly to ISP.
2. Suggested operating systems: Windows 7 / 8 / 10.
3. Recommended web browsers: IE / Firefox / Chrome.

## 3.2 Setting TCP/IP on your PC

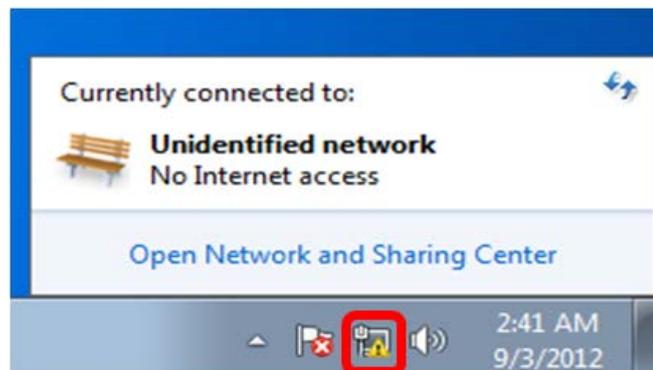
The default IP address of the VPN router is 192.168.1.1, and the DHCP Server is on. Please set the IP address of the connected PC as DHCP client, and the PC will get IP address automatically from the VPN router.

Please refer to the following to set the IP address of the connected PC.

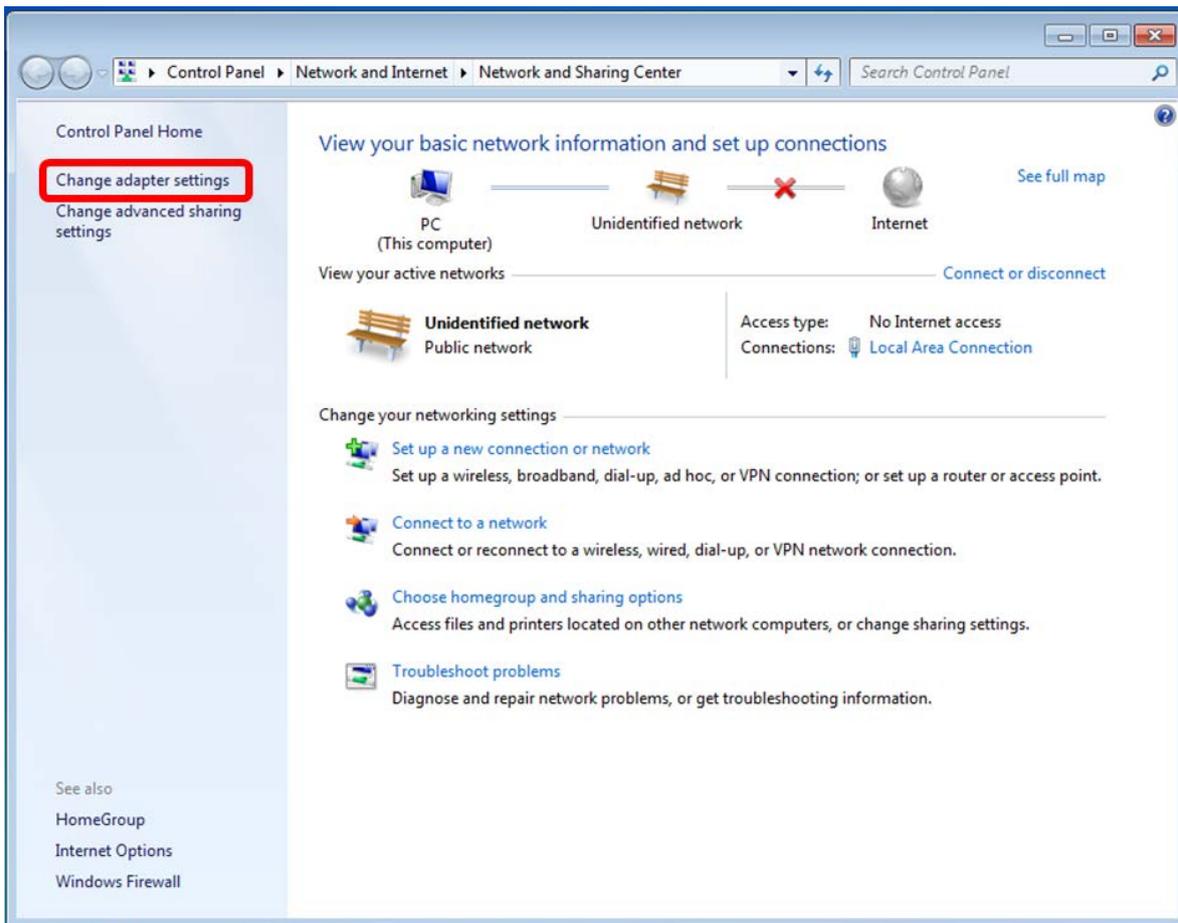
### Windows 7/8

**If you are using Windows 7/8, please refer to the following:**

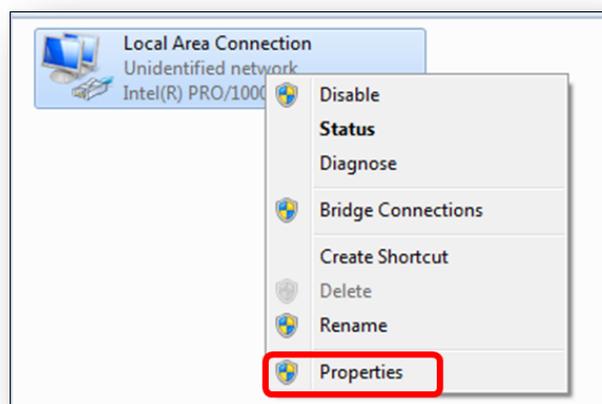
1. Click on the network icon from the right side of the taskbar and then click on “Open Network and Sharing Center”.



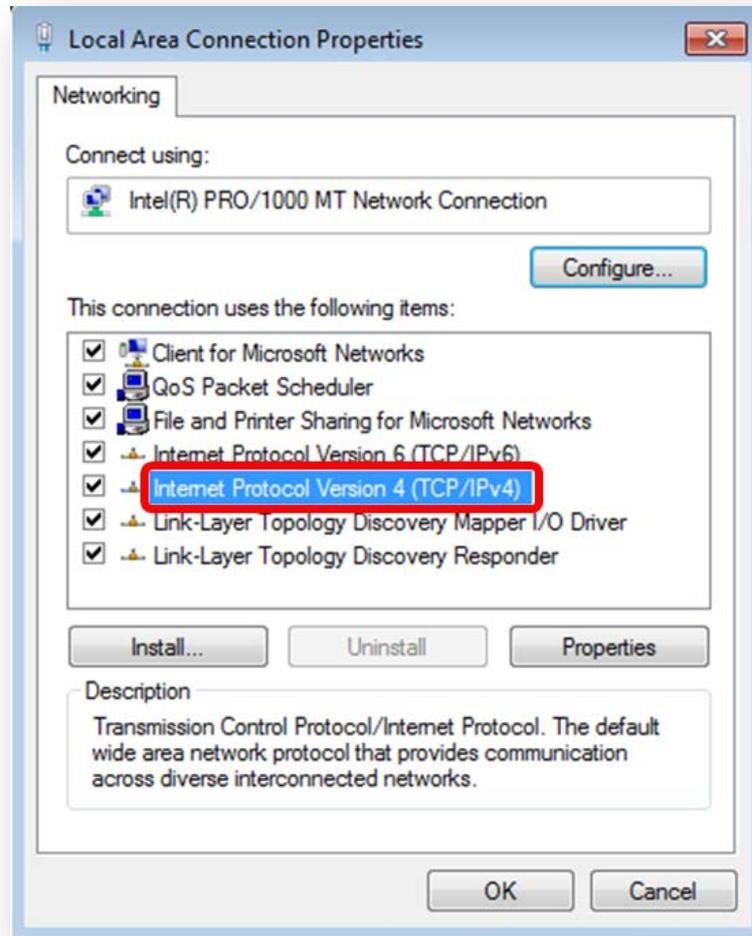
2. Click "Change adapter settings".



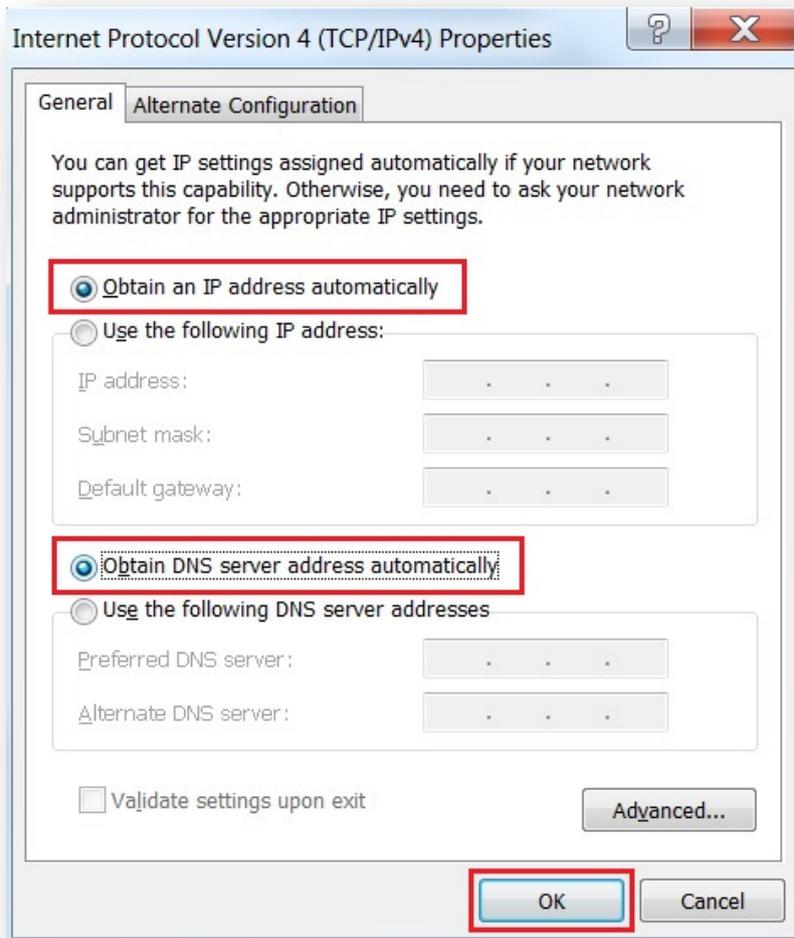
3. Right-click on the Local Area Connection and select Properties.



4. Select Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and click Properties or directly double-click on Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4).



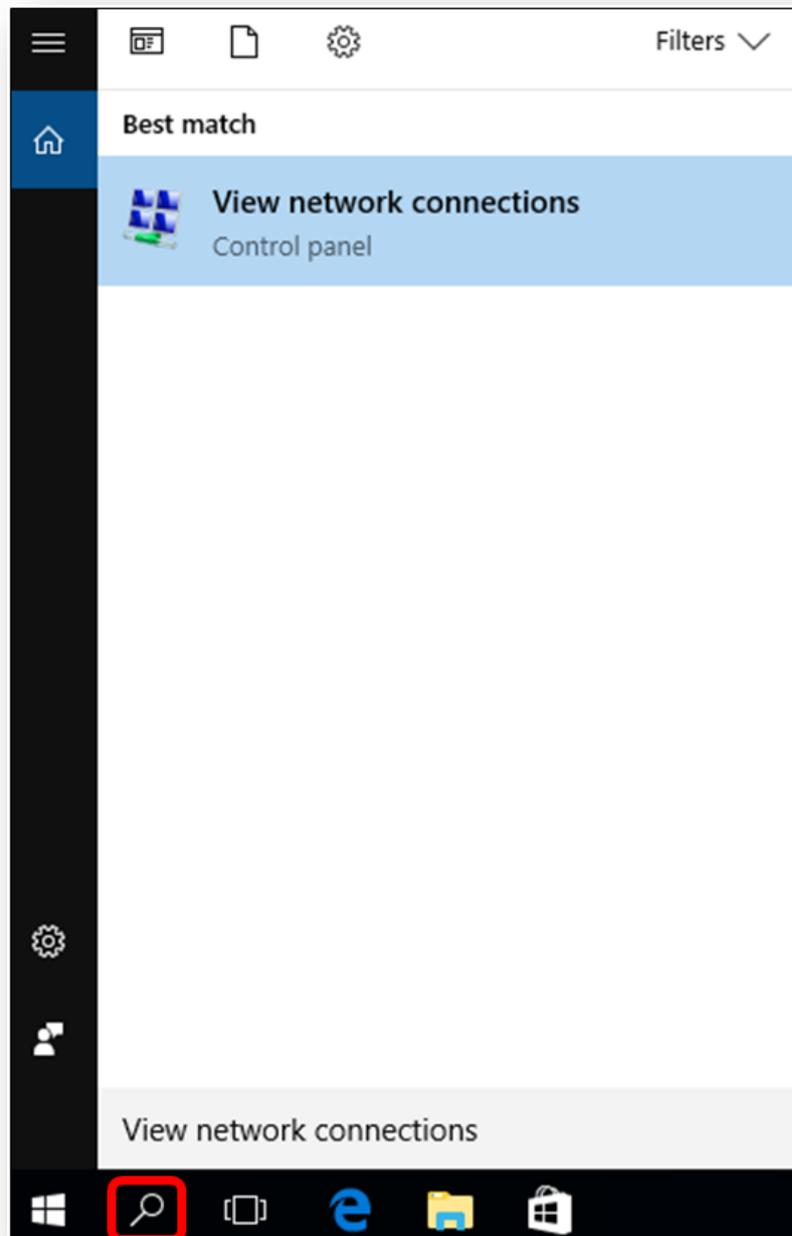
5. Select "Use the following IP address" and "Obtain DNS server address automatically", and then click the "OK" button.



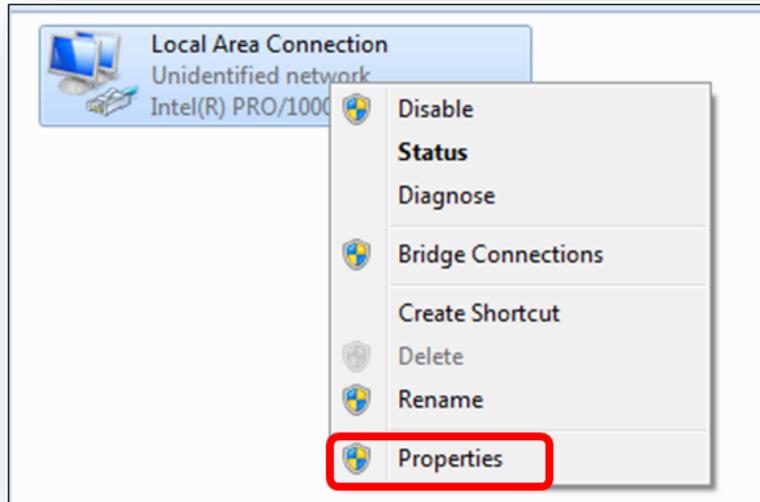
## Windows 10

If you are using Windows 10, please refer to the following:

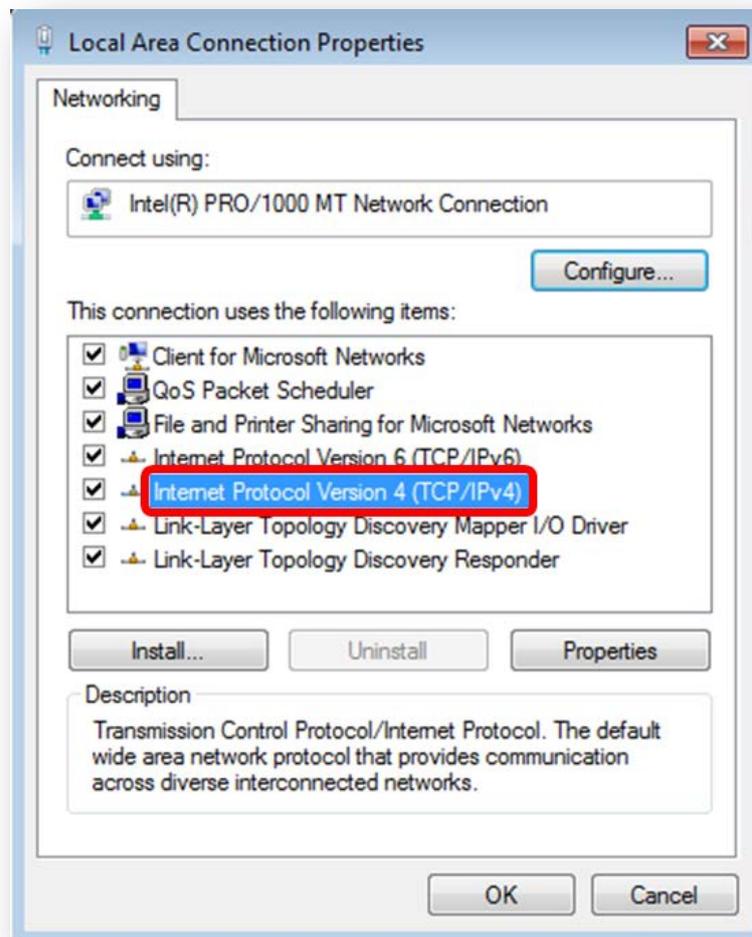
1. In the search box on the taskbar, type “View network connections”, and then select View network connections at the top of the list.



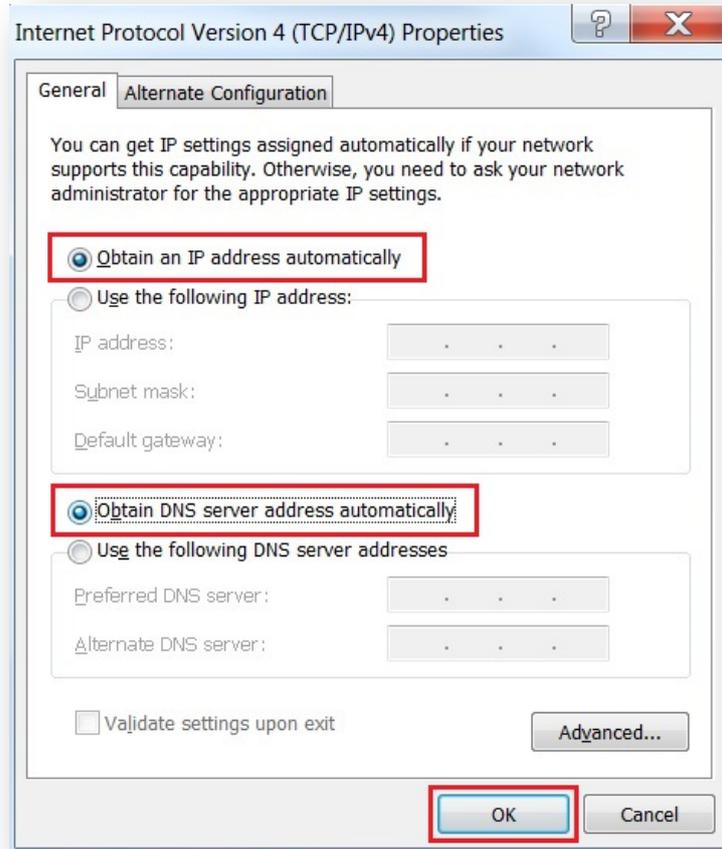
2. Right-click on the Local Area Connection and select Properties.



3. Select Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and click Properties or directly double-click on Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4).



4. Select "Use the following IP address" and "Obtain DNS server address automatically", and then click the "OK" button.



### 3.3 Planet Smart Discovery Utility

For easily listing the router in your Ethernet environment, the search tool -- Planet Smart Discovery Utility -- is an ideal solution.

The following installation instructions are to guide you to running the Planet Smart Discovery Utility.

1. Download the Planet Smart Discovery Utility in administrator PC.
2. Run this utility as the following screen appears.

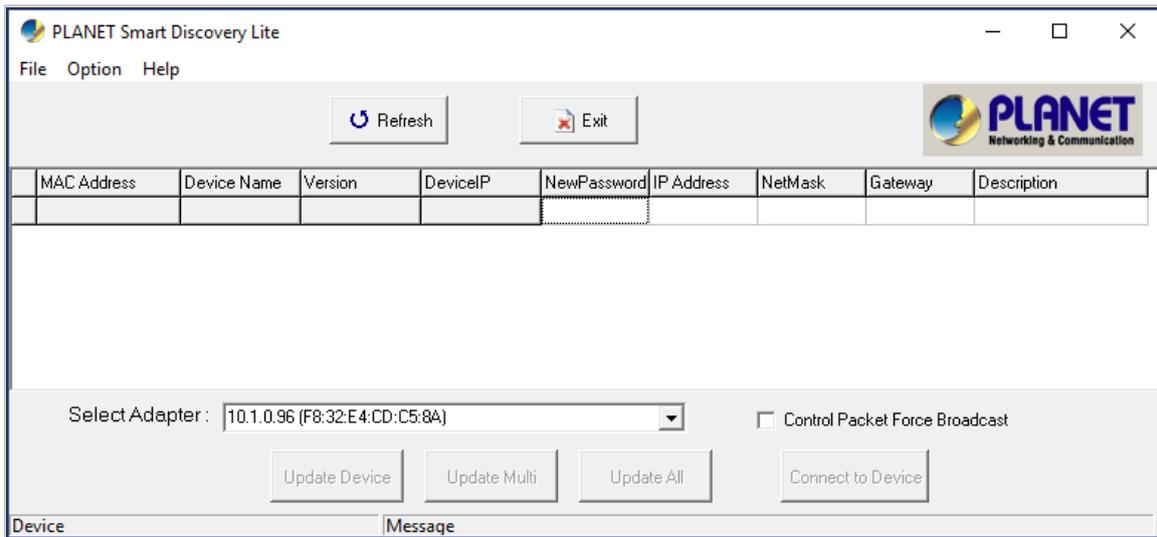
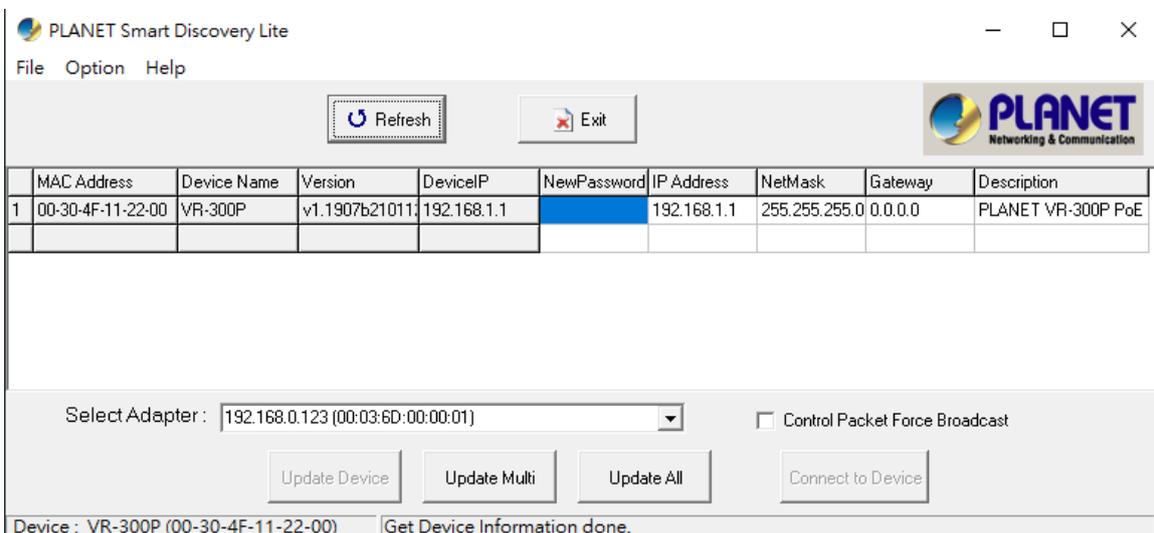


Figure 3-1-6: Planet Smart Discovery Utility Screen



If there are two LAN cards or above in the same administrator PC, choose a different LAN card by using the “**Select Adapter**” tool.

3. Press the “**Refresh**” button for the currently connected devices in the discovery list as the screen shows below:



**Figure 3-1-7:** Planet Smart Discovery Utility Screen

1. This utility shows all necessary information from the devices, such as MAC address, device name, firmware version, and device IP subnet address. It can also assign new password, IP subnet address and description to the devices.
2. After setup is completed, press the “**Update Device**”, “**Update Multi**” or “**Update All**” button to take effect. The functions of the 3 buttons above are shown below:
  - **Update Device:** use current setting on one single device.
  - **Update Multi:** use current setting on choose multi-devices.
  - **Update All:** use current setting on whole devices in the list.

The same functions mentioned above also can be found in “**Option**” tools bar.

3. To click the “**Control Packet Force Broadcast**” function, it allows you to assign a new setting value to the device under a different IP subnet address.
4. Press the “**Connect to Device**” button and the Web login screen appears.

Press the “**Exit**” button to shut down the Planet Smart Discovery Utility.

## Chapter 4. Web-based Management

This chapter provides setup details of the device's Web-based Interface.

### 4.1 Introduction

The device can be configured with your Web browser. Before configuring, please make sure your PC is under the same IP segment with the device.

### 4.2 Logging in to the VPN Router

Refer to the steps below to configure the VPN router:

- Step 1.** Connect the IT administrator's PC and VPN router's LAN port (port 1) to the same hub / switch, and then launch a browser to link the management interface address which is set to **http://192.168.1.1** by default.



The DHCP server of the VPN router is enabled. Therefore, the LAN PC will get IP from the VPN router. If user needs to set IP address of LAN PC manually, please set the IP address within the range between 192.168.1.2 and 192.168.1.254 inclusively, and assigned the subnet mask of 255.255.255.0.

- Step 2.** The browser prompts you for the login credentials. (Both are “**admin**” by default.)

Default IP address: **192.168.1.1**

Default user name: **admin**

Default password: **admin**

Default SSID (2.4G): **PLANET\_2.4G**

Default SSID (5G): **PLANET\_5G**



The SSIDs are designed for wireless models: VR-300W5, VR-300PW5, VR-300W6A, VR-300PW6A, VR-300W6, VR-300PW6



Administrators are strongly suggested to change the default admin and password to ensure system security.

### 4.3 Main Web Page

After a successful login, the main web page appears. The web main page displays the web panel, main menu, function menu, and the main information in the center.



Figure 4-: Main Web Page

#### ■ Web Panel

The web panel displays an image of the device's ports as shown in Figure 4-2.



Figure 4-2: Web Panel

Object	Icon	Function
PoE Consumption		To indicate the PoE consumption.
LAN		To indicate the LAN with the RJ45 plug-in.
		To indicate the PoE is in use. (VR-300P only)
		To indicate network data is sending or receiving

#### ■ Main Menu

The main menu displays the product name, function menu, and main information in the center. Via the Web management, the administrator can set up the device by selecting the functions those listed in the function menu and button as shown in [Figures 4-3 and 4-4](#).



**Figure 4-3: Function Menu**

Object	Description
<b>System</b>	Provides System information of the router.
<b>Network</b>	Provides WAN, LAN and network configuration of the router.
<b>Security</b>	Provides Firewall and security configuration of the router.
<b>VPN</b>	Provides VPN configuration of the router.
<b>AP Control</b>	Provides AP Control configuration of the router.
<b>PoE</b>	Provides PoE Management configuration of industrial wall-mount Gigabit router.
<b>Wireless</b>	Provides wireless configuration of the router.
<b>Maintenance</b>	Provides firmware upgrade and setting file restore/backup configuration of the router.

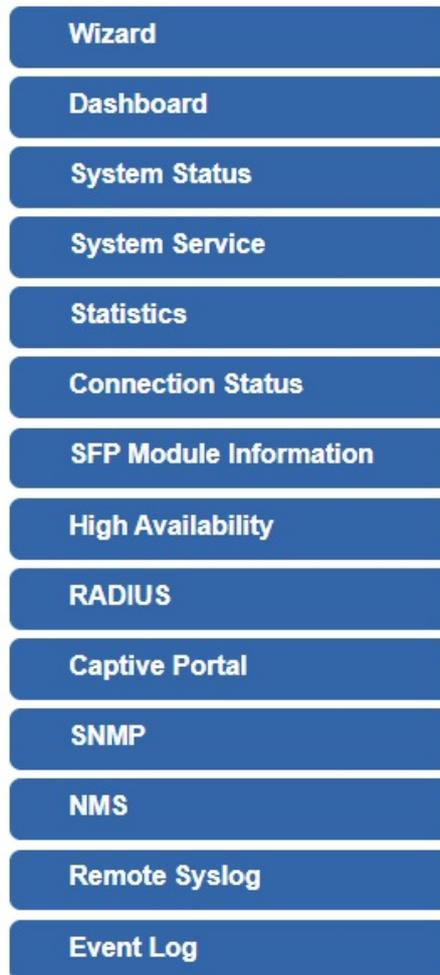


**Figure 4-4: Function Button**

Object	Description
	Click the " <b>Refresh button</b> " to refresh the current web page.
	Click the " <b>Logout button</b> " to log out the web UI of the router.

## 4.4 System

Use the System menu items to display and configure basic administrative details of the router. The System menu shown in [Figure 4-5](#) provides the following features to configure and monitor system.



**Figure 4-5:** System Menu

Object	Description
<b>Wizard</b>	The Wizard will guide the user to configuring the router easily and quickly.
<b>Dashboard</b>	The overview of system information includes connection, port, and system status.
<b>System Status</b>	Display the status of the system, device information, LAN and WAN.
<b>System Service</b>	Display the status of the system, secured service and server service
<b>Statistics</b>	Display statistics information of network traffic of LAN and WAN.

<b>Connection Status</b>	Display the DHCP client table and the ARP table
<b>SFP Module Information</b>	Display the physical or operational status of an SFP module via the SFP Module Information page (VR-300F and VR-300FP only)
<b>High Availability</b>	Enable/Disable High Availability on routers
<b>RADIUS</b>	Enable/Disable RADIUS on routers
<b>Captive Portal</b>	Enable/Disable Captive Portal on routers
<b>SNMP</b>	Display SNMP system information
<b>NMS</b>	Enable/Disable NMS on routers
<b>Remote Syslog</b>	Enable Captive Portal on routers
<b>Event Log</b>	Display Event Log information

### 4.4.1 Setup Wizard

The Wizard will guide the user to configuring the router easily and quickly. There are different procedures in different operation modes. According to the operation mode you switch to, please follow the instructions below to configure the router via **Setup Wizard** as shown in [Figure 4-6](#).



**Figure 4-6:** Setup Wizard

#### Step 1: Account Modification

Set up the Username and Password for the Account Modification

**STEP 1 - Account Modification**

1 Account    2 LAN    3 WAN    4 Security Settings    5 Setup Completed

Username:

Password:

Confirm Password:

The password must contain 8~31 characters, including upper case, lower case, numerals and other symbols

#### Step 2: LAN Interface

Set up the IP Address and Subnet Mask for the LAN interface as shown in [Figure 4-7](#).

**STEP 2 - Network Interface LAN**

1 Account    2 LAN    3 WAN    4 Security Settings    5 Setup Completed

IP Address:

Netmask:

DHCP Server:

Start IP Address:

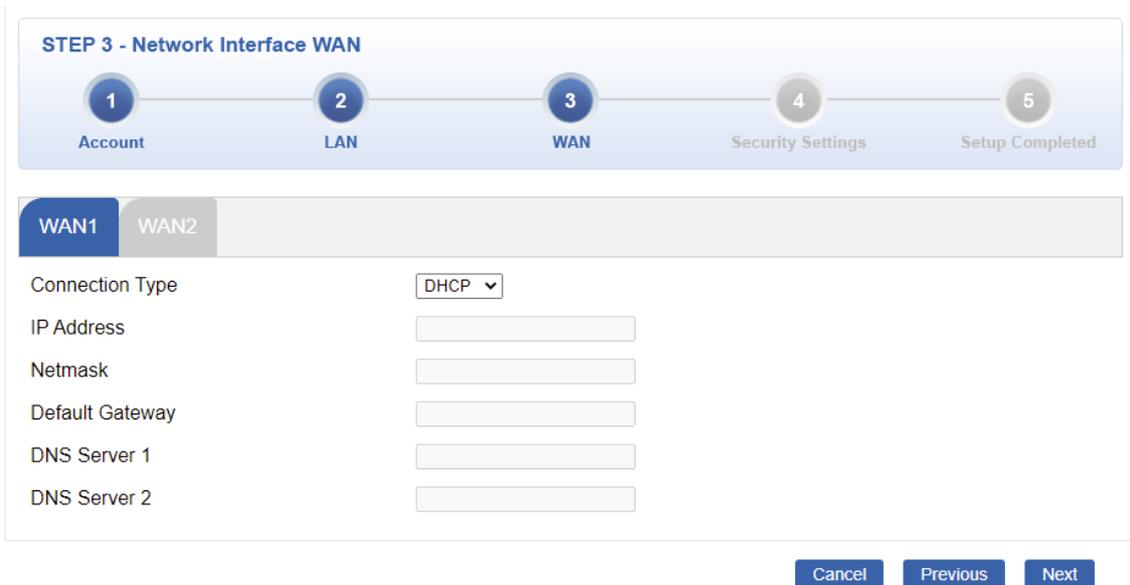
Maximum DHCP Users:

**Figure 4-7:** Setup Wizard – LAN Configuration

Object	Description
<b>IP Address</b>	Enter the IP address of your router. The default is 192.168.1.1.
<b>Subnet Mask</b>	An address code that determines the size of the network. Normally use 255.255.255.0 as the subnet mask.
<b>DHCP Server</b>	By default, the DHCP Server is enabled. If user needs to disable the function, please uncheck the box.
<b>Start IP Address</b>	By default, the start IP address is 192.168.1.100. Please do not set it to the same IP address of the router.
<b>Maximum DHCP Users</b>	By default, the maximum DHCP users are 101, which means the router will provide DHCP client with IP address from 192.168.1.100 to 192.168.1.200 when the start IP address is 192.168.1.100.
<b>Next</b>	Press this button to the next step.
<b>Cancel</b>	Press this button to undo any changes made locally and revert to previously saved values.

### Step 3: WAN Interface

The router supports two access modes on the WAN side shown in [Figure 4-8](#)



**STEP 3 - Network Interface WAN**

1 Account    2 LAN    3 WAN    4 Security Settings    5 Setup Completed

WAN1    WAN2

Connection Type:

IP Address:

Netmask:

Default Gateway:

DNS Server 1:

DNS Server 2:

Cancel    Previous    Next

**Figure 4-8:** Setup Wizard – WAN 1 Configuration

WAN1 | **WAN2**

WAN  Enable  Disable

Connection Type: DHCP

IP Address: [ ]

Netmask: [ ]

Default Gateway: [ ]

DNS Server 1: [ ]

DNS Server 2: [ ]

**Figure 4-9:** Setup Wizard – WAN 2 Configurations

**Mode 1 -- Static IP**

Select **Static IP Address** if all the Internet port's IP information is provided to you by your ISP. You will need to enter the **IP Address**, **Netmask**, **Default Gateway** and **DNS Server** provided to you by your ISP. Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which are four octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x). The router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format. The setup is shown in [Figure 4-10](#).

WAN1 | **WAN2**

Connection Type: Static

IP Address: 210.66.155.1

Netmask: 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway: 210.66.155.194

DNS Server 1: 168.95.1.1

DNS Server 2: 8.8.8.8

**Figure 4-10:** WAN Interface Setup – Static IP Setup

Object	Description
<b>IP Address</b>	Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.
<b>Netmask</b>	Enter the Netmask assigned by your ISP.
<b>Default Gateway</b>	Enter the Gateway assigned by your ISP.
<b>DNS Server</b>	The DNS server information will be supplied by your ISP.

<b>Next</b>	Press this button for the next step.
<b>Previous</b>	Press this button for the previous step.
<b>Cancel</b>	Press this button to undo any changes made locally and revert to previously saved values.

**Mode 2 -- DHCP Client**

Select DHCP Client to obtain IP Address information automatically from your ISP. The setup is shown in [Figure 4-11](#).

The screenshot shows a configuration window for WAN1. At the top, 'WAN1' is selected over 'WAN2'. The 'Connection Type' is set to 'DHCP' via a dropdown menu. Below this are five input fields: 'IP Address', 'Netmask', 'Default Gateway', 'DNS Server 1', and 'DNS Server 2', all of which are currently empty.

**Figure 4-11: WAN Interface Setup – DHCP Setup**

**Step 4: Security Setting**

Set up the Security Settings as shown in [Figure 4-12](#).

The screenshot displays the 'STEP 4 - Security Settings' screen. A progress bar at the top shows five steps: 1 Account, 2 LAN, 3 WAN, 4 Security Settings (highlighted), and 5 Setup Completed. Below the progress bar are five security settings, each with radio buttons for 'Enable' and 'Disable':  
 SPI Firewall:  Enable  Disable  
 Block SYN Flood:  Enable  Disable  
 Block ICMP Flood:  Enable  Disable  
 Block WAN Ping:  Enable  Disable  
 Remote Management:  Enable  Disable  
 At the bottom right, there are three buttons: 'Cancel', 'Previous', and 'Next'.

**Figure 4-12: Setup Wizard – Security Setting**

Object	Description
--------	-------------

<b>SPI Firewall</b>	<p>The SPI Firewall prevents attack and improper access to network resources.</p> <p>The default configuration is enabled.</p>
<b>Block SYN Flood</b>	<p>SYN Flood is a popular attack way. DoS and DDoS are TCP protocols. Hackers like using this method to make a fake connection that involves the CPU, memory, and so on.</p> <p>The default configuration is enabled.</p>
<b>Block ICMP Flood</b>	<p>ICMP is kind of a pack of TCP/IP; its important function is to transfer simple signal on the Internet. There are two normal attack ways which hackers like to use, Ping of Death and Smurf attack.</p> <p>The default configuration is disabled.</p>
<b>Block WAN Ping</b>	<p>Enable the function to allow the Ping access from the Internet network.</p> <p>The default configuration is disabled.</p>
<b>Remote Management</b>	<p>Enable the function to allow the web server access of the router from the Internet network.</p> <p>The default configuration is disabled.</p>
<b>Next</b>	Press this button for the next step.
<b>Previous</b>	Press this button for the previous step.
<b>Cancel</b>	Press this button to undo any changes made locally and revert to previously saved values.

### Step 5: Setup Completed

The page will show the summary of LAN, WAN and Security settings as shown in [Figure 4-13](#).

**STEP 5 - Setup Completed**

1  
Account

2  
LAN

3  
WAN

4  
Security Settings

5  
Setup Completed

LAN	Enable: Static IP: 192.168.1.1 / 255.255.255.0
WAN1	Enable: DHCP
WAN2	Enable: OFF
Security Settings	SPI Firewall: ON
	Block SYN Flood: ON
	Block ICMP Flood: OFF
	Block WAN Ping: OFF
	Remote Management: OFF

Previous
Finish

**Figure 4-13:** Setup Wizard – Setup Completed

Object	Description
<b>Finish</b>	Press this button to save and apply changes.
<b>Previous</b>	Press this button for the previous step.

### 4.4.2 Dashboard

The dashboard provides an overview of system information including connection, port, and system status as shown in Figure 4-14.

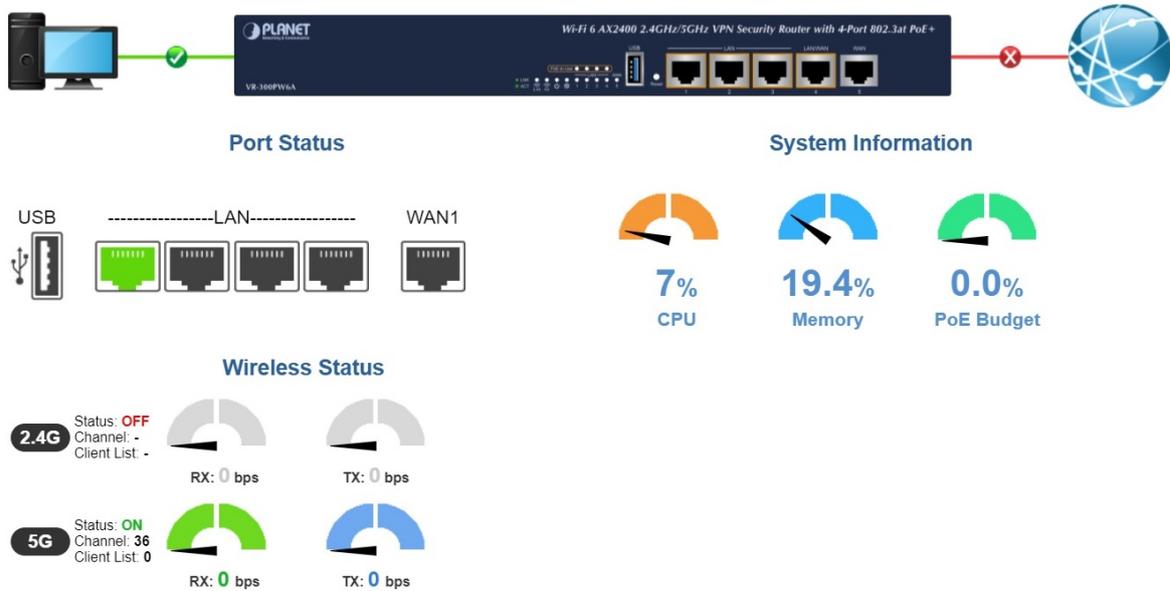


Figure 4-14: Dashboard

#### WAN/LAN Connection Status

Object	Description
	The status means WAN is connected to Internet and LAN is connected.
	The status means WAN is disconnected to Internet and LAN is connected.
	The status means WAN is connected to Internet and LAN is disconnected.

#### Port Status

Object	Description
	Ethernet port is in use.
	Ethernet port is not in use.
	USB port is in use.



USB port is not in use.

**Wireless Status**

Object	Description
	Wireless is in use.
	Wireless is not in use.

**System Information**

Object	Description
CPU	Display the CPU loading
Memory	Display the memory usage
PoE Budget	Display the PoE Budget usage (PoE model only)

**4.4.3 Status**

This page displays system information as shown in [Figure 4-15](#).

Router Information	
Model Name	VR-100
Firmware Version	v1.1806b190904
Current Time	2019-01-30 Wed 20:21:45
Running Time	0d 00:00:57

WAN1	
MAC Address	A8:F7:E0:00:06:62
Connection Type	DHCP
IP Address	192.168.1.189
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.1.254

LAN	
MAC Address	A8:F7:E0:00:06:61
IP Address	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
DHCP Service	Enable
DHCP Start IP Address	192.168.1.100
DHCP End IP Address	192.168.1.200
Max DHCP Clients	101

Figure 4-15: Status

#### 4.4.4 Statistics

This page displays the number of packets that pass through the router on the WAN and LAN. The statistics are shown in [Figure 4-16](#).

WAN1	
Sent Packets	223
Sent Bytes	198984
Received Packets	2008
Received Bytes	385555

LAN	
Sent Packets	7
Sent Bytes	746
Received Packets	221
Received Bytes	15363

Figure 4-16: Statistics

## 4.4.5 Connection Status

The page will show the DHCP Table and ARP Table. The status is shown in [Figure 4-17](#).

DHCP Table			
Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Expiration Time

ARP Table			
IP Address	MAC Address		ARP Type
8.8.8.8	00:00:00:00:00:00		unknow
208.67.222.222	00:00:00:00:00:00		unknow
8.8.8.8	00:00:00:00:00:00		unknow
208.67.222.222	00:00:00:00:00:00		unknow
192.168.1.18	00:00:00:00:00:00		unknow
192.168.1.69	00:30:11:11:11:12		dynamic
192.168.1.69	00:30:11:11:11:12		dynamic

Figure 4-17: Connection Status

## 4.4.6 SFP Module Information

This page shows the operational status, such as the transceiver type, speed, wavelength, optical output power, optical input power, temperature, laser bias current and transceiver supply voltage in real time. The SFP Module Information page is shown in [Figure 4-18](#).

SFP Module Information									
Type	Speed	Wave Length(nm)	Distance(m)	Temperature(C)	Voltage(V)	Current(mA)	Tx power(dBm)	Rx power(dBm)	
1000Base-LX	1000-Base	1310	10000	39.0588	3.3112	18.9760	-6.3451	-36.9897	

Figure 4-18: SFP Module Information

Object	Description
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Type</b></li> </ul>	Display the type of current SFP module; the possible types are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 1000BASE-SX</li> <li>■ 1000BASE-LX</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Speed</b></li> </ul>	Display the speed of current SFP module; the speed value or description is obtained from the SFP module. Different vendors SFP modules might show different speed information.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Wave Length(nm)</b></li> </ul>	Display the wavelength of current SFP module; the wavelength value is obtained from the SFP module. Use this column to check if the wavelength values of two nodes match while the fiber connection

	fails.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Distance (m)</b></li> </ul>	Display the support distance of current SFP module; the distance value is obtained from the SFP module.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Temperature (C)</b></li> <li>– <b>SFP DDM Module Only</b></li> </ul>	Display the temperature of current SFP DDM module; the temperature value is gotten from the SFP DDM module.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Voltage (V)</b></li> <li>– <b>SFP DDM Module Only</b></li> </ul>	Display the voltage of current SFP DDM module; the voltage value is gotten from the SFP DDM module.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Current (mA)</b></li> <li>– <b>SFP DDM Module Only</b></li> </ul>	Display the ampere of current SFP DDM module; the ampere value is gotten from the SFP DDM module.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>TX power (dBm)</b></li> <li>– <b>SFP DDM Module Only</b></li> </ul>	Display the TX power of current SFP DDM module; the TX power value is gotten from the SFP DDM module.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>RX power (dBm)</b></li> <li>– <b>SFP DDM Module Only</b></li> </ul>	Display the RX power of current SFP DDM module; the RX power value is gotten from the SFP DDM module.

### 4.4.7 High Availability

High Availability (HA) is a system redundancy where two routers of VR-300 series can be set up in a master/slave configuration. The master router provides the Internet connection but, in case hardware or WAN connectivity fails, the slave (backup) router automatically will take over Internet connection. It provides redundant hardware and software that make the system available despite failures. The page will show the High Availability configuration. The High Availability page is shown in [Figure 4-19](#).

High Availability Configuration

High Availability	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Username	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="text"/>
Mode	Master ▾
Virtual IP address	<input type="text"/>
Virtual IP Mask	<input type="text"/>
Interface	LAN ▾
Connected Status	

**Figure 4-19:** High Availability

Object	Description
<b>High Availability</b>	Disable or enable the High Availability function. The default configuration is disabled.
<b>Username</b>	Create the username for the HA.
<b>Password</b>	Create the password for the HA .
<b>Mode</b>	Choose Master or Slave role
<b>Virtual IP address</b>	Assign an IP address as a virtual IP.
<b>Virtual mask</b>	Assign a mask address as a virtual mask.
<b>Interface</b>	Use interface
<b>Connection Status</b>	Display the HA status

## 4.4.8 RADIUS

Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) is a security authentication client/server protocol that supports authentication, authorization and accounting. The RADIUS Server page is shown in [Figure 4-20](#).

**Figure 4-20: RADIUS Server**

Object	Description
<b>RADIUS</b>	Disable or enable the RADIUS function. The default configuration is disabled.
<b>Server Port</b>	UDP port number for authentication

The RADIUS client page is shown in [Figure 4-21](#).

**Figure 4-21: RADIUS Client**

Object	Description
<b>Name</b>	Describe client's name
<b>Client IP address</b>	Describe client's IP address
<b>Secret Key</b>	The RADIUS server and client share a secret key that is used to authenticate the messages sent between server and client.
<b>Description</b>	Describe client's information

## 4.4.9 Captive Portal

Captive portal service gives the ability to organize a public (or guest) Wi-Fi zone with user authorization. A captive portal is the authorization page that forcibly redirects users who connect to the public network before accessing the Internet. The Captive portal page is shown in [Figure 4-22](#).

**Figure 4-22:** Captive portal

Object	Description
<b>Captive portal</b>	Disable or enable the Captive portal function. The default configuration is disabled.
<b>Interface</b>	Choose subnet interface <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ LAN Subnet 1</li> <li>■ LAN Subnet 2</li> <li>■ LAN Subnet 3</li> <li>■ LAN Subnet 4</li> </ul>
<b>Authentication Type</b>	Support local RADIUS server

## 4.4.10 SNMP

This page provides SNMP setting of the router as shown in [Figure 4-23](#).

SNMP

SNMP	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
SNMP Versions	SNMP v1,v2c ▼
Read Community	public
Write Community	private
Engine ID	<input type="text"/>
SNMP v3 Security Level	AuthPRiv ▼
SNMP v3 User Name	<input type="text"/>
SNMP v3 Auth Protocol	MD5 ▼
SNMP v3 Auth Password	<input type="text"/>
SNMP v3 Privacy Protocol	DES ▼
SNMP v3 Privacy Password	<input type="text"/>

System Identification

System Name	VR-300P
System Location	<input type="text"/>
System Contact	sales@planet.com.tw

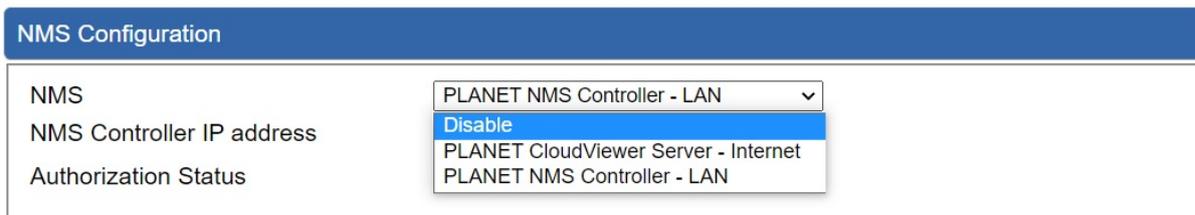
**Figure 4-23: SNMP**

Object	Description
<b>Enable SNMP</b>	Disable or enable the SNMP function. The default configuration is enabled.
<b>Read/Write Community</b>	Allows entering characters for SNMP Read/Write Community of the router.
<b>System Name</b>	Allows entering characters for system name of the router.
<b>System Location</b>	Allows entering characters for system location of the router.
<b>System Contact</b>	Allows entering characters for system contact of the router.
<b>Apply Settings</b>	Press this button to save and apply changes.
<b>Cancel Changes</b>	Press this button to undo any changes made locally and revert to previously saved values.

### 4.4.11 NMS

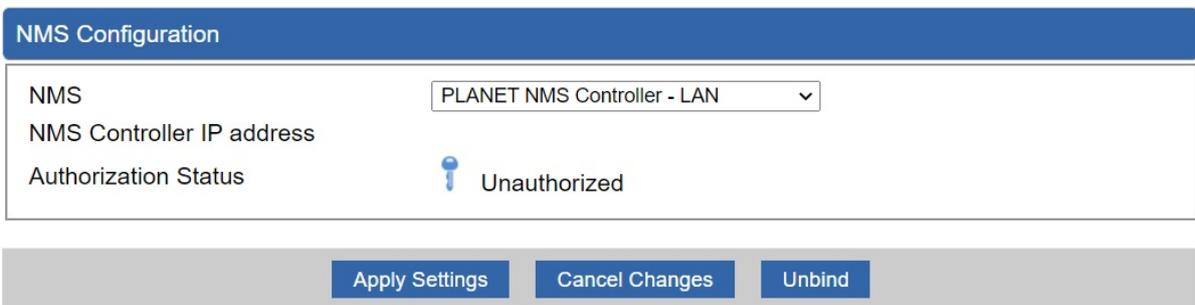
The VR-300 series can support both NMS controller and CloudViewer Server for remote management. PLANET's NMS Controller is a Network Management System that can monitor all kinds of deployed network devices, such as managed switches, media converters, routers, smart APs, VoIP phones, IP cameras, etc., compliant with the SNMP Protocol, ONVIF Protocol and PLANET Smart Discovery utility. The CloudViewer is a free networking service just for PLANET products. This service provides simplified network monitoring and real-time network status. Working with PLANET CloudViewer app, user can easily check network status, device information, port and PoE status from Internet. Any other services are not included.

NMS Configuration screens in Figure 4-24 appear.



**Figure 4-24** NMS Configuration Page

The NMS Controller – LAN Configuration screens in Figure 4-25 appear.



**Figure 4-25** NMS Controller – LAN Configuration Page

Object	Description
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>NMS Controller IP address</b></li> </ul>	The IP address of NMS Controller
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Authorization Status</b></li> </ul>	Indicates the authorization status of the switch to NMS Controller

The CloudViewer Server – Internet screens in Figure 4-26 appear.

**NMS Configuration**

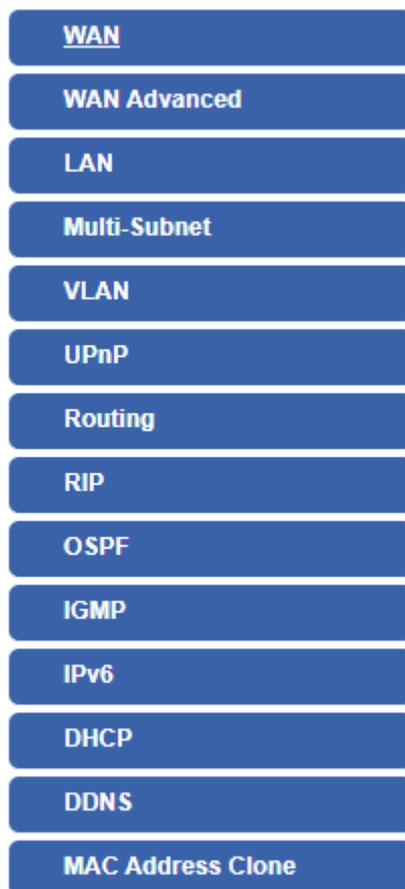
NMS	<input type="text" value="PLANET CloudViewer Server - Internet"/>
Email	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="password"/>
Connection Status	Not enabled

**Figure 4-26** CloudViewer Server – Internet Configuration Page

Object	Description
• <b>Email</b>	The email registered on CloudViewer Server
• <b>Password</b>	The password of your CloudViewer account
• <b>Connection Status</b>	Indicates the status of connecting CloudViewer Server

## 4.5 Network

The Network function provides WAN, LAN and network configuration of the router as shown in [Figure 4-27](#).



**Figure 4-27:** Network Menu

Object	Description
<b>WAN</b>	Allows setting WAN interface.
<b>WAN Advanced</b>	Allows setting WAN Advanced settings.
<b>LAN</b>	Allows setting LAN interface.
<b>Multi-Subnet</b>	Allows setting Multi-Subnet1 ~ Subnet4 interface.
<b>VLAN</b>	Disable or enable the VLAN function. The default configuration is disabled.
<b>UPnP</b>	Disable or enable the UPnP function. The default configuration is disabled.
<b>Routing</b>	Allows setting Route.
<b>RIP</b>	Disable or enable the RIP function.

	The default configuration is disabled.
<b>OSPF</b>	Disable or enable the OSPF function. The default configuration is disabled.
<b>IGMP</b>	Disable or enable the IGMP function. The default configuration is disabled.
<b>IPv6</b>	Allows setting IPv6 WAN interface.
<b>DHCP</b>	Allows setting DHCP Server.
<b>DDNS</b>	Allows setting DDNS and PLANET DDNS.
<b>MAC Address Clone</b>	Allows setting WAN MAC Address Clone.

## 4.5.1 WAN

This page is used to configure the parameters for Internet network which connects to the WAN port of the router as shown in [Figure 4-28](#). Here you may select the access method by clicking the item value of WAN access type.

**WAN1**

Connection Type	<input type="text" value="DHCP"/>
IP Address	<input type="text"/>
Netmask	<input type="text"/>
Gateway	<input type="text"/>
DNS Server 1	<input type="text"/>
DNS Server 2	<input type="text"/>

**WAN2**

WAN	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Connection Type	<input type="text" value="DHCP"/>
IP Address	<input type="text"/>
Netmask	<input type="text"/>
Gateway	<input type="text"/>
DNS Server 1	<input type="text"/>
DNS Server 2	<input type="text"/>

**Figure 4-28: WAN**

Object	Description		
<b>WAN Access Type</b>	<p>Please select the corresponding WAN Access Type for the Internet, and fill out the correct parameters from your local ISP in the fields which appear below.</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 15%; vertical-align: top;"><b>Static</b></td> <td> <p>Select Static IP Address if all the Internet ports' IP information is provided to you by your ISP (Internet Service Provider). You will need to enter the IP address, Netmask, Gateway, and DNS Server provided to you by your ISP.</p> <p>Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which are four octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x). The router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format.</p> <p><b>IP Address</b></p> <p>Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.</p> </td> </tr> </table>	<b>Static</b>	<p>Select Static IP Address if all the Internet ports' IP information is provided to you by your ISP (Internet Service Provider). You will need to enter the IP address, Netmask, Gateway, and DNS Server provided to you by your ISP.</p> <p>Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which are four octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x). The router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format.</p> <p><b>IP Address</b></p> <p>Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.</p>
<b>Static</b>	<p>Select Static IP Address if all the Internet ports' IP information is provided to you by your ISP (Internet Service Provider). You will need to enter the IP address, Netmask, Gateway, and DNS Server provided to you by your ISP.</p> <p>Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which are four octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x). The router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format.</p> <p><b>IP Address</b></p> <p>Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.</p>		

Object	Description
	<p><b>Netmask</b> Enter the Subnet Mask assigned by your ISP.</p> <p><b>Gateway</b> Enter the Gateway assigned by your ISP.</p> <p><b>DNS Server</b> The DNS server information will be supplied by your ISP.</p>
<b>DHCP</b>	Select DHCP Client to obtain IP Address information automatically from your ISP.



WAN IP, whether obtained automatically or specified manually, should NOT be on the same IP net segment as the LAN IP; otherwise, the router will not work properly. In case of emergency, press the hardware-based "Reset" button.

## 4.5.2 WAN Advanced

This page is used to configure the advanced parameters for Internet area network which connects to the WAN port of your router as shown in [Figure 4-29](#). Here you may change the setting for Load Balance Weight, Detect Interval, Detect Link Up Threshold, etc...

**WAN1**

Load Balance Weight	3		
External Connection Detection	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable	
Detect Interval	5	Seconds	
Detect Link Up Threshold	8	Time(s)	
Detect Link Down Threshold	3	Time(s)	
Custom Detect Host 1	8.8.8.8		
Custom Detect Host 2	208.67.222.222		

**WAN2**

Load Balance Weight	2		
External Connection Detection	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable	
Detect Interval	5	Seconds	
Detect Link Up Threshold	8	Time(s)	
Detect Link Down Threshold	3	Time(s)	
Custom Detect Host 1	8.8.8.8		
Custom Detect Host 2	208.67.222.222		

Apply Settings
Cancel Changes

Figure 4-29: LAN Setup

Object	Description
<b>Load Balance Weight</b>	Load Balance Weight allows you to set a relative weight (from 1 - 10) for each WAN port.
<b>External Connection Detection</b>	Enable to detect the status of WAN connection.
<b>Detect Interval</b>	Set the detect interval as you need. The recommended value is 5 (default).
<b>Detect Link Up Threshold</b>	Set the times for detecting link up. The recommended value is 8 (default).
<b>Detect Link Down Threshold</b>	Set the times for detecting link down. The recommended value is 3 (default).
<b>Custom Detect Host</b>	The host is used to check whether the internet connection is alive or not.

### 4.5.3 LAN Setup

This page is used to configure the parameters for local area network which connects to the LAN port of your router as shown in [Figure 4-30](#). Here you may change the settings for IP address, subnet mask, DHCP, etc.

**LAN Configuration**

IP Address	192.168.1.1
Netmask	255.255.255.0

Apply Settings
Cancel Changes

**Figure 4-30: LAN Setup**

Object	Description
<b>IP Address</b>	The LAN IP address of the router and default is <b>192.168.1.1</b> .
<b>Net Mask</b>	Default is <b>255.255.255.0</b> .

### 4.5.4 Multi-Subnet

Multi-Subnet Configuration

Name	Network	DHCP Server
LAN Subnet 1	IP Address: 192.168.1.1 Netmask: 255.255.255.0	V
LAN Subnet 2	IP Address: <input type="text" value="192.168.3.1"/> Netmask: <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
LAN Subnet 3	IP Address: <input type="text" value="192.168.5.1"/> Netmask: <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
LAN Subnet 4	IP Address: <input type="text" value="192.168.7.1"/> Netmask: <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

### 4.5.5 Routing

Please refer to the following sections for the details as shown in [Figures 4-31 and 32](#).

Routing config list

Number	Type	Destination	Netmask	Gateway	Interface	Comment	Action
Current Routing table in the system							
1		0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	192.168.0.180	LOCAL		
2		0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	192.168.1.18	WAN1		
3		0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	192.168.1.19	WAN2		
4		192.168.0.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	LAN		
5		192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	WAN1		
6		192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	WAN2		

**Figure 4-31: Routing table**

Add a routing rule

Type	<input type="text" value="Host"/>
Destination	<input type="text"/>
Netmask	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.255 /32"/>
Gateway	<input type="text"/>
Interface	<input type="text" value="LAN"/>
Comment	<input type="text"/>

**Figure 4-32:** Routing setup

Routing tables contain a list of IP addresses. Each IP address identifies a remote router (or other network gateway) that the local router is configured to recognize. For each IP address, the routing table additionally stores a network mask and other data that specifies the destination IP address ranges that remote device will accept.

Object	Description
<b>Type</b>	There are two types: Host and Net. When the Net type is selected, user does not need to input the Gateway.
<b>Destination</b>	The network or host IP address desired to access.
<b>Net Mask</b>	The subnet mask of destination IP.
<b>Gateway</b>	The gateway is the router or host's IP address to which packet was sent. It must be the same network segment with the WAN or LAN port.
<b>Interface</b>	Select the interface that the IP packet must use to transmit out of the router when this route is used.
<b>Comment</b>	Enter any words for recognition.

## 4.5.6 WAN IPv6 Setting

This page is used to configure parameter for IPv6 internet network which connects to WAN port of the router as shown in [Figure 4-33](#). It allows you to enable IPv6 function and set up the parameters of the router's WAN. In this setting you may change WAN connection type and other settings.

**WAN1 IPv6 Setting**

Connection Type	<input type="text" value="DHCP"/>
IPv6 Address	<input type="text"/>
Subnet Prefix Length	<input type="text" value="64"/>
Default Gateway	<input type="text"/>

**WAN2 IPv6 Setting**

Connection Type	<input type="text" value="DHCP"/>
IPv6 Address	<input type="text"/>
Subnet Prefix Length	<input type="text" value="64"/>
Default Gateway	<input type="text"/>

**Figure 4-33:** IPv6 WAN setup

Object	Description
<b>Connection Type</b>	Select IPv6 WAN type either by using DHCP or Static.
<b>IPv6 Address</b>	Enter the WAN IPv6 address.
<b>Subnet Prefix Length</b>	Enter the subnet prefix length.
<b>Default Gateway</b>	Enter the default gateway of the WAN port.

## 4.5.7 DHCP

The DHCP service allows you to control the IP address configuration of all your network devices. When a client (host or other device such as networked printer, etc.) joins your network it will automatically get a valid IP address from a range of addresses and other settings from the DHCP service. The client must be configured to use DHCP; this is something called "automatic network configuration" and is often the default setting. The setup is shown in [Figure 4-34](#).

DHCP Server

DHCP Service	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable	
Start IP Address	192.168.1. <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="100"/>	
Maximum DHCP Users	<input style="width: 100px;" type="text" value="101"/>	
Set DNS	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Automatically <input type="radio"/> Manually	
Primary DNS Server	<input style="width: 100%; height: 20px;" type="text"/>	
Secondary DNS Server	<input style="width: 100%; height: 20px;" type="text"/>	
WINS	<input style="width: 100%; height: 20px;" type="text"/>	
Lease Time	<input style="width: 100px;" type="text" value="1440"/>	minutes
Domain Name	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text" value="PLANET"/>	

**Figure 4-34: DHCP**

Object	Description
<b>DHCP Service</b>	By default, the DHCP Server is enabled, meaning the router will assign IP addresses to the DHCP clients automatically. If user needs to disable the function, please set it as disable.
<b>Start IP Address</b>	By default, the start IP address is 192.168.1.100. Please do not set it to the same IP address of the router.
<b>Maximum DHCP Users</b>	By default, the maximum DHCP users are 101, meaning the router will provide DHCP client with IP address from 192.168.1.100 to 192.168.1.200 when the start IP address is 192.168.1.100.
<b>Set DNS</b>	By default, it is set as Automatically, and the DNS server is the router's LAN IP address. If user needs to use specific DNS server, please set it as Manually, and then input a specific DNS server.
<b>Primary/Secondary DNS Server</b>	Input a specific DNS server.
<b>WINS</b>	Input a WINS server if needed.
<b>Lease Time</b>	Set the time for using one assigned IP. After the lease time, the DHCP client will need to get new IP addresses from the router. Default is 1440 minutes.
<b>Domain Name</b>	Input a domain name for the router. Default is Planet.

## 4.5.8 DDNS

The router offers the DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name System) feature, which allows the hosting of a website, FTP server, or e-mail server with a fixed domain name (named by yourself) and a dynamic IP address, and then your friends can connect to your server by entering your domain name no matter what your IP address is. Before using this feature, you need to sign up for DDNS service providers such as **PLANET DDNS** (<http://www.planetddns.com>) and set up the domain name of your choice.

PLANET DDNS website provides a free DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name Server) service for PLANET devices. Whether the IP address used on your PLANET device supporting DDNS service is fixed or dynamic, you can easily connect the devices anywhere on the Internet with a meaningful or easy-to-remember name you gave. PLANET DDNS provides two types of DDNS services. One is **PLANET DDNS** and the other is **PLANET Easy DDNS** as shown in [Figure 4-35](#).

### PLANET DDNS

For example, you've just installed a PLANET IP camera with dynamic IP like 210.66.155.93 in the network. You can name this device as "Mycam1" and register a domain as Mycam1.planetddns.com at PLANET DDNS (<http://www.planetddns.com>). Thus, you don't need to memorize the exact IP address but just the URL link: Mycam1.planetddns.com.

### PLANET Easy DDNS

PLANET Easy DDNS is an easy way to help user to get your Domain Name with just one click. You can just log in to the Web Management Interface of your devices, say, your router, and check the DDNS menu and just enable it. You don't need to go to <http://www.planetddns.com> to apply for a new account. Once you enabled the Easy DDNS, your PLANET Network Device will use the format PLxxxxxx where xxxxxx is the last 6 characters of your MAC address that can be found on the Web page or bottom label of the device. (For example, if the router's MAC address is A8-F7-E0-81-96-C9, it will be converted into pt8196c9.planetddns.com)

Dynamic Domain Name Service	
DDNS Service	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Interface	WAN1 ▼
DDNS Type	PLANET DDNS ▼
Easy DDNS	Disable ▼
User Name	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="text"/>
Host Name	<input type="text"/>
Interval	120
Update Status	unknow status

Apply Settings
Cancel Changes

**Figure 4-35: PLANET DDNS**

Object	Description
<b>DDNS Service</b>	By default, the DDNS service is disabled. If user needs to enable the function, please set it as enable.
<b>Interface</b>	User is able to select the interface for DDNS service. By default, the interface is WAN 1.
<b>DDNS Type</b>	There are three options: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. PLANET DDNS: Activate PLANET DDNS service.</li> <li>2. DynDNS: Activate DynDNS service.</li> <li>3. NOIP: Activate NOIP service.</li> </ol> Note that please first register with the DDNS service and set up the domain name of your choice to begin using it.
<b>Easy DDNS</b>	When the PLANET DDNS service is activated, user is able to select to enable or disable Easy DDNS. When this function is enabled, DDNS hostname will appear automatically. User doesn't go to <a href="http://www.planetddns.com">http://www.planetddns.com</a> to apply for a new account.
<b>User Name</b>	The user name is used to log into DDNS service.
<b>Password</b>	The password is used to log into DDNS service.
<b>Host Name</b>	The host name as registered with your DDNS provider.
<b>Interval</b>	Set the update interval of the DDNS function.
<b>Update Status</b>	Show the connection status of the DDNS function.

## 4.5.9 MAC Address Clone

Clone or change the MAC address of the WAN interface. The setup is shown in [Figure 4-36](#).

The screenshot shows two configuration panels for WAN1 and WAN2. Each panel contains a 'Clone WAN MAC' section with radio buttons for 'Enable' and 'Disable' (selected), and a 'MAC Address' text input field. Below the panels are two buttons: 'Apply Settings' and 'Cancel Changes'.

**Figure 4-36:** MAC Address Clone

Object	Description
<b>Clone WAN MAC</b>	Set the function as enable or disable.
<b>MAC Address</b>	Input a MAC Address, such as A8:F7:E0:00:06:62.

## 4.6 Security

The Security menu provides Firewall, Access Filtering and other functions as shown in [Figure 4-37](#).

Please refer to the following sections for the details.



**Figure 4-37:** Security menu

Object	Description
<b>Firewall</b>	Allows setting DoS (Denial of Service) protection as enable.
<b>MAC Filtering</b>	Allows setting MAC Filtering.
<b>IP Filtering</b>	Allows setting IP Filtering.
<b>Web Filtering</b>	Allows setting Web Filtering.
<b>Port Forwarding</b>	Allows setting Port Forwarding.
<b>QoS</b>	Allows setting QoS.
<b>DMZ</b>	Allows setting DMZ.

## 4.6.1 Firewall

A "Denial-of-Service" (DoS) attack is characterized by an explicit attempt by hackers to prevent legitimate users of a service from using that service. The router can prevent specific DoS attacks as shown in [Figure 4-38](#).

Firewall Protection

SPI Firewall  Enable  Disable

**DDos**

Block SYN Flood  Enable  Disable  Packets/Second

Block FIN Flood  Enable  Disable  Packets/Second

Block UDP Flood  Enable  Disable  Packets/Second

Block ICMP Flood  Enable  Disable  Packets/Second

IP TearDrop  Enable  Disable

PingOfDeath  Enable  Disable

**System Security**

Block WAN Ping  Enable  Disable

Remote Management  Enable  Disable

**Figure 4-38:** Firewall

Object	Description
<b>SPI Firewall</b>	The SPI Firewall prevents attack and improper access to network resources. The default configuration is enabled.
<b>Block SYN Flood</b>	SYN Flood is a popular attack way. DoS and DDoS are TCP protocols. Hackers like using this method to make a fake connection that involves the CPU, memory, and so on. The default configuration is enabled.
<b>Block FIN Flood</b>	If the function is enabled, when the number of the current FIN packets is beyond the set value, the router will start the blocking function immediately. The default configuration is disabled.

<b>Block UDP Flood</b>	<p>If the function is enabled, when the number of the current UPD-FLOOD packets is beyond the set value, the router will start the blocking function immediately.</p> <p>The default configuration is disabled.</p>
<b>Block ICMP Flood</b>	<p>ICMP is kind of a pack of TCP/IP; its important function is to transfer simple signal on the Internet. There are two normal attack ways which hackers like to use, Ping of Death and Smurf attack.</p> <p>The default configuration is disabled.</p>
<b>IP TearDrop</b>	<p>If the function is enabled, the router will block Teardrop attack that is targeting on TCP/IP fragmentation reassembly codes.</p>
<b>Ping Of Death</b>	<p>If the function is enabled, the router will block Ping of Death attack that aims to disrupt a targeted machine by sending a packet larger than the maximum allowable size causing the target machine to freeze or crash.</p>
<b>Block WAN Ping</b>	<p>Enable the function to allow the Ping access from the Internet network.</p> <p>The default configuration is disabled.</p>
<b>Remote Management</b>	<p>Enable the function to allow the web server access of the router from the Internet network.</p> <p>The default configuration is disabled.</p>

## 4.6.2 MAC Filtering

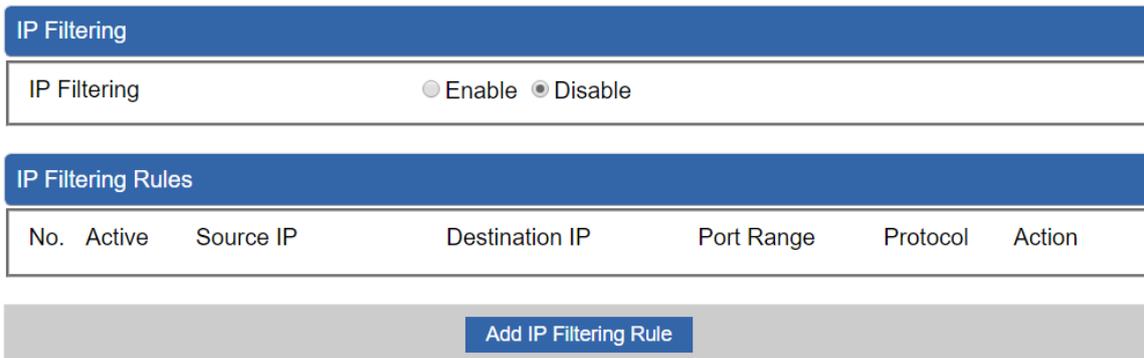
Entries in this table are used to restrict certain types of data packets from your local network or Internet through the router. Use of such filters can be helpful in securing or restricting your local network as shown in [Figure 4-39](#).

**Figure 4-39:** MAC Filtering

Object	Description
<b>Enable MAC Filtering</b>	Set the function as enable or disable. When the function is enabled, the router will block traffic of the MAC address on the list.
<b>Interface</b>	Select the function works on LAN, WAN or both. If you want to block a LAN device's MAC address, please select LAN, vice versa.
<b>MAC Address</b>	Input a MAC address you want to control, such as A8:F7:E0:00:06:62.
<b>Add</b>	When you input a MAC address, please click the "Add" button to add it into the list.
<b>Remove</b>	If you want to remove a MAC address from the list, please click on the MAC address, and then click the "Remove" button to remove it.
<b>Remove All</b>	If you want to remove all MAC addresses from the list, please click the "Remove All" button to remove all.

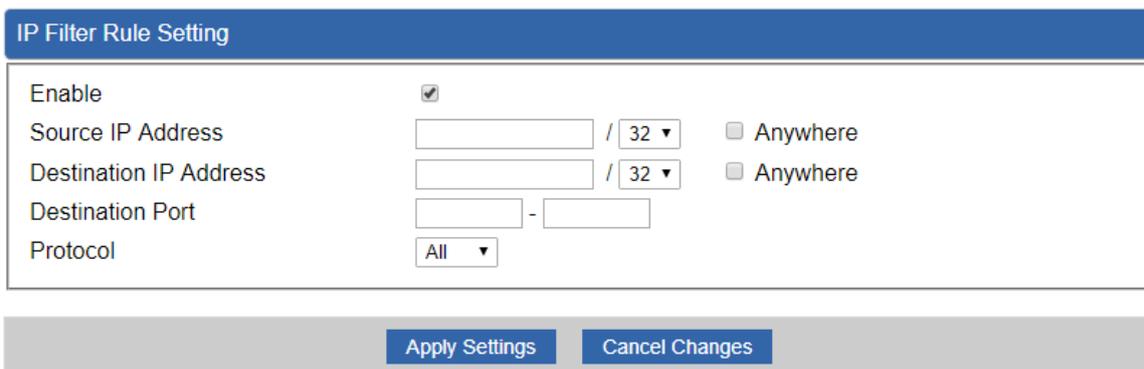
### 4.6.3 IP Filtering

IP Filtering is used to deny LAN users from accessing the public IP address on internet as shown in [Figure 4-40](#). To begin blocking access to an IP address, enable IP Filtering and enter the IP address of the web site you wish to block.



**Figure 4-40: IP Filtering**

Object	Description
<b>IP Filtering</b>	Set the function as enable or disable.
<b>Add IP Filtering Rule</b>	Go to the Add Filtering Rule page to add a new rule.



**Figure 4-41: IP Filter Rule Setting**

Object	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Set the rule as enable or disable.
<b>Source IP Address</b>	Input the IP address of LAN user (such as PC or laptop) which you want to control.
<b>Anywhere (of source IP Address)</b>	Check the box if you want to control all LAN users.

Object	Description
<b>Destination IP Address</b>	Input the IP address of web site which you want to block.
<b>Anywhere (of destination IP Address)</b>	Check the box if you want to control all web sites, meaning the LAN user can't visit any web site.
<b>Destination Port</b>	Input the port of destination IP Address which you want to block. Leave it as blank if you want to block all ports of the web site.
<b>Protocol</b>	Select the protocol type (TCP, UDP or all). If you are unsure, please leave it to the default all protocol.

### 4.6.4 Web Filtering

Web filtering is used to deny LAN users from accessing the internet as shown in [Figure 4-42](#). Block those URLs which contain keywords listed below.

Web Filtering

Web Filtering  Enable  Disable

Web Filtering Rules

No.	Rule Enable	Filter Keyword	Filter Type	Action
<div style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white; padding: 2px 10px; display: inline-block; margin: 0 auto;">Add Web Filtering Rule</div>				

**Figure 4-42: Web Filtering**

Object	Description
<b>Web Filtering</b>	Set the function as enable or disable.
<b>Add Web Filtering Rule</b>	Go to the Add Web Filtering Rule page to add a new rule.

Web Filter Settings

Status

Filter Keyword

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes

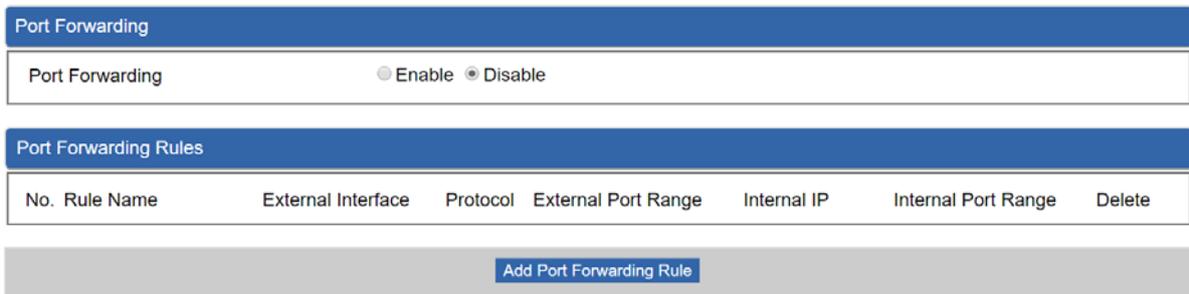
**Figure 4-43: Web Filtering Rule Setting**

Object	Description
--------	-------------

Object	Description
<b>Status</b>	Set the rule as enable or disable.
<b>Filter Keyword</b>	Input the URL address that you want to filter, such as www.yahoo.com.

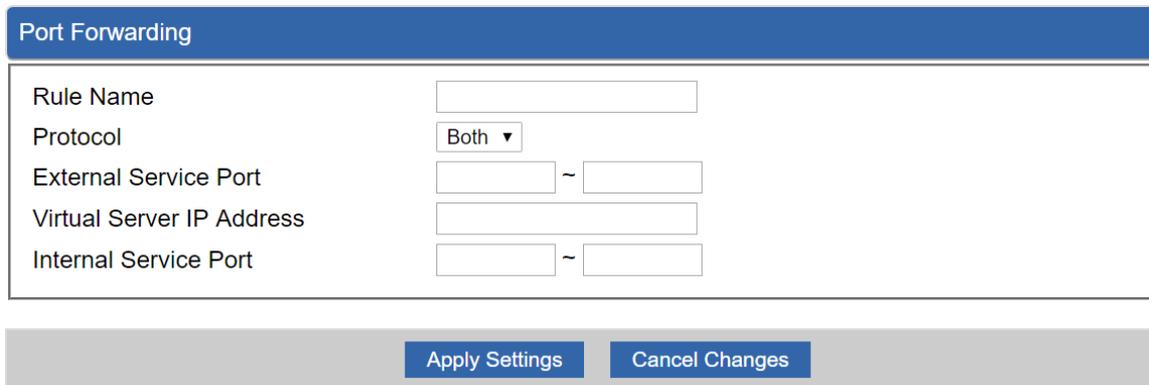
### 4.6.5 Port Forwarding

Entries in this table allow you to automatically redirect common network services to a specific machine behind the NAT firewall as shown in [Figure 4-44](#). These settings are only necessary if you wish to host some sort of server like a web server or mail server on the private local network behind your Router's NAT firewall.



**Figure 4-44:** Port Forwarding

Object	Description
<b>Port Forwarding</b>	Set the function as enable or disable.
<b>Add Port Forwarding Rule</b>	Go to the Add Port Forwarding Rule page to add a new rule.



**Figure 4-45:** Port Forwarding Rule Setting

Object	Description
--------	-------------

Object	Description
<b>Rule Name</b>	Enter any words for recognition.
<b>Protocol</b>	Select the protocol type (TCP, UDP or both). If you are unsure, please leave it to the default both protocols.
<b>External Service Port</b>	Enter the external ports you want to control. For TCP and UDP services, enter the beginning of the range of port numbers used by the service. If the service uses a single port number, enter it in both the start and finish fields.
<b>Virtual Server IP Address</b>	Enter the local IP address.
<b>Internal Service Port</b>	Enter local ports you want to control. For TCP and UDP Services, enter the beginning of the range of port numbers used by the service. If the service uses a single port number, enter it in both the start and finish fields.

#### 4.6.6 DMZ

A Demilitarized Zone is used to provide Internet services without sacrificing unauthorized access to its local private network as shown in [Figure 4-46](#). Typically, the DMZ host contains devices accessible to Internet traffic, such as Web (HTTP) servers, FTP servers, SMTP (e-mail) servers and DNS servers.

The screenshot shows a configuration page for DMZ. It features two identical sections, 'DMZ - WAN1' and 'DMZ - WAN2'. Each section contains a 'DMZ' label with a radio button set to 'Disable' (the 'Enable' radio button is unselected). Below this is a 'DMZ IP Address' label followed by an empty text input field. At the bottom of the page, there are two buttons: 'Apply Settings' and 'Cancel Changes'.

**Figure 4-46: DMZ**

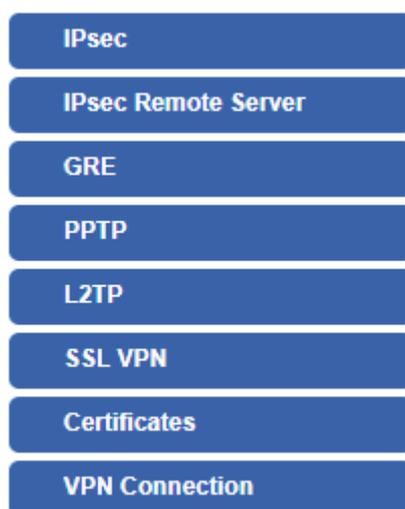
Object	Description
<b>DMZ</b>	Set the function as enable or disable. If the DMZ function is enabled, it means that you set up DMZ at a particular computer to be exposed to the Internet so that some applications/software, especially Internet/online game can have two way connections.

Object	Description
<b>DMZ IP Address</b>	Enter the IP address of a particular host in your LAN which will receive all the packets originally going to the WAN port/Public IP address above.

## 4.7 Virtual Private Network

To obtain a private and secure network link, the router is capable of establishing VPN connections. When used in combination with remote client authentication, it links the business' remote sites and users, conveniently providing the enterprise with an encrypted network communication method. By allowing the enterprise to utilize the Internet as a means of transferring data across the network, it forms one of the most effective and secure options for enterprises to adopt in comparison to other methods.

The Maintenance menu provides the following features for managing the system as [Figure 4-47](#) is shown below:



**Figure 4-47:** VPN Menu

Object	Description
<b>IPsec</b>	Allows setting IPsec function.
<b>IPsec Remote Server</b>	Disable or enable the IPsec Remote Server function. The default configuration is disabled.
<b>GRE</b>	Allows setting GRE function.
<b>PPTP</b>	Allows setting PPTP function.

<b>L2TP</b>	Allows setting L2TP function.
<b>SSL VPN</b>	Allows setting SSL VPN function.
<b>Certificates</b>	Download System CA Certificate
<b>VPN Connection</b>	Allows checking VPN Connection Status.

### 4.7.1 IPsec

**IPsec** (IP Security) is a generic standardized VPN solution. IPsec must be implemented in the IP stack which is part of the kernel. Since IPsec is a standardized protocol it is compatible to most vendors that implement IPsec. It allows users to have an encrypted network session by standard **IKE** (Internet Key Exchange). We strongly encourage you to use IPsec only if you need to because of interoperability purposes. When IPsec lifetime is specified, the device can randomly refresh and identify forged IKE's during the IPsec lifetime.

This page will allow you to modify the user name and passwords as shown in [Figure 4-48](#).



**Figure 4-48:** IPsec

Object	Description
<b>Add IPsec Tunnel</b>	Go to the Add IPsec Tunnel page to add a new tunnel.

IPSec Tunnel

IPSec Tunnel Enable

Tunnel Name

Interface  WAN1  WAN2

Local Network

Local Netmask

Remote IP Address

Remote Network

Remote Netmask

**Detection**

Dead Peer Detection

Time Interval  Seconds    Timeout  Seconds    Action

**Authentication**

Preshare Key

**IKE Setting**

**Phase 1**

IKE  v1  v2

Connection Type  Main  Aggressive

ISAKMP      DH Group

IKE SA Lifetime  hours

**Phase 2**

ESP

ESP Keylife  hours

Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS)  Yes  No

**Figure 4-49: IPSec Tunnel**

Object	Description
<b>IPSec Tunnel Enable</b>	Check the box to enable the function.
<b>Tunnel Name</b>	Enter any words for recognition.
<b>Interface</b>	This is only available for host-to-host connections and specifies to which interface the host is connecting.  1. WAN 1. 2. WAN 2.
<b>Local Network</b>	The local subnet in CIDR notation. For instance, "192.168.1.0".
<b>Local Netmask</b>	The netmask of this router.

<b>Remote IP Address</b>	Input the IP address of the remote host. For instance, "210.66.1.10".
<b>Remote Network</b>	The remote subnet in CIDR notation. For instance, "210.66.1.0".
<b>Remote Netmask</b>	The netmask of the remote host.
<b>Dead Peer Detection</b>	<p>Set up the detection time of <b>DPD</b> (Dead Peer Detection).</p> <p>By default, the DPD detection's gap is 30 seconds, over 150 seconds to think that is the broken line.</p> <p>When VPN detects opposite party reaction time, the function will take one of the actions: "Hold" stand for the system will retain IPsec SA, "Clear" stand for the tunnel will clean away and waits for the new sessions, "Restart" will delete the IPsec SA and reset VPN tunnel.</p>
<b>Preshare Key</b>	Enter a pass phrase to be used to authenticate the other side of the tunnel. Should be the same as the remote host.
<b>IKE</b>	Select the IKE (Internet Key Exchange) version.
<b>Connection Type</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Main.</li> <li>2. Aggressive.</li> </ol>
<b>ISAKMP</b>	<p>It provides the way to create the SA between two PCs. The SA can access the encoding between two PCs, and the IT administrator can assign to which key size or Preshare Key and algorithm to use. The SA comes in many connection ways.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <b>AES</b>: All using a 128-bit, 192-bit and 256-bit key. AES is a commonly seen and adopted nowadays.</li> <li>2. <b>3DES</b>: Triple DES is a block cipher formed from the DES cipher by using it three times. It can achieve an algorithm up to 168 bits.</li> <li>3. <b>SHA1</b>: The SHA1 is a revision of SHA. It has improved the shortcomings of SHA. By producing summary hash values, it can achieve an algorithm up to 160 bits.</li> <li>4. <b>SHA2</b>: Either 256, 384 or 512 can be chosen</li> <li>5. <b>MD5 Algorithm</b>: MD5 processes a variably long message into a fixed-length output of 128 bits.</li> <li>6. <b>DH Group</b>: Either 1, 2, 5, 14, 15, 16, 17, or 18 can be chosen.</li> </ol>
<b>IKE SA Lifetime</b>	You can specify how long IKE packets are valid.
<b>ESP</b>	<p>It offers AES, 3 DES, SHA 1, SHA2, and MD5.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <b>AES</b>: All using a 128-bit, 192-bit and 256-bit key. AES is a commonly seen and adopted nowadays.</li> <li>2. <b>3DES</b>: Triple DES is a block cipher formed from the DES cipher</li> </ol>

	<p>by using it three times. It can achieve an algorithm up to 168 bits.</p> <p>3. <b>SHA1:</b> The SHA1 is a revision of SHA. It has improved the shortcomings of SHA. By producing summary hash values, it can achieve an algorithm up to 160 bits.</p> <p>4. <b>SHA2:</b> Either 256, 384 or 512 can be chosen.</p> <p>5. <b>MD5 Algorithm:</b> MD5 processes a variably long message into a fixed-length output of 128 bits.</p>
<b>ESP Keylife</b>	You can specify how long ESP packets are valid.
<b>Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS)</b>	Set the function as enable or disable.

## 4.7.2 GRE

This section assists you in setting the GRE Tunnel as shown in [Figure 4-50](#).

The screenshot displays the configuration page for GRE Tunnels. At the top, there is a blue header 'GRE Tunnel'. Below it, a form field shows 'GRE Tunnel' with two radio buttons: 'Enable' (unselected) and 'Disable' (selected). Underneath is another blue header 'GRE Tunnel Lists'. Below this header is a table with the following columns: 'No.', 'Name', 'Enable', 'Through', 'Peer WAN IP Addr', 'Peer Subnet', 'Peer Tunnel IP', 'Local Tunnel IP', 'Local Netmask', and 'Action'. The table is currently empty. Below the table is a grey bar containing a blue button labeled 'Add GRE Tunnel'.

**Figure 4-50: GRE**

Object	Description
<b>GRE Tunnel</b>	Set the function as enable or disable.
<b>Add GRE Tunnel</b>	Go to the Add GRE Tunnel page to add a new tunnel.

GRE Tunnel

Status	<input type="button" value="Disable"/> ▾
Name	<input type="text" value="Tunnel name"/>
Through	<input type="button" value="LAN"/> ▾
Peer Wan IP Address	<input type="text" value="Remote IP Address"/>
Peer Subnet Mask	<input type="text" value="10.10.10.0/24"/>
Peer Tunnel IP Address	<input type="text" value="10.10.10.2"/>
Local Tunnel IP Address	<input type="text" value="10.10.10.1"/>
Local Subnet Mask	<input type="button" value="255.255.255.255 /32"/> ▾

**Figure 4-51: GRE Tunnel**

Object	Description
<b>Active</b>	Check the box to enable the function.
<b>Tunnel Name</b>	Enter any words for recognition.
<b>Through</b>	<p>This is only available for host-to-host connections and specifies to which interface the host is connecting.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. LAN.</li> <li>2. WAN 1.</li> <li>3. WAN 2.</li> </ol>
<b>Peer WAN IP Address</b>	Input the IP address of the remote host. For instance, "210.66.1.10".
<b>Peer Netmask</b>	The remote subnet in CIDR notation. For instance, "210.66.1.0/24".
<b>Peer Tunnel IP Address</b>	Input the Tunnel IP address of remote host.
<b>Local Tunnel IP Address</b>	Input the Tunnel IP address of remote host.
<b>Local Netmask</b>	Input the Tunnel IP address of the router.

### 4.7.3 PPTP Server

Use the IP address and the scope option needs to match the far end of the PPTP server; its goal is to use the PPTP channel technology, and establish Site-to-Site VPN where the channel can have equally good results from different methods with IPSec. The PPTP server is shown in [Figure 4-52](#).

PPTP Server

PPTP Server	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Broadcast	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Force MPPE Encryption	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
CHAP	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
MSCHAP	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
MSCHAP v2	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
DNS1	<input type="text" value=""/>
DNS2	<input type="text" value=""/>
WINS1	<input type="text" value=""/>
WINS2	<input type="text" value=""/>
Server IP Address	<input type="text" value="192.168.10.1"/>
Clients IP Address Start	<input type="text" value="192.168.10.10"/>
Clients IP Address End	<input type="text" value="192.168.10.100"/>

	User	Password
1	<input type="text" value="test"/>	<input type="text" value="test"/>
2	<input type="text" value="user"/>	<input type="text" value="1234"/>
3	<input type="text" value="user"/>	<input type="text" value="1234"/>
4	<input type="text" value="user"/>	<input type="text" value="1234"/>
5	<input type="text" value="user"/>	<input type="text" value="1234"/>

**Figure 4-52:** PPTP server

Object	Description
<b>PPTP Server</b>	Set the function as enable or disable.
<b>Broadcast</b>	Enter any words for recognition.
<b>Force MPPE Encryption</b>	Set the encryption as enable or disable.
<b>CHAP</b>	Set the authentication as enable or disable.
<b>MSCHAP</b>	Set the authentication as enable or disable.

<b>MSCHAP v2</b>	Set the authentication as enable or disable.
<b>DNS</b>	When the PPTP client connects to the PPTP server, it will assign the DNS server IP address to client.
<b>WINS</b>	When the PPTP client connects to the PPTP server, it will assign the WINS server IP address to client.
<b>Server IP Address</b>	Input the IP address of the PPTP Server. For instance, "192.168.10.1".
<b>Clients IP Address (Start/End)</b>	When the VPN connection is established, the VPN client will get IP address from the VPN Server. Please set the range of IP Address. For instance, the start IP address is "192.168.10.10", the end IP address is "192.168.10.100".
<b>User and Password</b>	Create the username and password for the VPN client.

## 4.7.4 L2TP Server

This section assists you in setting the L2TP Server as shown in [Figure 4-53](#).

L2TP Server

L2TP Server  Enable  Disable

Server IP Address

Clients IP Address Start

Clients IP Address End

With IPsec  Enable  Disable

Preshare Key

**Users**

	User	Password
1	<input type="text" value="test"/>	<input type="text" value="test"/>
2	<input type="text" value="user"/>	<input type="text" value="1234"/>
3	<input type="text" value="user"/>	<input type="text" value="1234"/>
4	<input type="text" value="user"/>	<input type="text" value="1234"/>
5	<input type="text" value="user"/>	<input type="text" value="1234"/>

**IPsec**

**Phase 1**

Connection Type  Main  Aggressive

ISAKMP   DH Group

IKE SA Lifetime  hours

**Phase 2**

ESP

ESP Keylife  hours

**Figure 4-53: L2TP Server**

Object	Description
<b>L2TP Server</b>	Set the function as enable or disable.
<b>Server IP Address</b>	Input the IP address of the L2TP Server. For instance, "192.168.50.1".
<b>Clients IP Address (Start/End)</b>	When the VPN connection is established, the VPN client will get IP address from the VPN Server. Please set the range of IP Address. For instance, the start IP address is "192.168.50.100", the end IP address is "192.168.50.200".

Object	Description
<b>With IPsec</b>	Set the function as enable to make the L2TP work with IPsec encryption.
<b>Preshare Key</b>	Enter a pass phrase.
<b>User and Password</b>	Create the username and password for the VPN client.
<b>Connection Type</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Main.</li> <li>2. Aggressive.</li> </ol>
<b>ISAKMP</b>	<p>It provides the way to create the SA between two PCs. The SA can access the encoding between two PCs, and the IT administrator can assign to which key size or Preshare Key and algorithm to use. The SA comes in many connection ways.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. AES: All using a 128-bit, 192-bit and 256-bit key. AES is a commonly seen and adopted nowadays.</li> <li>2. 3DES: Triple DES is a block cipher formed from the DES cipher by using it three times. It can achieve an algorithm up to 168 bits.</li> <li>3. SHA1: The SHA1 is a revision of SHA. It has improved the shortcomings of SHA. By producing summary hash values, it can achieve an algorithm up to 160 bits.</li> <li>4. SHA2: Either 256, 384 or 512 can be chosen.</li> <li>5. MD5 Algorithm: MD5 processes a variably long message into a fixed-length output of 128 bits.</li> <li>6. DH Group: Either 1, 2, 5, 14, 15, 16, 17, or 18 can be chosen.</li> </ol>
<b>IKE SA Lifetime</b>	You can specify how long IKE packets are valid.
<b>ESP</b>	<p>It offers AES, 3 DES, SHA 1, SHA2, and MD5.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. AES: All using a 128-bit, 192-bit and 256-bit key. AES is a commonly seen and adopted nowadays.</li> <li>2. 3DES: Triple DES is a block cipher formed from the DES cipher by using it three times. It can achieve an algorithm up to 168 bits.</li> <li>3. SHA1: The SHA1 is a revision of SHA. It has improved the shortcomings of SHA. By producing summary hash values, it can achieve an algorithm up to 160 bits.</li> <li>4. SHA2: Either 256, 384 or 512 can be chosen.</li> <li>5. MD5 Algorithm: MD5 processes a variably long message into a fixed-length output of 128 bits.</li> </ol>
<b>ESP Keylife</b>	You can specify how long ESP packets are valid.

## 4.7.5 SSL VPN

This section assists you in setting the SSL Server as shown in [Figure 4-54](#).

SSL Server

SSL VPN Server	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	
Port	<input type="text" value="1194"/>	
Tunnel Protocol	<input type="text" value="UDP"/>	
Virtual Network Device	<input type="text" value="TUN"/>	
Interface	<input type="text" value="LAN"/>	192.168.1.1
VPN Network	<input type="text" value="192.168.20.0"/>	
Network Mask	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>	
Encryption Cipher	<input type="text" value="AES-128 CBC"/>	
Hash Algorithm	<input type="text" value="SHA1"/>	
Export client.ovpn	<input type="button" value="Export"/>	

**Figure 4-54:** SSL Server

Object	Description
<b>SSL VPN Server</b>	Set the function as enable or disable.
<b>Port</b>	Set a port for the SSL Service. Default port is 1194.
<b>Tunnel Protocol</b>	Set the protocol as TCP or UDP.
<b>Virtual Network Device</b>	Set the Virtual Network Device as TUN or TAP.
<b>Interface</b>	User is able to select the interface for SSL service using.
<b>VPN Network</b>	The VPN subnet in CIDR notation. For instance, "192.168.20.0".
<b>Network Mask</b>	The netmask of the VPN.
<b>Encryption Cipher</b>	There are four encryption types: None, AES-128 CBC, AES-192 CBC or AES-256 CBC.
<b>Hash Algorithm</b>	There are five types of Hash Algorithm: None, SHA1, SHA1, SHA512 or MD5.
<b>Export client.ovpn</b>	Export a configuration for the SSL client. User is able to upload it to VPN client (such as Open VPN software).

## 4.7.6 VPN Connection

This page shows the VPN connection status as shown in [Figure 4-55](#).

VPN Connection Status					
Type	Connected Time	Local IP	Remote IP	Local Subnet	Remote Subnet

**Figure 4-55:** VPN Connection Status

Object	Description
<b>VPN Connection Status</b>	Click the IPsec/GRE/.../SSL VPN bookmark to check the current connection status.

## 4.8 AP Control

The AP Control menu provides the following features for managing the system as [Figure 4-56](#) is shown below:



**Figure 4-56:** AP Control Menu

Object	Description
<b>Preference</b>	Edit region, RO community, RW community
<b>AP Search</b>	Search APs in the same domain
<b>AP Management</b>	Config APs IP Address, Subnet Mask, SSID and Radio Profiles
<b>AP Group Management</b>	Grouping same model AP
<b>SSID Profile</b>	Setup SSID Profile
<b>Radio 2.4G Profile</b>	Setup Radio 2.4G Profiles
<b>Radio 5G Profile</b>	Setup Radio 5G Profiles
<b>Statistics AP Status</b>	Show the status of managed APs
<b>Statistics Active Clients</b>	Show the status of active clients
<b>Map It</b>	Edit the map of AP location and coverage
<b>Upload Map</b>	Search APs in the same domain

## 4.8.1 Preference

On this page, you can choose the device region of FCC or ETSI. Then edit RO community and RW community for public or private use. Select Apply or Reset.

### AP Preference

Region	FCC <span style="float: right;">▼</span>
RO Community	public
RW Community	private

Noted: Device of FCC and device of ETIS cannot be shown at the same time.

## 4.8.2 AP Search

On this page, you can add new APs in your AP Control System.

Step as follows :

Step 1. Press the Search button to discover PLANET devices.

Step 2. Waiting for few time, Choose which AP you want to add.

Step 3. Press the Apply button to finish addition.

AP Search

Num.	MAC Address	Device Type	Model No.	Version	Device IP	Device Description	<input type="checkbox"/>
1	a8:f7:e0:46:2e:38	Wireless	WDAP-C7200E	WDAP-C7200E-AP-FCC-V3.0-Build20200321122005	192.168.0.101		<input type="checkbox"/>
2	a8:f7:e0:3c:5f:ab	Wireless	WNAP-C3220E	WNAP-C3220E-AP-FCC-V3.0-Build20200422115453	192.168.0.102		<input type="checkbox"/>

Step1 → Search Apply ← Step3

Step2 → [ ]

Note: When use AP Search, The APs IP Address must be same as WS-Series Switch IP domain

### 4.8.3 AP Management

On this page, you can management your APs, Including check AP online status, config AP (IP address, Mask, SSID and Radio profile), reboot AP, firmware update, delete AP in the AP Control system.

#### Status

AP Management Apply Filter by Context 10 (10..64)

Online 
  Offline 
  Disable

☐	Status	AP Group	MAC Address	Device Type	Model No.	Version	IP Address	Device Description	Action
<input type="checkbox"/>	<span style="color: green;">●</span>		a8:f7:e0:46:2e:38	Wireless	WDAP-C7200E	WDAP-C7200E-AP-FCC-V3.0-Build20200321122005	192.168.0.101		⚙️ 🔗 📄 🔄 ⚡ 🗑️
<input type="checkbox"/>	<span style="color: green;">●</span>		a8:f7:e0:3c:5f:ab	Wireless	WNAP-C3220E	WNAP-C3220E-AP-FCC-V3.0-Build20200422115453	192.168.0.102		⚙️ 🔗 📄 🔄 ⚡ 🗑️

Object	Description
	Connection status: online, offline, Wi-Fi disabled
	In progress: action in progress
	Finished/Successful: action finished and successful.
	Failed: action failed.

#### Action

Object	Description
	Setting: edit setting and allocate profile to AP
	Link: link to the AP's web page
	Firmware Update: Upgrade AP's firmware
	Reboot: Reboot the AP
	Delete: Delete the AP from the control list LED Control: Control the AP's LED.
	Mouse-click in a sequential order: LED blink-> LED off-> LED on



**Note:**

To do profile provisioning to multiple AP groups at one time, select multiple AP groups, and then click the “Apply” button.

The "Link" action is not allowed for multiple APs or AP group.

### 4.8.5 SSID Profile

On the SSID profile configuration page, enter the value that you preferred and then click “Apply” to save the profile

Radio Profile 2.4GHz Filter by Profile Name

<input type="checkbox"/>	Num.	Model No.	Profile Name	Wireless Mode	Channel ID	Channel Bandwidth	Tx Power	Data Rate	Action
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	WDAP-C7200E	test_2.4G	11b/g/n mixed mode	Auto	40MHz	100%	N/A	
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	WNAP-C3220E	test_2.4G	11b/g/n mixed mode	Auto	40MHz	100%	N/A	

Radio Profile 2.4GHz Configuration Apply Back Reset

Radio Profile Configuration

Model No.

Basic Setting

Radio Profile Description

Wireless Mode

Channel Bandwidth

Channel

MCS

Tx Power

Client Limit   (1 to 64)

**Action:**

Object	Description
	Add new profile: Click it to add a new profile.
	Delete selected item: Click it to delete the selected profile.
	Edit: Click it to edit the profile.
	Delete: Click it to delete the single profile.

## 4.8.6 Radio 2.4G Profile

On the Radio profile configuration page, enter the value that you preferred and then click “Apply” to save the profile.

Radio Profile 2.4GHz Filter by Profile Name  10 (10.8)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Num.	Model No.	Profile Name	Wireless Mode	Channel ID	Channel Bandwidth	Tx Power	Data Rate	Action	
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	WDAP-C7200E	test_2.4G	11b/g/n mixed mode	Auto	40MHz	100%	N/A		
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	WNAP-C3220E	test_2.4G	11b/g/n mixed mode	Auto	40MHz	100%	N/A		

Action:

Object	Description
	Add new profile: Click it to add a new profile.
	Delete selected item: Click it to delete the selected profile.
	Edit: Click it to edit the profile.
	Delete: Click it to delete the single profile.

Radio Profile 2.4GHz Configuration Apply Back Reset

Model No.

Radio Profile Configuration

Basic Setting

Radio Profile Description

Wireless Mode

Channel Bandwidth

Channel

MCS

Tx Power

Client Limit   (1 to 64)

Notes:

1. Strongly suggest you to keep the values as default except the fields like Channel, Network Mode, Channel Bandwidth, Tx Power, IAPP, and Tx/Rx to prevent any unexpected error or impact on the performance.
2. WMM Capable is not allowed to be disabled.

## 4.8.7 Radio 5G Profile

On the Radio profile configuration page, enter the value that you preferred and then click “Apply” to save the profile.

Radio Profile 5GHz Filter by Profile Name  10 (10.8)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Num.	Model No.	Profile Name	Wireless Mode	Channel ID	Channel Bandwidth	Tx Power	Data Rate	Action
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	WDAP-C7200E	test_5G	11n/ac mixed mode	Auto	40MHz	100%	N/A	

Action:

Object	Description
	Add new profile: Click it to add a new profile.
	Delete selected item: Click it to delete the selected profile.
	Edit: Click it to edit the profile.
	Delete: Click it to delete the single profile.

Radio Profile 5GHz Configuration Apply Back Reset

Radio Profile Configuration

Model No.

Basic Setting

Radio Profile Description

Wireless Mode

Channel Bandwidth

Channel

Client Limit   (1 to 64)

Notes:

1. Strongly suggest you to keep the values as default except the fields like Channel, Network Mode, Channel Bandwidth, Tx Power, IAPP, and Tx/Rx to prevent any unexpected error or impact on the performance.
2. WMM Capable is not allowed to be disabled.

## 4.8.8 Statistics AP Status

On this page, you can observe the current configuration of all managed APs.

Statistic > Managed APs Filter by Context

● Online 
 ● Offline 
 ● Disable

Num.	Status	MAC Address	IP Address	Model No.	Name	Firmware	AP Group	2.4GHz SSID Profile	5GHz SSID Profile	2.4GHz Radio Profile	5GHz Radio Profile
1	<span style="color: green;">●</span>	a8:f7:e0:46:2e:38	192.168.0.102	WDAP-C7200E		WDAP-C7200E-AP-FCC-V3.0-Build20200321122005					
2	<span style="color: green;">●</span>	a8:f7:e0:3c:5f:ab	192.168.0.101	WNAP-C3220E		WNAP-C3220E-AP-FCC-V3.0-Build20200422115453			N/A		N/A

**Filter:** You can filter the AP list by entering the keyword in the field next to the magnifier icon. The keyword should be in any context that belongs to the fields of this page.

## 4.8.9 Statistics Active Clients

On this page, you can observe the statuses of all associated clients including traffic statistics, transmission speed and RSSI signal strength.

Statistic > Active Clients Filter by MAC, IP, SSID, Band

Num.	Client MAC Address	AP MAC Address	AP SSID	Band	Tx (KB)	Rx (KB)	Speed (Mbps)	RSSI (dBm)
1	00:00:00:00:00:00	a8:f7:e0:46:2e:38	SSIDtest_2.4G	2.4GHz	0	0	0	0

**Filter:** You can filter the search result by entering the keywords in the field next to the magnifier icon. The keywords include MAC Address, IP Address, SSID and Band.

## 4.8.10 Map It

On this page you can add managed APs to the actual position against the floor map. This is convenient to user to view and adjust the actual deployment by reference to its real transmission power and channel allocation.



I	S	Device Description	A
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WDAP-C7200E	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WNAP-C3220E	<input type="checkbox"/>

AP Group  
Band  
Transparency  
Scale  
1 : 30.303030303030305m

Please draw a straight line to estimate distance with a mouse.  
What is the physical distance of the draw line?  
 m



I	S	Device Description	A
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WDAP-C7200E	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WNAP-C3220E	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

AP Group  
Band  
Transparency  
Scale  
1 : 39.21568627450981m

1. Click "Scale" to start to reset the map scale.
2. Press the set button to draw a line on the map. Fill its physical distance in the blank and press Set or Cancel. For example, in the graph below, set the door width to 0.8 m

Note: You need to upload map image first before managed APs to the actual position.

## 4.8.11 Upload Map

On this page, the system allows you to upload your floor map to the system.

Upload Map  Apply

Map	New Map ▾
Upload File	<input type="text" value="選擇檔案"/> 未選擇任何檔案
New Description	<input type="text"/>
File Size	Bytes

Note: The system allows user to upload up to 10 floor maps.

## 4.9 Power over Ethernet

The PoE menu provides the following features for managing the system.

- PoE Configuration
- PoE Status
- PoE Schedule
- PoE Alive Check

Object	Description
PoE Configuration	Allows to centralize management PoE power for PDs.
PoE Status	Displays the current PoE usage.
PoE Schedule	Allows centralizing management PoE power for providing schedule.
PD Alive Check	Allows centralizing management PoE power for checking PDs alive.

### 4.9.1 PoE Configuration

This section allows the user to inspect and configure the current PoE configuration setting.

PoE Configuration

System PoE Admin Mode Enable

Power Supply 51 V

Power Limit Mode Consumption

Power Allocation  0 / 120 W

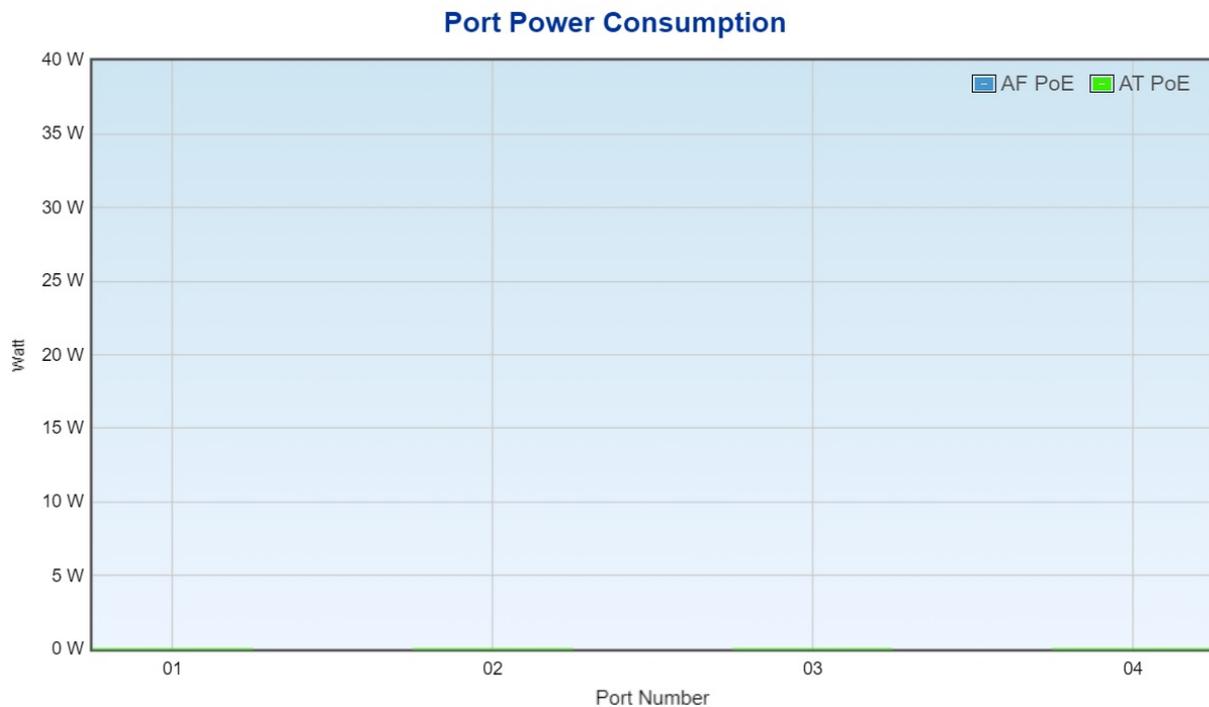
Port	Description	PoE Function	Schedule	Power Mode	Priority	Device Class	Current Used [mA]	Powered Used [W]
All		<All> <input type="button" value="v"/>	<All> <input type="button" value="v"/>	AT/AF	<All> <input type="button" value="v"/>			
1	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	Enable <input type="button" value="v"/>	None <input type="button" value="v"/>	AT/AF	High <input type="button" value="v"/>	--	0	0
2	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	Enable <input type="button" value="v"/>	None <input type="button" value="v"/>	AT/AF	High <input type="button" value="v"/>	--	0	0
3	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	Enable <input type="button" value="v"/>	None <input type="button" value="v"/>	AT/AF	High <input type="button" value="v"/>	--	0	0
4	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	Enable <input type="button" value="v"/>	None <input type="button" value="v"/>	AT/AF	High <input type="button" value="v"/>	--	0	0
<b>Total</b>							0	0

Apply Settings
Cancel Changes

Object	Description
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>System PoE Admin Mode</b></li> </ul>	<p>Allows user to enable or disable PoE function. It will cause all of PoE ports to supply or not to supply power.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>PoE Function</b></li> </ul>	<p>There are three modes for PoE mode.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <b>Enable:</b> enable PoE function..</li> <li>■ <b>Disable:</b> disable PoE function.</li> <li>■ <b>Schedule: enable PoE function in schedule mode.</b></li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Schedule</b></li> </ul>	<p>Indicates the scheduled profile mode. Possible profiles are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <b>Profile1</b></li> <li>■ <b>Profile2</b></li> <li>■ <b>Profile3</b></li> <li>■ <b>Profile4</b></li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Priority</b></li> </ul>	<p>The Priority represents PoE ports priority. There are three levels of power priority named <b>Low</b>, <b>High</b> and <b>Critical</b>.</p> <p>The priority is used in case the total power consumption is over the total power budget. In this case, the port with the lowest priority will be turned off, and power for the port of higher priority will be offered.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Device Class</b></li> </ul>	<p>Displays the class of the PD attached to the port, as established by the classification process. Class 0 is the default for PDs. The PD is powered based on PoE Class level if the system is working in Classification mode. The PD will return to Class 0 to 4 in accordance with the maximum power</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Current Used [mA]</b></li> </ul>	<p>The <b>Power Used</b> shows how much current the PD currently is using.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Powered Used [W]</b></li> </ul>	<p>The <b>Power Used</b> shows how much power the PD currently is using.</p>

## 4.9.2 PoE Status

This section provide per port PoE status.



## 4.9.3 PoE Schedule

This page allows the user to define PoE schedule and scheduled power recycling.

Please press **Add New Rule** button to start setting PoE Schedule function. You have to set PoE schedule to profile and then go back to PoE Port Configuration, and select **“Schedule”** mode from per port **“PoE Mode”** option to enable you to indicate which schedule profile could be applied to the PoE port.

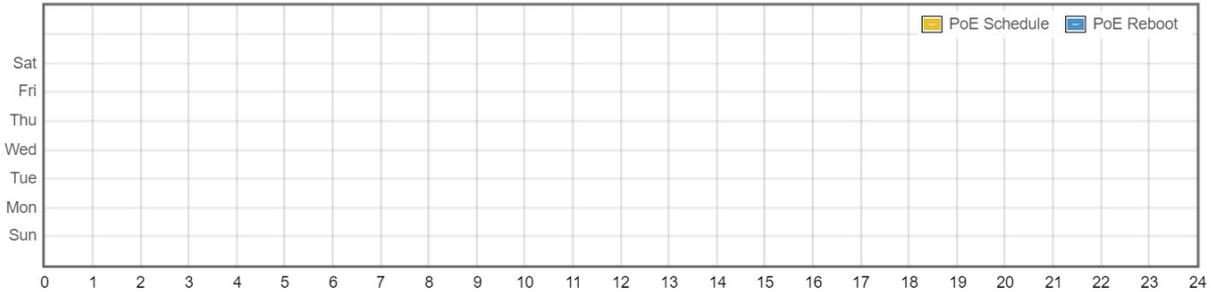
PoE Schedule

Profile Profile 1

Week Day	Start Hour	Start Min	End Hour	End Min	Reboot Enable	Reboot Only	Reboot Hour	Reboot Min	Delete
Sun	00	00	23	59	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	00	00	Add

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes



Object	Description
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Profile</b></li> </ul>	Set the schedule profile mode. Possible profiles are:  <b>Profile1</b>  <b>Profile2</b>  <b>Profile3</b>  <b>Profile4</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Week Day</b></li> </ul>	Allows user to set week day for defining PoE function by enabling it on the day.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Start Hour</b></li> </ul>	Allows user to set what hour PoE function does by enabling it.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Start Min</b></li> </ul>	Allows user to set what minute PoE function does by enabling it.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>End Hour</b></li> </ul>	Allows user to set what hour PoE function does by disabling it.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>End Min</b></li> </ul>	Allows user to set what minute PoE function does by disabling it.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Reboot Enable</b></li> </ul>	Allows user to enable or disable the whole PoE port reboot by PoE reboot schedule. Please note that if you want PoE schedule and PoE reboot schedule to work at the same time, please use this function, and don't use <b>Reboot Only</b> function. This function offers administrator to reboot PoE device at an indicated time if administrator has this kind of requirement.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Reboot Only</b></li> </ul>	Allows user to reboot PoE function by PoE reboot schedule. Please note that if administrator enables this function, PoE schedule will not set time to profile. This function is just for PoE port to reset at an

	indicated time.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Reboot Hour</b></li> </ul>	Allows user to set what hour PoE reboots. This function is only for PoE reboot schedule.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Reboot Min</b></li> </ul>	Allows user to set what minute PoE reboots. This function is only for PoE reboot schedule.

#### 4.9.4 PD Alive Check

The VPN Router can be configured to monitor connected PD's status in real-time via ping action. Once the PD stops working and without response, the PoE Switch is going to restart PoE port power, and bring the PD back to work. It will greatly enhance the reliability and reduces administrator management burden.

PoE Alive Configuration						
Port	Mode	Remote PD IP Address	Interval Time(10~300s)	Retry Count(1~5)	Action	Reboot Time (30~180s)
All	<All> ▾			<All> ▾	<All> ▾	
1	Disable ▾	192.168.1.10	10	1 ▾	None ▾	30
2	Disable ▾	192.168.1.11	10	1 ▾	None ▾	30
3	Disable ▾	192.168.1.12	10	1 ▾	None ▾	30
4	Disable ▾	192.168.1.13	10	1 ▾	None ▾	30

Object	Description
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Mode</b></li> </ul>	Allows user to enable or disable per port PD Alive Check function. By default, all ports are disabled.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Remote PD IP Address</b></li> </ul>	This column allows user to set PoE device IP address for system making ping to the PoE device. Please note that the PD's IP address must be set to the same network segment with the PoE Switch.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Interval Time (10~300s)</b></li> </ul>	This column allows user to set how long system should issue a ping request to PD for detecting whether PD is alive or dead. Interval time range is from 10 seconds to 300 seconds.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Retry Count (1~5)</b></li> </ul>	This column allows user to set the number of times system retries ping to PD. For example, if we set count 2, it means that if system retries ping to the PD and the PD doesn't response continuously, the PoE port will be reset.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Action</b></li> </ul>	Allows user to set which action will be applied if the PD is without any

	<p>response. The PoE Switch Series offers the following 3 actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <b>PD Reboot:</b> It means system will reset the PoE port that is connected to the PD.</li> <li>■ <b>PD Reboot &amp; Alarm:</b> It means system will reset the PoE port and issue an alarm message via Syslog.</li> <li>■ <b>Alarm:</b> It means system will issue an alarm message via Syslog.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Reboot Time (30~180s)</b></li> </ul>	<p>This column allows user to set the PoE device rebooting time as there are so many kinds of PoE devices on the market and they have a different rebooting time.</p> <p>The PD Alive-check is not a defining standard, so the PoE device on the market doesn't report reboot done information to the PoE Switch. Thus, user has to make sure how long the PD will take to finish booting, and then set the time value to this column.</p> <p>System is going to check the PD again according to the reboot time. If you are not sure of the precise booting time, we suggest you set it longer.</p>

## 4.10 Wireless

The Wireless menu provides the following features for managing the system



Object	Description
2.4G WiFi	Allow to configure 2.4G WiFi.
5G WiFi	Allow to configure 5G WiFi.
MAC ACL	Allow configure MAC ACL.
WiFi Advanced	Allow to configure advanced setting of WiFi.
WiFi Statistics	Display the statistics of WiFi traffic.
Connection Status	Display the connection status.

### 4.10.1 2.4G WiFi

This page allows the user to define 2.4G WiFi.

2.4G WiFi Configuration

Basic

Virtual AP1

Virtual AP2

Virtual AP3

Wireless Status

Wireless Name (SSID)

Hide SSID

Bandwidth

Channel

Encryption

WiFi Multimedia

Enable  Disable

Enable  Disable

Enable  Disable

Object	Description
Wireless Status	Allows user to enable or disable 2.4G WiFi
Wireless Name (SSID)	It is the wireless network name. The default 2.4G SSID is "PLANET_2.4G"
Hide SSID	Allows user to enable or disable SSID
Bandwidth	Select the operating channel width, "20MHz" or "40MHz"
Channel	It shows the channel of the CPE. Default 2.4GHz is channel 6.
Encryption	Select the wireless encryption. The default is "Open"
WiFi Multimedia	Enable/Disable WMM (Wi-Fi Multimedia ) function

### 4.10.2 5G WiFi

This page allows the user to define 5G WiFi.

5G WiFi Configuration

Basic

Virtual AP1

Virtual AP2

Virtual AP3

Wireless Status  Enable  Disable

Wireless Name (SSID)

Hide SSID  Enable  Disable

Bandwidth  ▾

Channel  ▾

Encryption  ▾

WiFi Multimedia  Enable  Disable

Object	Description
Wireless Status	Allows user to enable or disable 5G WiFi
Wireless Name (SSID)	It is the wireless network name. The default 5G SSID is "PLANET_5G"
Hide SSID	Allows user to enable or disable SSID
Bandwidth	Select the operating channel width, "20MHz" or "40MHz" or "80MHz"
Channel	It shows the channel of the CPE. Default 5GHz is channel 36.
Encryption	Select the wireless encryption. The default is "Open"
WiFi Multimedia	Enable/Disable WMM (Wi-Fi Multimedia ) function

### 4.10.3 MAC ACL

This page allows the user to define MAC ACL.

MAC ACL

MAC ACL  Enable  Disable

MAC ACL Rules

Index	Active	Device Name	MAC Address	Action
		abc	00:30:4F:00:00:01	<div style="margin-bottom: 5px;"><span style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white; padding: 2px 5px; border: none;">Add</span></div> <div><span style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white; padding: 2px 5px; border: none;">Scan</span></div>

Object	Description
Active	Allows the devices to pass in the rule
Device Name	Set an allowed device name
MAC Address	Set an allowed device MAC address
Add	Press the “ <b>Add</b> ” button to add end-device that is scanned from wireless network and mark them
Scan	Connect to client list

## 4.10.4 WiFi Advanced

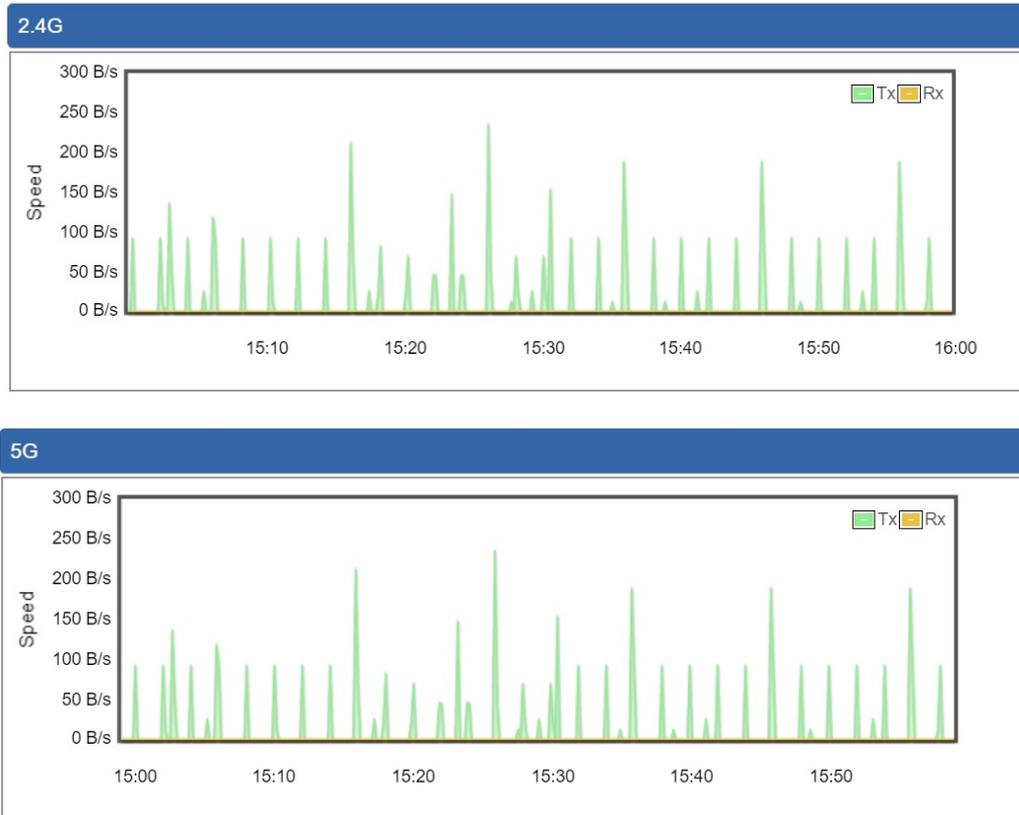
This page allows the user to define advanced setting of WiFi.

WiFi Advanced	
2.4G Mode	<input type="text" value="11 AX"/> ▾
5G Mode	<input type="text" value="11 AX"/> ▾
2.4GHz Maximum Associated Clients	<input type="text" value="32"/> (Range 1~64)
5GHz Maximum Associated Clients	<input type="text" value="32"/> (Range 1~64)
2.4G Coverage Threshold	<input type="text" value="-90"/> (-95dBm ~ -60dBm)
5G Coverage Threshold	<input type="text" value="-90"/> (-95dBm ~ -60dBm)
2.4G TX Power	<input type="text" value="Max(100%)"/> ▾
5G TX Power	<input type="text" value="Max(100%)"/> ▾

Object	Description
2.4G Mode	11AC: Select 802.11B/G or 802.11N/G 11AX: Select 802.11B/G or 802.11N/G or 802.11AX
5G Mode	11AC: Select 802.11A or 802.11AN or 802.11AC 11AX: Select 802.11A or 802.11AN or 802.11AC or 802.11AX
2.4GHz Maximum Associated Clients	The maximum users are 64
5GHz Maximum Associated Clients	The maximum users are 64
2.4G Coverage Threshold	The coverage threshold is to limit the weak signal of clients occupying session. The default is -90dBm
5G Coverage Threshold	The coverage threshold is to limit the weak signal of clients occupying session. The default is -90dBm
2.4G TX Power	The range of transmit power is <b>Max (100%), Efficient (75%), Enhanced (50%), Standard (25%)</b> or <b>Min (15%)</b> . In case of shortening the distance and the coverage of the wireless network, input a smaller value to reduce the radio transmission power
5G TX Power	The range of transmit power is <b>Max (100%), Efficient (75%), Enhanced (50%), Standard (25%)</b> or <b>Min (15%)</b> . In case of shortening the distance and the coverage of the wireless network, input a smaller value to reduce the radio transmission power

### 4.10.5 WiFi Statistics

This page shows the statistics of WiFi traffic.



### 4.10.6 Connection Status

This page shows the host names and MAC address of all the clients in your network

Client List				
No.	Name	MAC Address	Signal	Connected Time

Object	Description
Name	Display the host name of connected clients.
MAC Address	Display the MAC address of connected clients.
Signal	Display the connected signal of connected clients.
Connected Time	Display the connected time of connected clients.

## 4.11 Maintenance

The Maintenance menu provides the following features for managing the system



Object	Description
<b>Administrator</b>	Allows changing the login username and password.
<b>Date &amp; Time</b>	Allows setting Date & Time function.
<b>Save/Restore Configuration</b>	Export the router's configuration to local or USB sticker. Restore the router's configuration from local or USB sticker.
<b>Firmware Upgrade</b>	Upgrade the firmware from local or USB storage.
<b>Reboot / Reset</b>	Reboot or reset the system.
<b>Auto Reboot</b>	Allows setting auto-reboot schedule.
<b>Diagnostics</b>	Allows you to issue ICMP PING packets to troubleshoot IP.

### 4.11.1 Administrator

To ensure the router's security is secure, you will be asked for your password when you access the router's Web-based utility. The default user name and password are "**admin**". This page will allow you to modify the user name and passwords.

Account Password

Username	<input type="text" value="admin"/>
Password	<input type="password"/>
Confirm Password	<input type="password"/>

Apply Settings
Cancel Changes

Object	Description
<b>Username</b>	Input a new username.
<b>Password</b>	Input a new password.
<b>Confirm Password</b>	Input password again.

### 4.11.2 Date and Time

This section assists you in setting the system time of the router. You are able to either select to set the time and date manually or automatically obtain the GMT time from Internet as shown in [Figure 4-49](#).

Date and Time

Current Time	Year <input type="text" value="2019"/> Month <input type="text" value="10"/> Day <input type="text" value="22"/> Hour <input type="text" value="10"/> Minute <input type="text" value="27"/> Second <input type="text" value="12"/> <input type="button" value="Copy Computer Time"/>
Time Zone Select	<input type="text" value="(GMT+08:00)Taipei"/>
NTP Client Update	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
NTP Server	<input type="text" value="time.nist.gov"/> <input type="text" value="time.windows.com"/> <input type="text" value="time.stdtime.gov.tw"/> <input type="text"/>

Apply Settings
Cancel Changes

Object	Description
<b>Current Time</b>	Show the current time. User is able to set time and date manually.
<b>Time Zone Select</b>	Select the time zone of the country you are currently in. The router will

	set its time based on your selection.
<b>NTP Client Update</b>	Once this function is enabled, router will automatically update current time from NTP server.
<b>NTP Server</b>	User may use the default NTP sever or input NTP server manually.

### 4.11.3 Saving/Restoring Configuration

This page shows the status of the configuration. You may save the setting file to either USB storage or PC and load the setting file from USB storage or PC as [Figure 4-50](#) is shown below:

**Save/Restore Configuration**

Configuration Export	<input type="button" value="Export"/>
Configuration Import	<input type="button" value="Choose File"/> No file chosen
	<input type="button" value="Import"/>

**USB Backup/Upload Configuration**

USB HDD:	Not Detected	
Backup Settings to USB HDD:	<input type="button" value="Save"/>	
Load Settings from USB HDD:	Configuration disabled	<input type="button" value="Upload"/>
	<input type="button" value="Unmount"/>	

\*Please format the HDD as FAT32 on a Windows PC before using it for backup\*

#### ■ Save Setting to PC

Object	Description
<b>Configuration Export</b>	Press the <input type="button" value="Export"/> button to save setting file to PC.
<b>Configuration Import</b>	Press the <input type="button" value="Choose File"/> button to select the setting file, and then press the <input type="button" value="Import"/> button to upload setting file from PC.

#### ■ Save Setting to USB Storage

Object	Description
--------	-------------

Object	Description
<b>USB Storage</b>	The status of USB storage.
<b>Backup Settings to USB Storage</b>	Press the <input type="button" value="Save"/> button to save setting file to USB storage.
<b>Load Settings from USB Storage</b>	Press the <input type="button" value="Upload"/> button to upload setting file from USB storage.
<b>Unmount</b>	Before removing the USB storage from the router, please press the <input type="button" value="Unmount"/> button first.

#### 4.11.4 Upgrading Firmware

This page provides the firmware upgrade of the route.

Firmware Upgrade

Select File
 No file chosen

Object	Description
<b>Choose File</b>	Press the button to select the firmware.
<b>Upgrade</b>	Press the button to upgrade firmware to system.

#### 4.11.5 Reboot / Reset

This page enables the device to be rebooted from a remote location. Once the Reboot button is pressed, users have to re-log in the Web interface as [Figure 4-52](#) is shown below:

**Reboot / Reset**

Reboot Button

Reset Button

I'd like to keep the network profiles.  
Keep your current network profiles and reset all other configuration to factory defaults.

Object	Description
<b>Reboot</b>	Press the button to reboot system.
<b>Reset</b>	Press the button to restore all settings to factory default settings.
<b>I'd like to keep the network profiles.</b>	Check the box and then press the <input type="button" value="Reset to Default"/> button to keep the current network profiles and reset all other configurations to factory defaults.

### 4.11.6 Diagnostics

The page allows you to issue ICMP PING packets to troubleshoot IP connectivity issues. After you press "Ping", ICMP packets are transmitted, and the sequence number and roundtrip time are displayed upon reception of a reply. The Page refreshes automatically until responses to all packets are received, or until a timeout occurs.

**Ping Test**

Interface

Target Host

Numbers of Packets

Ping

Object	Description
<b>Interface</b>	Select an interface of the router.
<b>Target Host</b>	The destination IP Address or domain.
<b>Number of Packets</b>	Set the number of packets that will be transmitted; the maximum is 100.
<b>Ping</b>	The time of ping.



Be sure the target IP address is within the same network subnet of the router, or you have to set up the correct gateway IP address.

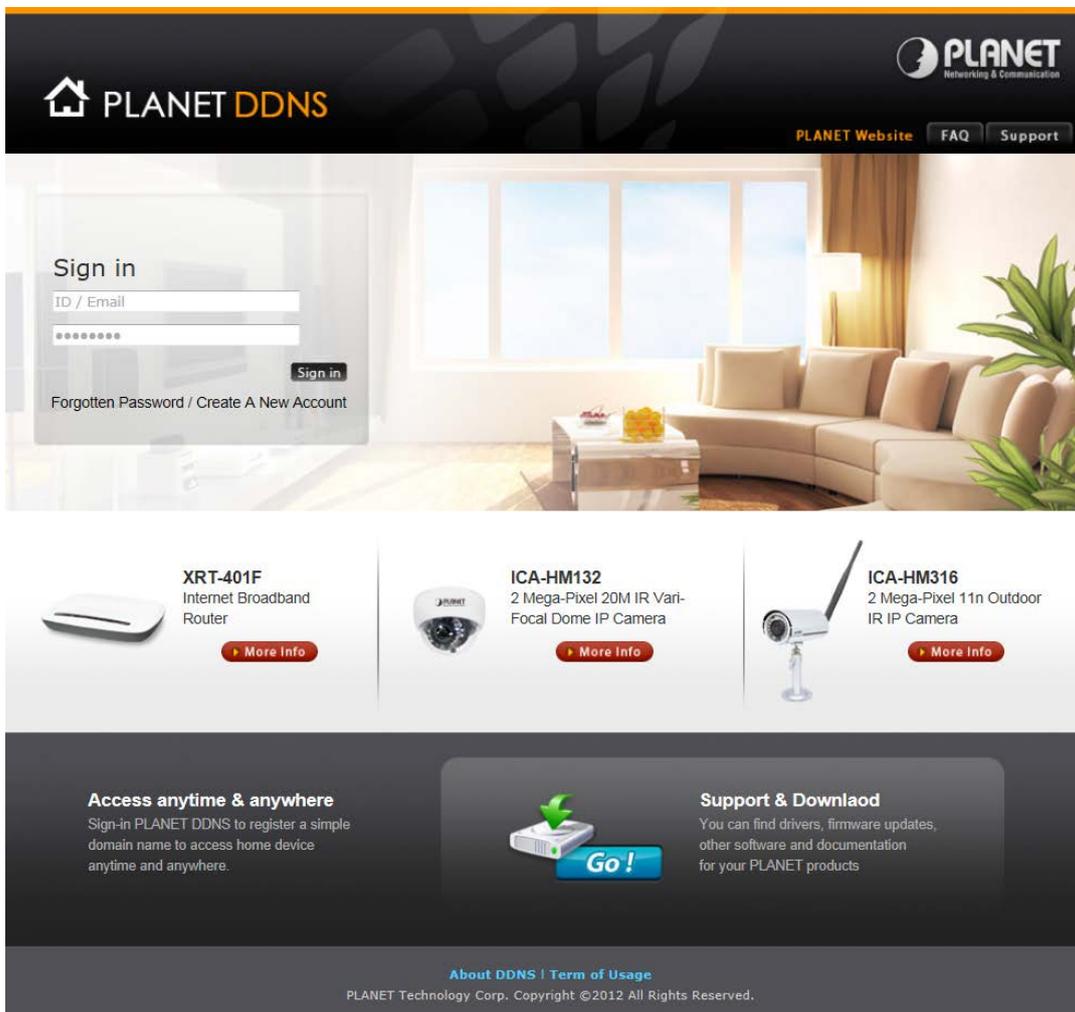
# Appendix A: DDNS Application

## Configuring PLANET DDNS steps:

Step 1: Visit DDNS provider's web site and register an account if you do not have one yet. For example, register an account at <http://planetddns.com>

Step 2: Enable DDNS option through accessing web page of the device.

Step 3: Input all DDNS settings.



The screenshot shows the PLANET DDNS website. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the PLANET logo and links for 'PLANET Website', 'FAQ', and 'Support'. The main content area features a 'Sign in' form with fields for 'ID / Email' and a password, a 'Sign in' button, and links for 'Forgotten Password / Create A New Account'. Below the form, there are three product cards: 'XRT-401F Internet Broadband Router', 'ICA-HM132 2 Mega-Pixel 20M IR Vari-Focal Dome IP Camera', and 'ICA-HM316 2 Mega-Pixel 11n Outdoor IR IP Camera'. Each card includes an image of the product and a 'More Info' button. At the bottom, there is a section for 'Access anytime & anywhere' and 'Support & Download', along with a 'Go!' button and a footer with 'About DDNS | Term of Usage' and 'PLANET Technology Corp. Copyright ©2012 All Rights Reserved.'