



User's Manual

Industrial 802.11n Wireless PoE Access Point

IAP-2000PS
 IAP-2000PE
 IAP-2001PE



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Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- 1. Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- 2. Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- 3. Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- 4. Consult the dealer or an experienced radio technician for help.

FCC Caution:

To assure continued compliance, (example-use only shielded interface cables when connecting to computer or peripheral devices) any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the Following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference
- (2) This Device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Federal Communication Commission (FCC) Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure set forth for an uncontrolled environment. In order to avoid the possibility of exceeding the FCC radio frequency exposure limits, human proximity to the antenna shall not be less than 20 cm (8 inches) during normal operation.

This is a class B device, in a domestic environment; this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Energy Saving Note of the Device

This power required device does not support Stand by mode operation.

For energy saving, please remove the DC-plug or push the hardware Power Switch to OFF position to disconnect

the device from the power circuit.

Without remove the DC-plug or switch off the device, the device will still consuming power from the power circuit. In the view of Saving the Energy and reduce the unnecessary power consuming, it is strongly suggested to switch off or remove the DC-plug for the device if this device is not intended to be active.

R&TTE Compliance Statement

This equipment complies with all the requirements of DIRECTIVE 1999/5/CE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunication terminal Equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity (R&TTE).

The R&TTE Directive repeals and replaces in the directive 98/13/EEC (Telecommunications Terminal Equipment and Satellite Earth Station Equipment) As of April 8, 2000.

Safety

This equipment is designed with the utmost care for the safety of those who install and use it. However, special attention must be paid to the dangers of electric shock and static electricity when working with electrical equipment. All guidelines of this and of the computer manufacture must therefore be allowed at all times to ensure the safe use of the equipment.

National Restrictions

This device is intended for home and office use in all EU countries (and other countries following the EU directive 1999/5/EC) without any limitation except for the countries mentioned below:

Country	Restriction	Reason/remark	
Bulgaria	None	General authorization required for outdoor use and public service	
France mW e.i.r.p. within the band band has been ongoing in recent y		Military Radiolocation use. Refarming of the 2.4 GHz band has been ongoing in recent years to allow current relaxed regulation. Full implementation planned 2012	
Italy	None If used outside of own premises, general auth required		
Luxembourg	None	General authorization required for network and servic supply(not for spectrum)	

Norway	Implemented	This subsection does not apply for the geographical area within a radius of 20 km from the centre of Ny-Ålesund
Russian Federation	None	Only for indoor applications

WEEE Regulation



To avoid the potential effects on the environment and human health as a result of the presence of hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment, end users of electrical and electronic equipment should understand the meaning of the crossed-out wheeled bin symbol. Do not dispose of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste and have to collect such WEEE separately.

Revision

User's Manual for PLANET Industrial 802.11n PoE Wireless Access Point

Model: IAP-2000PE / IAP-2000PS / IAP-2001PE

Rev: 1.2 (February, 2012)

Part No. EM-IAP200x_v1.2 (2081-E50230-001)

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Chapter 1. INTRODUCTION

The PLANET 802.11n Industrial Access Point Series – IAP-2000PS / IAP-2000PE / IAP-2001PE are industrial grade multiple 10/100Mbps ports wireless Access Point. The descriptions of these models are listed as below:

Description
802.11n 4 x 10/100Base-TX Ports with 4-port POE (PSE, Power Sourcing Equipment)
802.11n 4 x 10/100Base-TX Ports with 1-port POE (PD, Powered Device)
802.11n 4 x 10/100Base-TX Ports with 1-port POE (PD, Powered Device) + 1 x 100FX (SFP Slot)

1.1. Package Contents

Thank you for choosing the PLANET IAP-200x Industrial AP. Please check if the following items are contained in the package:

- PLANET IAP-200x Industrial AP x 1
- 5 dBi Antenna x 2
- Quick Installation Guide x 1
- CD-ROM (User's Manual included) x 1
- DIN Rail Kit x 1
- Wall Mount Kit x 1

If any of these are missing or damaged, please contact your dealer immediately, if possible, retain the carton including the original packing material, and use them against to repack the product in case there is a need to return it to us for repair.

1.2. Product Features

IAP-2000PS

■ 4 x 10/100Base-TX Ports with 4-Port PoE (PSE, Power Sourcing Equipment)

IAP-2000PE

■ 4 x 10/100Base-TX Ports with 1-Port PoE (PD, Powered Device)

IAP-2001PE

- 4 x 10/100Base-TX Ports with 1-Port PoE (PD, Powered Device) + 1 x 100FX (SFP Slot)
- IPv4 / IPv6 Web Management
- Complies with IEEE 802.11n Wireless LAN Speed Up to 300Mbps
- 2 x 5dBi Detachable Omni-directional Antenna
- Supports 64/128-bit WEP, WPA/WPA2, and WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK, 802.1x
- Supports WISP Mode, IEEE 802.1Q VLAN

- -10 to 60 Degree C Operating Temperature
- Redundant Power Design
- IP-30 Aluminum case protection / DIN Rail and Wall-mount Design

1.3. Product Specification

Model	IAP-2000PS	IAP-2000PE	IAP-2001PE		
Hardware Specification					
10/100Base-TX Ports	4 x 10/100Base-TX Auto-Negotiation Auto MDI / MDI-X				
IEEE 802.3af PoE Ports	4 x PSE	1 x PD	1 x PD		
PoE Power Supply Type	End-Span	Ν	I/A		
100Base-FX Interface	N	/A	1 x SFP slot		
Antenna	2 x Detachable RP-SMA (2 x 5dBi SMA Omni-direc	Connector tional antenna included in	the package		
Enclosure	IP-30 Metal Case				
LED Indicators	P1, P2, PWR, FAL, WPS, WLAN, SEC, LAN1~4, PoE	P1, P2, PWR, FAL, WPS, WLAN, SEC, LAN1~4, PoE-In-Use	P1, P2, PWR, FAL, FX, WPS, WLAN, SEC, LAN1~4, PoE		
Button	WPS Button Reset Button				
Dimensions (D x W x H)	135mm x 87.8mm x 56mm				
Weight	871g				
Power Requirement	DC 24V / 48VÁDAC 24V	DC 12~-	48V / AC 24V		
Installation	DIN Rail Kit and Wall Mount Ear				
Wireless Interface Specifi	Wireless Interface Specification				
Standard	Compliance with IEEE 80	2.11b/g/n			
Frequency Band	2.4 to 2.4835GHz (Industrial Scientific Medical Band)				
	DSS with DBPSK, DQPSK, QPSK and CCK				
Modulation Type	OFDM with BPSK, QPSK, 16-QAM and 64-QAM				
Wireless Data Rate	IEEE 802.11b: 1/2/5.5/11Mbps IEEE 802.11g: 6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54Mbps IEEE 802.11n: 14/29/43/58/87/116/130/144Mps in 20MHz 30/60/90/120/180/240/270/300Mbps in 40MHz				
Opt. Channel	America / FCC: 2.414~2.462GHz (11 Channels) Europe / ETSI: 2.412~2.472GHz (13 Channels) Japan / TELEC: 2.412~2.484GHz (14 Channels)				
RF Output Power	802.11b: 18 dBm 802.11g: 15 dBm 802.11n: 15dBm				
Receiver Sensitivity	802.11b CCK 1.0Mbps: -94dbm 11b CCK 11.0Mbps: -91dbm 802.11g OFDM 6Mbps: -92dbm 11g OFDM 54Mbps: -76dbm 802.11n 20MHz MCS7: -72dbm				

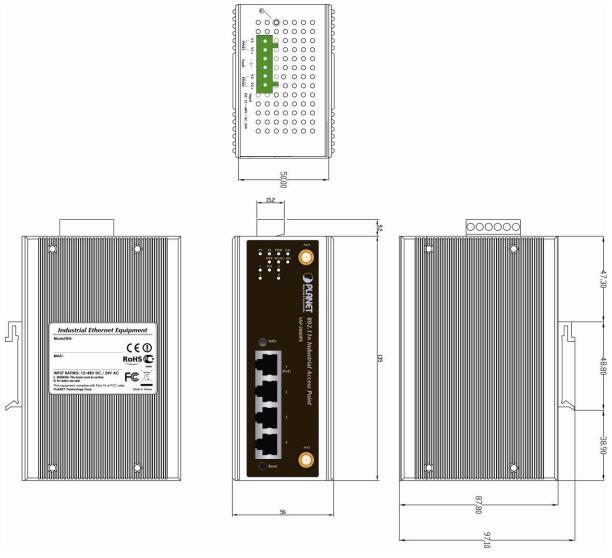
	11n 40MHz MCS7: -70dbm		
Wireless Management	ess Management Features		
Wireless Mode	Access Point		
Channel Width	20MHz / 40MHz		
Data Encryption Security	64 bit / 128 bit WEP WPA / WPA2 WPA-PSK / WPA2 / WPA2-PSK 802.1x Network Access Control		
Management	Web-based Configuration		
Wireless Isolation	Yes		
Protocol			
Protocol / Feature	Bridge and WISP mode WDS and WPS Static Routing and RIPv1/2 DMZ and Virtual Server 802.1D 802.1Q VLAN QoS SNTP WMM DHCP Server / Client IGMP Proxy and DNS Proxy UPnP and DDNS SNMP		
Management	Web-based configuration		
Standards Conformanc	e		
Standards Compliance	IEEE 802.11b/g and 802.11n Wireless LAN IEEE 802.3 Ethernet IEEE 802.3u Fast Ethernet IEEE 802.3x Full-Duplex Flow Control IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet IEEE 802.1Q VLAN		
Environment Specificat	ion		
Temperature / Humidity	Operating: -10~60 Degree C, 5%~ 90% (non-condensing), Storage: -20~70 Degree C, 0~95% (non-condensing)		
Emission	FCC, CE		
Stability Testing	IEC60068-2-32 (Free Fall) IEC60068-2-27 (Shock) IEC60068-2-6 (Vibration)		

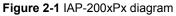
Chapter 2. INSTALLATION

2.1. Hardware Description

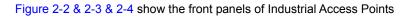
2.1.1. Physical Dimension

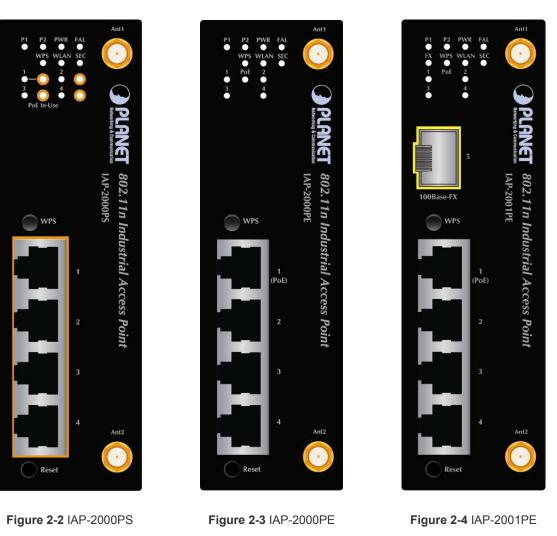
■ IAP-200x series Industrial Access Point dimension (D x W x H) : 135mm x 87.8mm x 56mm





2.1.2. Front Panel





Reset Button

In the bottom of the front panel, the reset button is designed for reset the Industrial Access Point to the factory default settings.

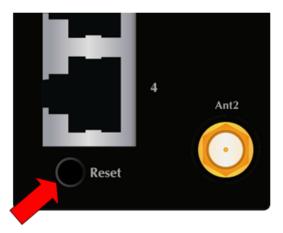


Figure 2-5 Reset button of IAP-200x series

The following is the summary table of Reset button functions:

Reset Button Pressed and Released	Description	
About 1~3 second	Reboot the Industrial AP	
Over 5 seconds	Reset the Industrial AP to the Factory Default configuration. The Industrial AP will then reboot and load the default settings as below: • Default Username/Password: admin / admin • Default IP address: 192.168.1.1 Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0	

2.1.3. LED Indicators

■ System

LED	Color	Function	
P1	Green	It indicates the power 1 has power.	
P2	Green	It indicates the power 2 has power.	
PWR	Green	It indicates the machine is power on.	
FAL	Green	It indicates either the power 1 or power 2 has no power.	

Wireless LAN

LED	Color	Function		
WPS	Orange	It indicates WPS is enabled.		
WLAN	Green	It indicates the wireless LAN is enabled.		
SEC	Orange	It indicates the wireless security encryption is enabled.		

■ 10/100Base-TX Ports / 100Base-FX Port

LED	Color	Function	
1 ~ 4	Green	It indicates which RJ-45 port is link up.	
FX	Green	It indicates the Fiber port is link up. (IAP-2001PE)	
PoE	Orange	It indicates the device is power supplied by PoE.	
PoE In-Use	Orange	It indicates which RJ-45 port is providing 48V DC in-line power.	

2.1.4. Upper Panel

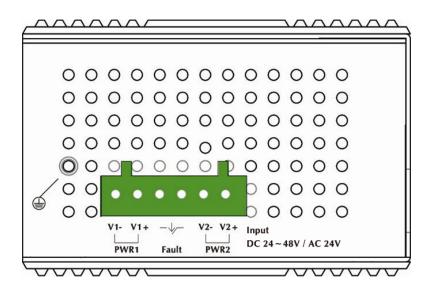


Figure 2-6 IAP-2000PS Upper Panel

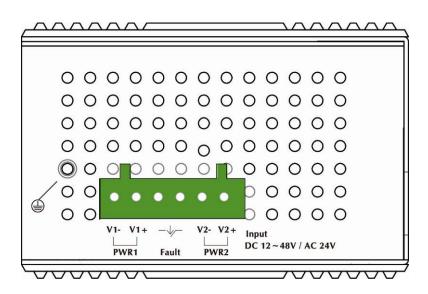


Figure 2-7 IAP-2000PE / IAP-2001PE Upper Panel

2.2. Hardware Installation

This section describes how to install your Industrial access point and make connection to it. Please read the following topics and perform the procedures in the order being presented. To install your wireless access point on a desktop or shelf, simply complete the following steps.

2.2.1. Installation Steps

- 1. Unpack the package of Industrial Access Point
- 2. Check if the DIN-Rail is screwed on the Industrial Access Point or not. If the DIN-Rail is not screwed on

the Industrial access point, please refer to **DIN-Rail Mounting** section for DIN-Rail installation. If users want to wall mount the Industrial access point, please refer to **Wall Mount Plate Mounting** section for wall mount plate installation.

- 3. To hang the Industrial access point on the DIN-Rail track or wall.
- 4. Power on the Industrial access point. Please refer to the Wiring the Power Inputs section for knowing the information about how to wire the power. The power LED on the Industrial access point will light up. Please refer to the LED Indicators section for indication of LED lights.
- 5. Prepare the twisted-pair, straight through Category 5 cable for Ethernet connection.
- 6. Insert one side of RJ-45 cable (category 5) into the Industrial access point Ethernet port (RJ-45 port) and another side of RJ-45 cable (category 5) to the network device's Ethernet port (RJ-45 port), ex: Switch PC or Server. The UTP port (RJ-45) LED on the Industrial access point will light up when the cable is connected with the network device. Please refer to the LED Indicators section for LED light indication.



Make sure that the connected network devices support Auto MDI/MDI-X. If it does not support, use the crossover category-5 cable.

7. When all connections are set and LED lights all show in normal, the installation is complete.

2.2.2. DIN-Rail Mounting

This section describes how to install the Industrial Access Point. There are two methods to install the Industrial PoE Switch. DIN-Rail Mounting and Wall Mount Plate Mounting. Please read the following topics and perform the procedures in the order being presented.



In the installation steps below, we use PLANET IGS-801(8 Port Industrial Gigabit Switch) as the example. However, the steps for PLANET Industrial Access Point are similar.

Step 1: Screw the DIN-Rail on the Industrial Access Point.

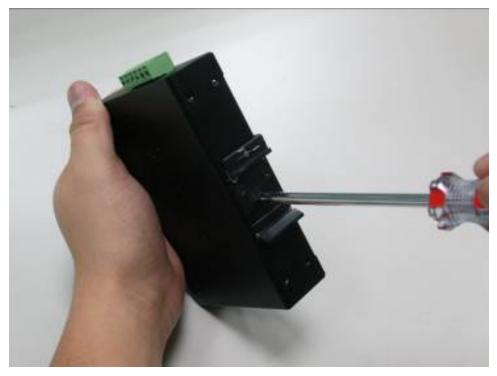


Figure 2-8

Step 2: Lightly press the button of DIN-Rail into the track.



Figure 2-9

Step 3: Check the DIN-Rail is tightly on the track.



Figure 2-10

Please refer to the following procedures to remove the Industrial Access Point from the track.

Step 5: Lightly press the button of DIN-Rail for remove it from the track.



Figure 2-11

2.2.3. Wall Mount Plate Mounting

To install the Industrial Access Point on the wall, please follow the instructions below.

- **Step 1:** Remove the DIN-Rail from the Industrial Access Point. Use the screwdriver to loose the screws and remove the DIN-Rail.
- Step 2: Place the wall mount plate on the rear panel of the Industrial Access Point.



Figure 2-12

Step 3: Use the screwdriver to screw the wall mount plate on the Industrial Access Point.

Step 4: Use the hook holes at the corners of the wall mount plate to hang the Industrial Access Point.

Step 5: To remove the wall mount plate, reverse the steps above.

2.3. Wiring the Power Input

The 6-contact terminal block connector on the top panel of the Industrial access point is used for two DC redundant powers input. Please follow the steps below to insert the power wire.

1. Insert positive / negative DC power wires into the contacts 1 and 2 for POWER 1, or 5 and 6 for POWER 2.

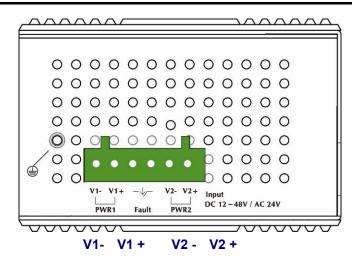


Figure 2-13 The Top Panel of IAP-2000PE / IAP-2001PE

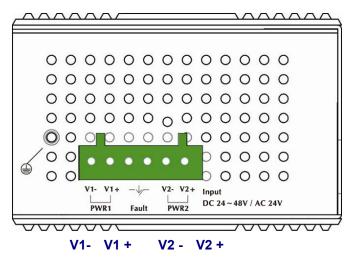


Figure 2-14 The Top Panel of IAP-2000PS

2. Tighten the wire-clamp screws for preventing the wires from loosing.

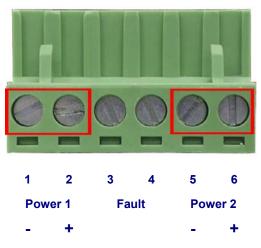


Figure 2-15 The Terminal Block



The wire gauge for the terminal block should be in the range between 12 ~ 24 AWG.



The Power input voltage of IAP-2000PE and IAP-2001PE is DC 12~48V / AC 24V. The Power input voltage of IAP-2000PS is 24V or 48V DC only. For PD devices, like IAP-2000PE / IAP-2001PE, the power 1, power 2, and PoE power supplied can exist at the same time.

2.4. Cabling

■ 100Base-TX and 100Base-FX

The 10/100Mbps RJ-45 ports come with Auto-Negotiation capability. Users only need to plug in working network device into one of the 10/100Mbps RJ-45 ports. The **IAP-2000PS** / **IAP-2000PE** series will automatically run in 10Mbps or 100Mbps after the negotiation with the connected device. The **IAP-2001PE** has one 100Base-FX SFP interface (Optional Multi-mode / Single-mode 100Base-FX SFP module)

Cabling

Each 10/100Base-TX ports use RJ-45 sockets - for connection of unshielded twisted-pair cable (UTP).

Port Type	Cable Type	Connector
10Base-T	Cat 3, 4, 5, 2-pair	RJ-45
100Base-TX	Cat.5, 5e, 6 UTP, 2-pair	RJ-45

Any Ethernet devices like Hubs / PCs can connect to the Industrial Access Point by using straight-through wires. The 10/100Mbps RJ-45 ports which support Auto MDI / MDI-X can be used on straight-through or crossover cable.

2.4.1. Installing the SFP Transceiver (IAP-2001PE Only)

This section describes how to insert a SFP transceiver into an SFP slot. The SFP transceiver is hot-pluggable and hot-swappable. You can plug-in and out the transceiver to/from any SFP port without having to power down the Industrial Access Point as the Figure 2-12 appears.

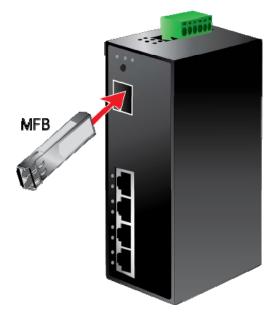


Figure 2-16 Plug in the SFP transceiver

Before connect the other switches, workstation or Media Converter,

- 1. Make sure both side of the SFP transceiver are with the same media type or WDM pair, for example: 100Base-FX to 100Base-FX, 100Base-BX20-U to 100Base-BX20-D.
- 2. Check the fiber-optic cable type match the SFP transceiver model.
 - To connect to MFB-FX SFP transceiver, use the multi-mode fiber cable- with one side must be male duplex LC connector type.
 - To connect to MFB-F20/F40/F60/FA20/FB20 SFP transceiver, use the single-mode fiber cable-with one side must be male duplex LC connector type.

Connect the fiber cable

- 1. Attach the duplex LC connector on the network cable into the SFP transceiver.
- Connect the other end of the cable to a device switches with SFP installed, fiber NIC on a workstation or a Media Converter.
- Check the LNK/ACT LED of the SFP slot of the switch / converter. Ensure that the SFP transceiver is operating correctly.
- 4. Check the Link mode of the SFP port if the link failed. Co works with some fiber-NICs or Media Converters, set the Link mode to "100 Force" is needed.

2.4.2. Removing the Module

- 1. Please make sure there is no network activity by console or check with the network administrator. You can access the management interface of the Industrial Access Point to disable the port in advance.
- 2. Remove the Fiber Optic Cable gently.
- 3. Turn the handle of the MFB module to horizontal.
- 4. Pull out the module gently through the handle.

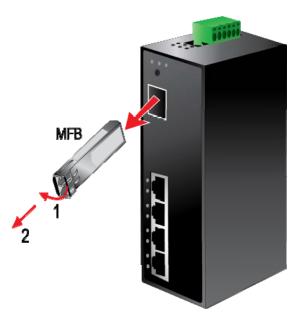


Figure 2-17 Pull Out the SFP transceiver



Never pull out the module without pull the handle or the push bolts on the module. Direct pull out the module with violent could damage the module and SFP module slot of the device.

Chapter 3. USER MANAGEMENT INTERFACE

3.1. Overview

The Industrial Access Point provides a user-friendly, Web interface. Via this interface, you can perform various device configuration and management activities, including:

- System
- Power over Ethernet
- Tools

3.2. Requirements

- Network cables. Please use standard network (UTP) cables with RJ-45 connectors.
- Subscriber PC installed with Ethernet NIC (Network Card)
- The operating system of subscriber PC that running Windows XP/2003, Vista, Windows 7, MAC OS X, Linux, Fedora, Ubuntu, and any other platform compatible with TCP/IP protocol.



It is recommended to use Internet Explore 7.0 or above to access the web UI of Industrial Access Point.

3.3. Management Method

Users can manage the Industrial Access Point by Web UI via a network connection.

3.3.1. Web Management

The IAP-200x Series provide a built-in web management interface. You can manage the Industrial Wireless Access Point via a remote host with web browser, such as Microsoft Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox, Google Chrome or Apple Safari.

The following procedures show that how to startup the Web Management of the IAP-200x Series.

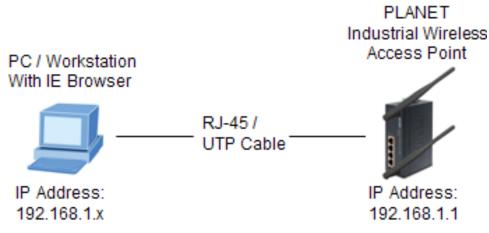


Figure 3-1 IP Management Diagram



The IAP-200x Series need to be configured through the Ethernet connection, so the manager PC must be **on the same IP subnet address**. The default setting of the DHCP server in the IAP-200x Series is disabled. If your PC obtains the IP address from other devices, please manually configure the correct IP address as 192.168.1.xxx, xxx is from 2 to 254.

■ Login to the IAP-200x Series

- 1. Open the web browser, and enter IP address <u>http://192.168.1.1</u> (the factory-default IP address if you have not changed before) to access the management interface.
- 2. When the following window appears, please enter the user name and password.

Default User name: **admin** Default Password: **admin**

Connect to	9 192.168.1.1 💦 🛛 🔀
R	GA
username and pas Warning: This serv	er is requesting that your username and in an insecure manner (basic authentication
<u>U</u> ser name:	😰 admin 💽
Password:	•••••
	Remember my password
	OK Cancel

Figure 3-2 Login Window

3. After entering the user name and password, you will see the main screen based on IAP-2000PE as Figure 3-3 for example.

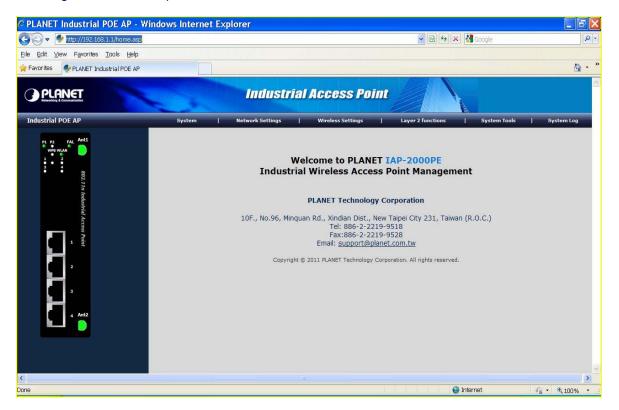


Figure 3-3 Main Screen of IAP-2000PE Web UI



1. For security reason, please change and remember the new password after first setup.

2. Only the command in lowercase letter is accepted under WEB interface.

Now, you can configure the IAP-200x Series via web management interface. If you need more detailed description of any function, please refer to the following sections for further information.

							A			
System	1	Network Settings	1	Wireless Settings	I	Layer 2 functions	I	System Tools	1	System Log

Figure 3-4 The Function Label of the Web UI

3.3.2. PLANET Smart Discovery Utility

For easily list the PLANET Industrial Access Point in your Ethernet environment, the Planet Smart Discovery Utility from user's manual CD-ROM is an ideal solution. The following instructions will guide you to launch the Planet Smart Discovery Utility:

- 1. Deposit the Planet Smart Discovery Utility in administrator PC.
- 2. Run this utility and the following screen will appear.

9	PLANET Smart l	Discovery Lite							
File	Option <u>H</u> elp								
			Ú Refre	sh	🖹 Exit				PLANET Networking & Communication
	MAC Address	Device Name	Version	DevicelP	NewPassword	IP Address	NetMask	Gateway	Description
	Select Adap	ter: 0.0.0.0 (00	0:30:4F:04:38:03]		•	Control Pa	acket Force Bro	padcast
		U	pdate Device	Update Mult	i Upda	te All	Connect	to Device	
Dev	ice		Mes	age					1.

Figure 3-5 PLANET Smart Discovery Utility Snapshot



If there are two LAN cards or above in the same administrator PC, please choose the different LAN card via the "**Select Adapter**" field.

3. Click "**Refresh**" button to renew the list of the PLANET industrial devices connected in the network. The screen is shown as follow.

C	PLANET Smart I	Discovery Lite							
Ē	jile <u>O</u> ption <u>H</u> elp								
			U Refre	sh	🖹 Exit			9	PLANET Networking & Communication
Γ	MAC Address	Device Name	Version	DevicelP	NewPassword	IP Address	NetMask	Gateway	Description
1	00-30-4F-12-34-56	IAP2KPE	√1.0Ь110704	192.168.1.1		192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.1	IAP2KPE
	Select Adapter : 0.0.0.0 (00:30:4F:04:38:03) 🔹 🔽 Control Packet Force Broadcast								
		U	pdate Device	Update Multi	Upda	te All	Connect to	Device	
Ι	evice : IAP2KPE (00-	-30-4F-12-34-56)) Get I	Device Informatio	on done.				1.

Figure 3-6 PLANET Smart Discovery Utility Screen

- 4. This utility shows all necessary information of the devices, such as MAC address, device name, firmware version, device IP subnet address. Users can also assign new password, IP subnet address, and description for the devices.
- 5. After the setup is completed, click "**Update Device**", "**Update Multi**" or "**Update All**" button to take effect. The meaning of the 3 buttons above are shown as below:

Update Device: update the current setting on one single device.

Update Multi: choose the multi-devices for updating the current setting.

Update All: use current setting on every device in the list.

The same functions mentioned above can be found in "Option" tools bar as well.

- 6. Click the "Control Packet Force Broadcast" function, and it will assign new setting value to the switch under different IP subnet address.
- 7. Click the "Connect to Device" button, and the Web login window as Figure 3-2 will appear.
- 8. Click "Exit" button to exit the Planet Smart Discovery Utility.

Chapter 4. WEB CONFIGURATION

The Industrial Access Point provides Web interface for configuration and make the Industrial Access Point operate more effectively - Users can configure through the Web Browser and the network administrator can manage and monitor the Industrial Access Point from the local LAN. This chapter indicates how to configure the Industrial Access Point to enable its each function.

4.1. Main Menu

After a successful login, the main screen appears. The main screen displays the product name, the function menu, and the main information in the center.

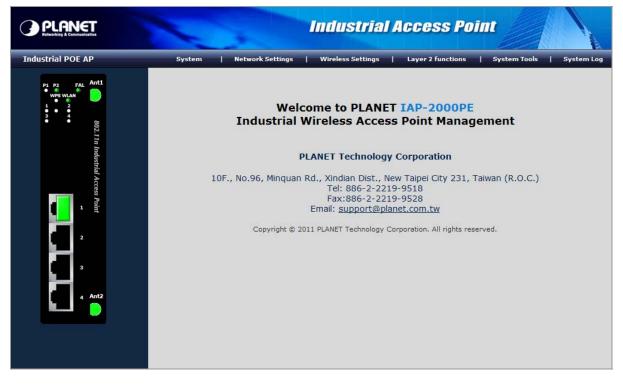


Figure 4-1 Main Menu Screen

Main Menu	Description			
System	This menu provides the system information and configuration of AP. It will be			
System	explained in section 4.3.			
Network	This many provides the configuration of LAN. It will be explained in contion 4.4			
Settings	This menu provides the configuration of LAN. It will be explained in section 4.4.			
Wireless	This menu provides the configuration of wireless function. It will be explained in			
Settings	section 4.5.			
Layer 2	This many provides the part configuration. It will be evaluated in contian 4.6			
Functions	This menu provides the port configuration. It will be explained in section 4.6.			
System	This many provides the system task of the AD. It will be explained in section 4.7			
Tools	This menu provides the system tools of the AP. It will be explained in section 4.7.			
System Log	This menu provides the system log of the AP. It will be explained in section 4.8.			

4.2. Web Panel

On the left of the web management page, the active panel displays the link status of management port and PoE ports.

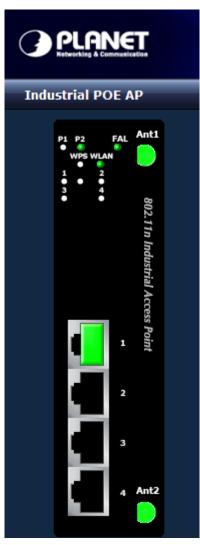


Figure 4-2 Left Side of the Main Menu Screen (Light Indicators)

Please refer the section 2.1.3 to find the descriptions of each LED.

4.3. System

The submenus of System option is shown below:

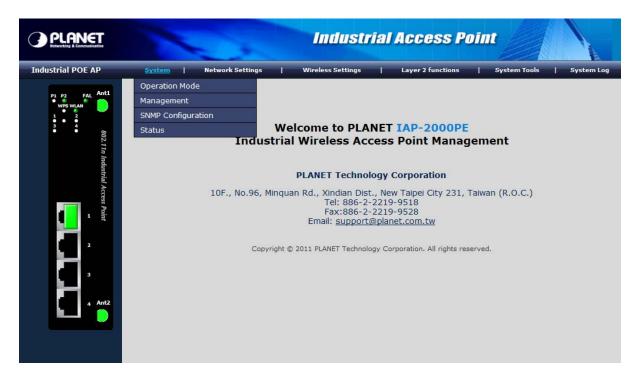


Figure 4-3

4.3.1. Operation Mode

Select the operation mode you want to use, and then click Apply button to make the changes take effect.

Operation Mode Configuration You may configure the operation mode suitable for you environment.
 Bridge: All interfaces are bridged into a single bridge interface. WISP: All the Ethernet ports are bridged together and the wireless interface of this router will connect to ISP's Access Point. The NAT is enabled and PCs in Ethernet ports share the same IP to ISP through wireless LAN. The connection type can be setup in WAN page by using PPPoE, DHCP client, PPTP/L2TP client or static IP. Apply

Figure 4-4

Bridge:

The Bridge mode allows that all Ethernet and wireless interfaces are bridged into a single Bridge interface.

■ Wireless ISP:

The **Wireless ISP** mode allows that the wireless interface is treated as WAN port, and the Ethernet ports are LAN ports.

4.3.2. Management

Users may configure administrator account and password, NTP settings, and dynamic DNS settings in the page.

You may configure administrat settings here.	tor account and password, NTP settings, and Dynamic DNS
Adminstrator Settings	
Account	admin
Password	•••••
	Apply Cancel
NTP Settings	
Current Time	Sat Jan 1 08:46:27 GMT 2000 Sync with host
Time Zone:	(GMT+08:00) Taipei
NTP Server	pool.ntp.org
NTT Selver	pool.ntp.org
NTP synchronization	1 (1~300 minutes)
	Apply Cancel
DDNS Settings	
Dynamic DNS Provider	None
Account	

Figure 4-5 System Management Screenshot

Administrator Settings

Object	Description
Account:	Enter the username of the administrator in the field.
	Maximum length: 16 characters.

• Password:

Maximum length: 16 characters.

Enter the password of the administrator in the field.

NTP Settings

Object	Description
Current Time:	Display the current date and time.
	Click Sync with host, the current time is synchronized by your PC which is
	connected to Router.
Time Zone:	Select the proper time zone in the drop-down list.
NTP Server:	Enter the IP address or domain name of NTP server.
• NTP	Enter the time interval for synchronization.
Synchronization	
(hours):	

DDNS Settings

Object	Description
Dynamic DNS	Select the proper dynamic DNS provider in the drop-down list. After
Provider:	selecting a dynamic DNS provider, you are allowed to set the
	following parameters.
Account:	Enter the username of DDNS provider in the field.
Password:	Enter the password of DDNS provider in the field
• DDNS:	Enter the domain name of your device.

Click Apply to make the configuration take effect. Click Cancel to cancel the new configuration.

4.3.3. SNMP Configuration

The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is an application layer protocol that facilitates the exchange of management information between network devices. It is part of the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) protocol suite. SNMP enables network administrators to manage network performance, find and solve network problems, and plan for network growth.

Users can enable of disable the SNMP function, and configure the related settings in this page. The default SNMP mode is disabled.

SNMP Configuration

lode	Enable 💙
System Description	PLANET Industrial AP
system Contact	www.planet.com.tw
ystem Name	IAP-2000
System Location	PLANET
llowed IP to Access	
Read Community	public
Vrite Community	public
rap Configuration	
Mode	Disable 💌
Frap Community	public
rap Destination	192.168.1.10

Figure 4-6

The page includes the following fields:

SNMP Configuration

Object	Description				
• Mode :	Indicates the SNMP mode operation. Possible modes are:				
	• Enabled: Enable SNMP mode operation.				
	Disabled: Disable SNMP mode operation.				
System Contact :	The textual identification of the contact person for this managed node,				
	together with information on how to contact this person.				
• System Name :	An administratively assigned name for this managed node. By convention,				
	this is the node's fully-qualified domain name. A domain name is a text				
	string drawn from the alphabet (A-Za-z), digits (0-9), minus sign (-). No				
	space characters are permitted as part of a name. The first character must				
	be an alpha character. And the first or last character must not be a minus				
	sign.				

	The allowed string length is 0 to 255.	
System Location :	The physical location of this node (e.g., telephone closet, 3rd floor).	
Allowed IP to Access:	Indicates the host can access the AP from SNMP interface that the host IP	
	address matched the entry.	
Read Community :	Here you can define and fill the Read community string.	
	Read only. Enables requests accompanied by this community string to	
	display MIB-object information.	
• Write Community :	Here you can define and fill the Write community string.	
	Write. Enables requests accompanied by this community string to display	
	MIB-object information and to set MIB objects.	

Trap Configuration

Object	Description	
• Mode :	Indicates the SNMP trap mode operation. Possible modes are:	
	Enabled: Enable SNMP trap mode operation.	
	Disabled: Disable SNMP trap mode operation.	
• Trap Community:	Enter the community string for the trap station.	
• Trap Destination :	Enter the IP address of the trap manager.	

Click Apply to make the configuration take effect. Click Reset button to reset the whole configuration to default.

4.3.4. Status

Users can check the current status of the IAP-2000 in this page. The Status page provides information for the current device information. This page helps a network administrator to identify the model name, firmware / hardware version and MAC address. The screen in Figure 4-7 appears.

IAP-2000 Status

System Info	
Firmware Version	v1.0b110527
System Up Time	0 day, 0 hour, 9 min, 5 sec
Operation Mode	Bridge Mode
Local Network	
Local IP Address	192.168.1.1
Local Netmask	255.255.255.0
MAC Address	00:30:4F:12:34:56
Wireless Info	
RF Mode	11b/g/n mixed mode
SSID	IAP-2000
BSSID	00:30:4F:12:34:56
Channel	AutoSelect

Figure 4-7

The page includes the following fields:

Object	Description
• Firmware Version :	Displays the Industrial AP's firmware version.
System Up Time:	The period of time the device has been operational.
Operation Mode:	Displays the current operation mode.
MAC Address:	Displays the unique hardware address assigned by manufacturer (default).
RF Mode :	Displays the current wireless band.
• SSID :	Displays the current SSID.
• BSSID :	Displays the MAC address of the wireless interface.
Channel :	Displays the current channel setting.

4.4. Network Settings

The submenus of Network Settings option is shown below:

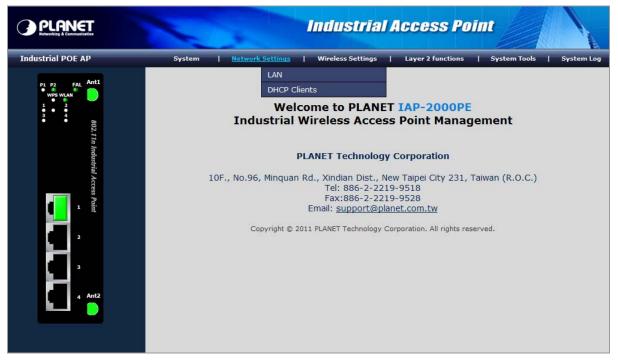


Figure 4-8

4.4.1. LAN

Users can configure the network settings and the parameters as you wish.

Local Area Network (LAN) Settings You may enable/disable networking functions and configure their parameters as your wish.				
LAN Interface Setup				
IP Address	192.168.1.1			
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0			
Default Gateway				
Primary DNS Server	168.95.1.1			
Secondary DNS Server	192.168.0.1			
MAC Address	00:30:4F:12:34:56			
DHCP Туре	Server 💌			
DHCP Start IP	192.168.1.2			
DHCP End IP	192.168.1.100			
DHCP Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0			
DHCP Primary DNS	192.168.1.1			
DHCP Secondary DNS	168.95.1.1			
DHCP Default Gateway	192.168.1.1			
DHCP Lease Time	86400			
Statically Assigned	MAC:			

Figure 4-9

The page includes the following fields:

LAN Interface Setup

Object	Description
IP Address:	Enter the IP address of LAN port or reset it in dotted-decimal notation.
	Factory default : 192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask:	Enter the subnet mask of LAN port. The subnet mask is an address code
	that determines the size of the network.
	Normally use 255.255.255.0 as the subnet mask.
Default Gateway:	The default gateway that you want to use.
Primary DNS Server:	The primary DNS server address that you want to use.
Secondary DNS	The secondary DNS Server address that you want to use.
Server:	
MAC Address:	MAC address of LAN port (Read-only).

• DHCP Type:	You can select Server or Disable.	
	■ Disable: If you select Disable, the DHCP service of LAN side is	
	disabled.	
	Server : After selecting Server, the DHCP server is enabled on LAN	
	side. You can set the items as "DHCP Server Enable".	
• 802.1d Spanning	Spanning Tree Protocol. You can select Enable or Disable.	
Tree:		
• LLTD:	Select enable or disable the Link Layer Topology Discover function from	
	pull-down menu.	
IGMP Proxy:	Select enable or disable the IGMP proxy function from pull-down menu.	
• UPNP:	Universal Plug and Play (UPNP). You can select Enable or Disable.	
Router	You can select Enable or Disable.	
Advertisement:		
DNS Proxy:	Select enable or disable the DNS Proxy function from pull-down menu.	

DHCP Server Enable

Object	Description
Start IP Address:	The first IP address that DHCP server assigns. Client with DHCP function
	set will be assigned an IP address from the range.
End IP Address:	The last IP address that DHCP server assigns.
Subnet Mask:	The subnet mask of dynamic IP.
Primary DNS Server:	The primary DNS server address.
Secondary DNS	The secondary DNS Server address.
Server:	
Default Gateway:	The default gateway that DHCP server assigns.
Lease Time:	Lease time of the IP address.
Statically Assigned:	Assign IP to the assigned MAC address. Enter the assigned MAC address
	and IP in the corresponding fields.

Click Apply to make the configuration take effect. Click Cancel to cancel the new configuration.



If you have changed the IP address of the LAN interface, you need to enter the new IP address to log in to the Web page, and the default gateways of all the hosts in LAN must be set to be the new IP address, for accessing the Internet.



The subnet masks of all the hosts in LAN must be set to be the same as the subnet mask in this page.

4.4.2. DHCP Clients

The administrator can check the user list of the DHCP server in this page. The table window shows the active clients with their Hostname, MAC address, assigned IP address, and time expired information.

DHCP Client List			
You could monitor DHCP clients here.			
DHCP Clients			
DHCP Clients Hostname	MAC Address	IP Address	Expires in

Figure 4-10 DHCP Client List

4.4.3. IPv6

Configure the IPv6 management information on this page. The current screen as the Figure 4-11 appears is used to show the active IPv6 configuration.

IPv6 Configuration		
You may configure IPv6 settings here.		
IPv6 Settings		
Address	::192.168.1.1	
Prefix	96	
Router	:	
	Apply Cancel	

Figure 4-11 IPv6 Configuration

Object	Description
Address	Provide the IPv6 address of this AP. IPv6 address is in 128-bit records

	represented as eight fields of up to four hexadecimal digits with a colon	
	separates each field (:). For example, 'fe80::215:c5ff:fe03:4dc7'. The symbol	
	'::' is a special syntax that can be used as a shorthand way of representing	
	multiple 16-bit groups of contiguous zeros; but it can only appear once.	
Prefix	Provide the IPv6 Prefix of this AP. The allowed range is 1 to 128.	
Router	Provide the IPv6 gateway address of this AP. IPv6 address is in 128-bit	
	records represented as eight fields of up to four hexadecimal digits with a	
	colon separates each field (:). For example, 'fe80::215:c5ff:fe03:4dc7'. The	
	symbol '::' is a special syntax that can be used as a shorthand way of	
	representing multiple 16-bit groups of contiguous zeros; but it can only	
	appear once.	

4.5. Wireless Settings

Users can configure the related settings of wireless function here. The submenus of Wireless Settings option is shown below:

	Industrial Access Point
Industrial POE AP	System Network Settings <u>Wireless Settings</u> Layer 2 functions System Tools System Log
Industrial POE AP	System Vetwork Settings Vireless Settings Layer 2 functions System Tools System Log Basic Advanced Security WPS WDS Station List PLANET Technology Componention 10F., No.96, Minquan Rd., Xindian Dist., New Taipei City 231, Taiwan (R.O.C.) Tel: 886-2-2219-9518 Fax:886-2-2219-9528 Email: <u>support@planet.com.tw</u> Copyright © 2011 PLANET Technology Corporation. All rights reserved.

Figure 4-13

The submenu items of the Wireless Settings are Basic Settings, Wireless Security Settings, Advanced Wireless Settings, Wireless Station List, WPS Settings, and WDS Settings.

4.5.1. Basic

Users can configure the basic wireless settings in this page.

Basic Wireless Settings		
You could configure the minimum number of Wireless settings for communication, such as Network Name (SSID) and Channel. The Access Point can be set simply with only the minimum setting items.		
Wireless Network		
Radio On/Off	RADIO OFF	
Network Mode	11b/g/n mixed mode 💌	
Network Name(SSID)	IAP-2000 Hidden Isolated	
Multiple SSID1	Hidden 🗌 Isolated 🗌	
Multiple SSID2	Hidden 🗌 Isolated 🗌	
Multiple SSID3	Hidden 🗌 Isolated 🗌	
Multiple SSID4	Hidden 🗌 Isolated 🗌	
Multiple SSID5	Hidden 🗌 Isolated 🗌	
Broadcast Network Name (SSID)	⊙Enable ○Disable	
AP Isolation	⊖Enable ⊙Disable	
MBSSID AP Isolation	○ Enable ⊙ Disable	
BSSID	00:30:4F:12:34:56	
Frequency (Channel)	AutoSelect	

Figure 4-14-1

The page includes the following fields:

Wireless Network

Object	Description
Radio On/Off:	Click Wireless OFF button to turn off wireless RF radio.
	Click Wireless ON button to turn on wireless RF radio.
Network Mode:	There are five modes:
	11b only
	11g only
	11n only (2.4G)
	11b/g mixed mode
	■ 11b/g/n mixed mode
Network Name	The service set identification (SSID) is a unique name to identify the router
(SSID):	in the wireless LAN. Wireless stations associating to the router must have
	the same SSID. Enter a descriptive name.
	Its length is up to 32 characters.

 Multiple SSID 1/2/3/4/5: 	There are 5 multiple SSIDs. Enter their descriptive names that you want to
	use. Please enable VLAN function (section 4.6.3) first before using Multiple
	SSID.
Broadcast Network	Select Enable to allow the SSID broadcast on the network, so that the STA
Name (SSID):	can find it. Otherwise, the STA can not find it.
AP Isolation:	Enable or disable AP Isolation. When many clients connect to the same
	access point, they can access each other. If you want to disable the access
	between clients which connect the same access point, you can enable this
	function.
MBSSID AP Isolation:	Enable this function will turn off connection between clients with different
	MBSSID. Example: The client connected with BSSID 1. When enable this
	function, it will not connect with BSSID 2. Only can access between clients
	with SSID 1.
BSSID:	Basic Service Set Identifier. This is the assigned MAC address of the station
	in the access point. This unique identifier is in Hex format and can only be
	edited when Multi BSSID is enabled in the previous screen.
• Frequency (Channel):	A channel is the radio frequency used by wireless device. Channels
	available depend on your geographical area. You may have a choice of
	channels (for your region) and you should use a different channel from an
	adjacent AP to reduce the interference. The Interference and degrading
	performance occurs when radio signals from different APs overlap.

HT Physical Mode

HT Physical Mode	
Operating Mode	Mixed Mode ○ Green Field
Channel BandWidth	○ 20
Guard Interval	Olong ⊙Auto
MCS	Auto 💌
Reverse Direction Grant(RDG)	O Disable O Enable
Aggregation MSDU(A-MSDU)	⊙ Disable O Enable
Auto Block ACK	O Disable 💿 Enable
Decline BA Request	⊙ Disable O Enable
Other	
HT TxStream	2 💌
HT RxStream	2 💌
	Apply Cancel

HT Physical Mode

Object	Description
Operation Mode:	Select Mixed Mode or Green Field for 11n mode.
Channel Bandwidth:	Select the operating channel width 20 MHz or 20/40 MHz.
Guard Interval:	Select "Long" or "Auto". Guard intervals are used to ensure that distinct transmissions do not interfere with one another. Only effect under Mixed Mode.
• MCS:	Select the proper value between 0 and15 or 32. Auto is the default value.
Reverse Direction Grant (RDG):	Select Disable or Enable.
Aggregation MSDU (A-MSDU):	Select Disable or Enable.
Auto Block ACK:	Select Disable or Enable.
Decline BA Request:	Select Disable or Enable.
HT TxStream:	Select how many antenna you want to use for transmitting data.
HT RxStream:	Select how many antenna you want to use for receiving data.

Click **Apply** to make the configuration take effect. Click **Cancel** to cancel the new configuration.

4.5.2. Advanced

Users can configure the advanced wireless settings in this page. Use the Advanced Setup page to make detail settings for the wireless. Advanced Setup includes items that are not available form the Basic Setup page, such as Beacon Interval, Control TX Rates and Basic Data Rates.

Advanced Wireless Settings

Use the Advanced Setup page to make detailed settings for the Wireless. Advanced Setup includes items that are not available from the Basic Setup page, such as Beacon Interval, Control Tx Rates and Basic Data Rates.

BG Protection Mode	Auto 💌
Beacon Interval	100 ms (range 20 - 999, default 100)
Data Beacon Rate (DTIM)	1 ms (range 1 - 255, default 1)
Fragment Threshold	2346 (range 256 - 2346, default 2346)
RTS Threshold	2347 (range 1 - 2347, default 2347)
TX Power	100 (range 1 - 100, default 100)
Short Preamble	O Enable O Disable
Short Slot	⊙ Enable ○ Disable
Tx Burst	⊙ Enable ○ Disable
Pkt_Aggregate	⊙ Enable ○ Disable
ACK Timeout	100 (range 0 - 255, default 100)
Country Code	ETSI (1-13) 💌
Wi-Fi Multimedia	

Figure 4-15

Advanced Wireless

Object	Description
BG Protection Mode:	It provides 3 options, including Auto, On, and Off.
	The B/G protection technology is CTS-To-Self. It will try to reserve the
	throughput for 11g clients from 11b clients connecting to the device as AP
	mode.
	The default BG protection mode is Auto .
Beacon Interval:	The interval time range is between 20ms and 999ms for each beacon
	transmission.
	Beacons are the packets sending by Access point to synchronize
	the wireless network. The beacon interval is the time interval
	between beacons sending by this unit in AP or AP+WDS operation.
	The default value is 100ms .
Date Beacon Rate	The DTM range is between 1 ms and 255 ms.
(DTM):	The DTM means Delivery Traffic Indication Map. It is used to alert

	the clients that multicast and broadcast packets buffered at the AP will be transmitted immediately after the transmission of this beacon frame. You can change the value from 1 to 255. The AP will check the buffered data according to this value. For example, selecting "1" means to check the buffered data at every beacon. The default value is 1ms .
• Fragment Threshold:	This is the maximum data fragment size (between 256 bytes and 2346
	bytes) that can be sent in the wireless network before the router fragments
	the packet into smaller data frames.
	The default value is 2346 .
RTS Threshold:	Request to send (RTS) is designed to prevent collisions due to hidden node.
	A RTS defines the biggest size data frame you can send before a RTS
	handshake invoked. The RTS threshold value is between 1 and 2347.
	The default value is 2347.
	If the RTS threshold value is greater than the fragment threshold value, the
	RTS handshake does not occur. Because the data frames are fragmented
	before they reach the RTS size.
• Tx Power:	The Tx Power range is between 1 and 100. In case of shortening the
	distance and the coverage of the wireless network, input a smaller value to
	reduce the radio transmission power. For example, input 80 to apply 80%
	Tx power.
	The default value is 100 .
Short Preamble:	It is a performance parameter for 802.11 b/g mode and not
	supported by some of very early stage of 802.11b station cards. If
	there is no such kind of stations associated to this AP, you can enable this function.
	Default: Disable .
Short Slot:	It is used to shorten the communication time between this AP and station.
• Tx Burst:	The device will try to send a serial of packages with single ACK reply from the clients. Enable this function to apply it.
Pkt_Aggregate:	Select Disable or Enable.
	Pkt_Aggregate can aggregate multiple data packets together for improving
	the transmission efficiency.
ACK Timeout:	The ACK Timeout is between 1 and 100.
	The default value is 100 .
Country Code:	Select the region which area you are. It provides six regions in the
	drop-down list.
	■ FCC (1-11)
	■ ETSI (1-13)
	■ JP (1-14)

Wi-Fi Multimedia

Object	Description	
WMM Capable:	Enable or disable WMM. After enabling WMM, the wireless AP can process	
	different types of wireless data according to their priority levels.	
APSD Capable:	Enable or disable APSD. After enabling APSD, it can decrease the	
	consumption of the power supply device.	
DLS Capable:	Enable or disable DLS.	
WMM Parameter:	Click WMM Configuration button to pop up WMM Parameters of Access	
	Point page. You can configure WMM parameters in the page.	

Multicast-to-Unicast Converter

Object	Description	
Multicast-to-Unicast	Enable or disable Multicast-to-Unicast Converter. After enabling this	
Converter:	function, the transmission quality of the wireless multicast stream can be	
	improved.	

Click Apply to make the configuration take effect. Click Cancel to cancel the new configuration.



The advanced wireless setting is only for advanced user. For the common user, do not change any setting in this page.

4.5.3. Security

Users can configure the wireless security settings in this page. Setup the wireless security and encryption to prevent from unauthorized access and monitoring.

A. Disable

If you set Security Mode to "**Disable**", the wireless data transmission will not include encryption to prevent from unauthorized access and monitoring.

Wireless Security/Encryption Settings		
Setup the wireless security and encryption to prevent from unauthorized access and monitoring.		
Select SSID		
SSID choice	IAP-2000 💌	
Security Mode	Disable	
Access Policy		
Policy	Disable 🔽	
Add a station Mac:		
Apply	/ Cancel	

Figure 4-16

Select SSID

Object	Description	
SSID choice:	Select SSID in the drop-down list.	
Security Mode:	There are 11 options, including:	
	■ Disable	■ WPA2
		WPA2-PSK
	■ SHARED	WPAPSKWPA2PSK
	WEPAUTO	WPA1WPA2
	■ WPA	■ 802.1X
	■ WPA-PSK	_ •••

Access Policy

Object	Description
Policy:	There are three options, including Disable, Allow, and Reject. You can
	choose Disable, Allow or Reject. Select Allow, only the clients whose MAC
	address is listed can access the router. Select Reject, the clients whose
	MAC address is listed are denied to access the router.
• Add a station MAC:	If you want to add a station MAC, enter the MAC address of the wireless
	station that are allowed or denied access to your router in this address field.

Click **Apply** to make the configuration take effect. Click **Cancel** to cancel the new configuration.

B. OPEN / SHARED

If you set Security Mode to "OPEN" or "SHARED", please fill in the related configurations at below.

Wireless Security/Encryption Settings

Setup the wireless security and encryption to prevent from unauthorized access and monitoring.

Select SSID	
SSID choice	IAP-2000 🗸
Security Mode	OPEN 🗸

Wire Equivalence Protection (WEP)			
Default Key		Key 1 🗸	
WEP Keys	WEP Key 1 :		Hex 🗸
	WEP Key 2 :		Hex 🔽
	WEP Key 3 :		Hex 🔽
	WEP Key 4 :		Hex 💌

Access Policy	
Policy	Disable 🗸
Add a station Mac:	
Apply	Z Cancel

Figure 4-17 OPEN-WEP

Object	Description
Default Key	Specify a Key number for effective.
WEP Keys	When you select the encryption type as WEP, please input 5, 13 (ASCII), 10
• (1~4)	or 26 (HEX) characters for WEP Key.

C. WPA-PSK

Wireless Security/Encryption Settings

Setup the wireless security and encryption to prevent from unauthorized access and monitoring.

Select SSID	
SSID choice	IAP-2000 🗸
Security Mode	WPA-PSK 🗸
WPA	
WPA Algorithms	
Pass Phrase	
Key Renewal Interval	3600 seconds
Assess Delieu	
Access Policy	
Policy	Disable 👻
Add a station Mac:	
Apply	y Cancel

Figure 4-18 WPA-PSK

Object	Description
• WPA Algorithms :	Select TKIP, AES or TKIPAES for WPA algorithms.
	Set 8-bit to 64-bit key in ASCII characters.
Pass phrase :	You may select to select Passphrase (alphanumeric format) or Hexadecimal
	Digits (in the "A-F", "a-f" and "0-9" range) to be the Pre-shared Key.
Key Renewal	Please fill in a number for Group Key Renewal interval time.
Interval :	

D. WPA

Wireless Security/Encryption Settings

Setup the wireless security and encryption to prevent from unauthorized access and monitoring.

Select SSID	
SSID choice	IAP-2000 🗸
Security Mode	WPA
WPA	
WPA Algorithms	OTKIP OAES OTKIPAES
Key Renewal Interval	3600 seconds
Radius Server	
IP Address	
Port	1812
Shared Secret	
Session Timeout	0
Idle Timeout	
Access Policy	
Policy	Disable 💌
Add a station Mac:	

Figure 4-19 WPA-RADIUS

Object	Description
WPA Algorithms	Select TKIP, AES or TKIPAES for WPA algorithms.
Key Renewal Interval	Please fill in a number for Group Key Renewal interval time.
IP Address	Enter the RADIUS Server's IP Address provided by your ISP.
Port	Enter the RADIUS Server's port number provided by your ISP.
	(The Default is 1812.)
Shared Secret	Enter the password that the Wireless AP shares with the RADIUS Server.
Session Timeout	Session timeout interval is for 802.1x re-authentication setting. Set to zero
	to disable 802.1x re-authentication service for each session. Session

timeout interval unit is second and must be larger than 60.

Idle Timeout

Enter the idle timeout in the column.

E. WPA2-PSK

Wireless Security/Encryption Settings

Setup the wireless security and encryption to prevent from unauthorized access and monitoring.

Select SSID				
SSID choice		IAP-2000 🗸		
Security Mode		WPA2-PSK	~	
WPA				
WPA Algorithms			AES OTKIPAES	
Pass Phrase				
Key Renewal Interval		3600 se	conds	
Access Policy				
Policy		Disable 💌		
Add a station Mac:				
	Apply		Cancel	

Figure 4-20 WPA2-PSK

Object	Description
• WPA Algorithms :	Select TKIP, AES or TKIPAES for WPA algorithms.
	Set 8-bit to 64-bit key in ASCII characters.
Pass phrase :	You may select to select Passphrase (alphanumeric format) or Hexadecimal
	Digits (in the "A-F", "a-f" and "0-9" range) to be the Pre-shared Key.
Key Renewal	Diagon fill in a number for Orgun Kou Dangual interval time
Interval :	Please fill in a number for Group Key Renewal interval time.

F. WPA2

Wireless Security/Encryption Settings

Setup the wireless security and encryption to prevent from unauthorized access and monitoring.

Select SSID	
SSID choice	IAP-2000 🗸
Security Mode	WPA2
WPA	
WPA Algorithms	O TKIP O AES O TKIPAES
Key Renewal Interval	3600 seconds
PMK Cache Period	10 minute
Pre-Authentication	⊙ Disable ○ Enable
Radius Server	
IP Address	
Port	1812
Shared Secret	
Session Timeout	0
Idle Timeout	
Access Policy	

Figure 4-21 WPA2-RADIUS

Object	Description
WPA Algorithms	Select TKIP, AES or TKIPAES for WPA algorithms.
Key Renewal Interval	Please fill in a number for Group Key Renewal interval time.
PMK Cache Period	Only valid in WPA2 security. Set WPA2 PMKID cache timeout period, after
	time out, the cached key will be deleted. PMK Cache Period unit is minute.
Pre-Authentication	Only valid in WPA2 security. The most important features beyond WPA to
	become standardized through 802.11i/WPA2 are: Pre-authentication, which

	enables secure fast roaming without noticeable signal latency.
Shared Secret	Enter the password that the Wireless AP shares with the RADIUS Server.
	Session timeout interval is for 802.1x re-authentication setting. Set to zero
Session Timeout	to disable 802.1x re-authentication service for each session. Session
	timeout interval unit is second and must be larger than 60.
IP Address	Enter the RADIUS Server's IP Address provided by your ISP.
Port	Enter the RADIUS Server's port number provided by your ISP. (The Default
	is 1812.)
Shared Secret	Enter the password that the Wireless AP shares with the RADIUS
	Server.
Session Timeout	Session timeout interval is for 802.1x re-authentication setting. Set to zero
	to disable 802.1x re-authentication service for each session. Session
	timeout interval unit is second and must be larger than 60.
Idle Timeout	Enter the idle timeout in the column.

F. 802.1X

Wireless Security/Encryption Settings Setup the wireless security and encryption to prevent from unauthorized access and monitoring. Select SSID SSID choice IAP-2000 💙 Security Mode 802.1X ¥ 802.1x WEP WEP O Disable O Enable Radius Server IP Address Port 1812 Shared Secret Session Timeout 0 Idle Timeout Access Policy Policy Disable 💌 Add a station Mac: Apply Cancel

Figure 4-22 802.1X

The page includes the following fields:

802.1X WEP

Object	Description
• WEP	Enable or Disable WEP encryption.

Radius Server

Object	Description
IP Address:	Enter the IP address of Radius Server.
• Port:	The default port of the RADIUS server for authentication is 1812. You need
	not change this value unless your network administrator instructs you to do
	so with additional information.
Shared Secret:	Enter a password as the key to be shared between the external
	authentication server and the access point. The key is not send over the
	network. This key must be the same on the external authentication server
	and your router.
Session Timeout:	Set the time interval for session. Enter the proper value in the field.
Idle Timeout:	Set the idle time interval. Enter the proper value in the field.



In order to connect to the wireless AP successfully, the wireless settings (e.g. SSID) and the security settings (e.g. encryption key) of the hosts in the wireless network should be consistent with that of the wireless AP.

4.5.4. WPS

Users can enable, disable, and configure the WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) function in this page.

Wi-Fi Protected Setup		
You could setup security eas	ily by choosing PIN or PBC method to do Wi-Fi Protected Setup.	
WPS Config		
WPS	Enable 💌	
Apply		
WPS Summary		
WPS Current Status:	Idle	
WPS Configured:	No	
WPS SSID:	IAP-2000	
WPS Auth Mode:	Open	
WPS Encryp Type:	None	
WPS Default Key Index:	1	
WPS Key(ASCII)		
AP PIN:	11930464 Generate	
Reset OOB		
WPS Progress		
WPS mode	● PIN ○ PBC	
PIN		
Apply		

Figure 4-23

WPS Config

Object	Description
• WPS:	You can enable or disable the WPS function in this field.

WPS Summary

It displays the WPS information, such as WPS Current Status, WPS Configured, and WPS SSID.

Object	Description	
Generate:	Generate a new PIN code for the IAP-2000	
Reset OOB:	Reset to out of box (OoB) configuration.	

WPS Progress

Object	Description
WPS mode:	There are two way for you to enable WPS function:
	■ PBC - You can use a push button configuration (PBC) on the Wi-Fi
	router.
	■ PIN - If there is no button, enter a 4- or 8-digit PIN code. Each STA
	supporting WPS comes with a hard-coded PIN code.
• PIN:	If you select PIN mode, you need enter the PIN number in the field.

WPS Status

It displays the information about WPS status.

Click **Apply** to make the configuration take effect.

Configuration Example: To add a new device:

If the wireless adapter supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS), you can establish a wireless connection between wireless adapter and Router using either Push Button Configuration (PBC) method or PIN method.



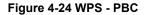
To build a successful connection by WPS, you should also do the corresponding configuration of the new device for WPS function meanwhile.

I. By Push Button Configuration (PBC)

If the wireless adapter supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup and the Push Button Configuration (PBC) method, you can add it to the network by PBC with the following two methods.

Step 1: Choose PBC, and click "Apply".

WPS Progress	
WPS mode	
Apply	



Step 2: Press and hold the WPS Button equipped on the adapter directly for 2 or 3 seconds. Or you can click the WPS button with the same function in the configuration utility of the adapter.



Step 1 & 2 should process within two minutes.

Step 3: Wait for a while until the connection established to complete the WPS configuration.

II. By PIN

If the new device supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup and the PIN method, you can add it to the network by PIN with the following two methods.

Method One: Enter the PIN of your Wireless adapter into the configuration utility of the Router

Step 1: Choose PIN, and enter the PIN code of the wireless adapter.

WPS Progress	
WPS mode	PIN OPBC
PIN	12345678
Apply	

Figure 4-25 WPS – PIN of Wireless adapter

Note	Please find the PIN code of the wireless adapter from the configuration utility of the WPS.
------	---

Step 2: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose the option that you want to enter PIN into the Router in the configuration utility of the WPS, and click Next.

Method Two: Enter the PIN of the Router into the configuration utility of your Wireless adapter

Step 1: Choose PIN option, and get the Current PIN code of the AP in WPS Summary table (each Router has its unique PIN code).

WPS Summary	
WPS Current Status:	Idle
WPS Configured:	No
WPS SSID:	IAP-2000
WPS Auth Mode:	Open
WPS Encryp Type:	None
WPS Default Key Index:	1
WPS Key(ASCII)	
AP PIN:	11930464 Generate
Reset OOB	
WPS Progress	
WPS mode	● PIN ○ PBC
PIN	12345678
Apply	

Figure 4-26 WPS – PIN of AP

- Step 2: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose the option that you want to enter the PIN of the AP in the configuration utility of the Wireless adapter, and enter it into the field. Then click Next.
- **Step 3:** You will see the WPS Current Status is "**Configured**" when the new device has successfully connected to the network.

WPS Summary	
WPS Current Status:	Idle
WPS Configured:	Yes
WPS SSID:	IAP-2000
WPS Auth Mode:	WPA-PSKWPA2-PSK
WPS Encryp Type:	TKIPAES
WPS Default Key Index:	2
WPS Key(ASCII)	3633a9e637f020e9ec5d071f99a2355b 2bf38c10251aab56a49dc54efa55dc5f
AP PIN:	11930464 Generate
Reset OOB	

Figure 4-27 WPS – Configured



The WPS function cannot be configured if the Wireless Function of the AP is disabled. Please make sure the Wireless Function is enabled before configuring the WPS.

4.5.5. WDS

WDS (Wireless Distribution System) allows access points to communicate with one another wirelessly in a standardized way. It can also simplify the network infrastructure by reducing the amount of cabling required. Basically the access points will act as a client and an access point at the same time.

WDS is incompatible with WPA. Both features cannot be used at the same time. A WDS link is bi-directional, so the AP must know the MAC address of the other AP, and the other AP must have a WDS link back to the AP.

Dynamically assigned and rotated encryption key are not supported in a WDS connection. This means that WPA and other dynamic key assignment technologies may not be used. Only Static WEP keys may be used in a WDS connection, including any STAs that are associated with a WDS repeating AP.

Enter the MAC address of the other APs that you want to link to and click enable.

Supports up to 4 point to multipoint WDS links, check Enable WDS and then enable on the MAC addresses.



To create and setup the WDS connection, you must set these APs in the **same channel** and **set MAC address of other APs** which you want to communicate with in the table and then enable the WDS.

Users can enable, disable, and configure the WDS function in this page.

Wireless Distribution System		
Wireless Distribution System Settings		
Wireless Distribution System(VDS)	
WDS Mode	Disable 💌	
	Apply Lazy Mode Icel Bridge Mode	
	Repeater Mode	

Figure 4-18

WDS Mode: There are four options, including Disable, Lazy Mode, Bridge Mode, and Repeater Mode.

Disable

Select Disable to disable the WDS mode.

Lazy Mode

Wireless Distribution System(WDS)	
WDS Mode	Lazy Mode
Phy Mode	ССК
ЕпстурТуре	NONE 💌



Object	Description	
• WDS Mode:	Select Lazy Mode. The IAP-200X WDS Lazy mode is allowed the other	
	IAP-200X WDS bridge / repeater mode link automatically.	
Phy Mode:	It provides 4 options, including CCK, OFDM, HTMIX, and GREENFIELD.	
• Encryp Type:	It provides 4 options, including None, WEP, TKIP, and AES .	

Lazy Mode Configuration

In the lazy mode, the wireless AP automatically connects to the WDS devices that use the same SSID, channel, encryption mode, and the physical mode. You do not need to manually enter other MAC addresses of the peer routers.

To configure the Lazy Mode, do as follows:

- Step 1. In the Wireless Distribution System (WDS) page, set the WDS mode to be Lazy Mode.
- **Step 2.** Set the entity model and encryption type to accord with the peer AP (A AP that needs to connect to the wireless AP by WDS).
- **Step 3.** After finishing the settings, click the **Save** button to save the settings. The wireless AP will work in the Lazy mode.
- **Step 4.** Enter the Wireless Security Settings page, and set the security mode of the wireless AP to accord with the peer router.

> Bridge Mode/ Repeater Mode

Wireless Distribution System(WDS)	
WDS Mode	Bridge Mode 💌
Phy Mode	ССК
ЕпстурТуре	NONE 🕶
AP MAC Address	
AP MAC Addres	
AP MAC Address	
AP MAC Address	

Figure 4-20

Object	Description
• WDS Mode:	Select Bridge Mode or Repeater Mode.
Phy Mode:	It provides 4 options, including CCK, OFDM, HTMIX, and GREENFIELD.
• Encryp Type:	It provides 4 options, including None, WEP , TKIP , and AES .
AP MAC Address:	It provides 4 AP MAC Address. Enter the MAC address of the other APs.

Click Apply to make the configuration take effect. Click Cancel to cancel the new configuration.

Bridge Mode Configuration

In the bridge mode, you can use the wireless AP to connect to other AP, for extending wireless coverage. Meanwhile, it can also decrease the working load of the AP that accesses the Internet. In that case, the wireless card does not directly communicate with the wireless device that accesses the Internet, but it directly communicates with the wireless AP.

- Step 1. In the Wireless Distribution System (WDS) page, select the WDS mode to be Bridge Mode.
- **Step 2.** Set the entity model and encryption type to accord with the peer AP, and then enter the **MAC address** of the peer AP.
- **Step 3.** After finishing the settings, click the **Save** button to save the settings. The wireless AP will work in the Bridge mode.
- **Step 4.** Choose Wireless Settings > Wireless Security Settings to display the Wireless Security Settings page. Set the security mode of the wireless AP to accord with the peer AP.

Repeater Mode Configuration

In the **Repeater mode**, you can use the wireless AP to connect to the primary AP, for extending the wireless coverage.

Step 1. Choose Wireless Settings \rightarrow Basic to display the Basic Settings page.

Basic Wireless Settings

You could configure the minimum number of Wireless settings for communication, such as Network Name (SSID) and Channel. The Access Point can be set simply with only the minimum setting items.

Radio On/Off	RADIO OFF
Network Mode	11b/g/n mixed mode 💌
Network Name(SSID)	IAP-2000 Hidden Isolated
Multiple SSID1	Hidden 🗌 Isolated 🗌
Multiple SSID2	Hidden Isolated
Multiple SSID3	2412MHz (Channel 1) 2417MHz (Channel 2)
Multiple SSID4	2422MHz (Channel 3) 2427MHz (Channel 3) 2427MHz (Channel 4)
Multiple SSID5	2432MHz (Channel 5) 2437MHz (Channel 5) 2437MHz (Channel 6)
Broadcast Network Name (SSID)	2442MHz (Channel 7) 2447MHz (Channel 8)
AP Isolation	2452MHz (Channel 9)
MBSSID AP Isolation	2457MHz (Channel 10) 2462MHz (Channel 11)
BSSID	2467MHz (Channel 12) 2472MHz (Channel 13)
Frequency (Channel)	AutoSelect

Figure 4-21

Step 2. In this page, set the channel of the wireless router to accord with the peer AP.

Step 3. In the Wireless Distribution System (WDS) page, set the WDS mode to Repeater Mode, set the Phy mode, encryption type, and Encryption key to accord with the peer router. Then enter the MAC address of the peer AP. After finishing the settings, click the Apply button to save the settings. The IAP-2000 will work in the Repeater mode.

	User's Manual OF IAF-200X Se
Wireless Distributio	on System
Wireless Distribution System Se	ettings
Wireless Distribution System(W	05)
WDS Mode	Repeater Mode 💌
Phy Mode	ССК 💌
ЕпстурТуре	NONE 🕶
Епстур Кеу	
AP MAC Address	
ЕпстурТуре	NONE 💌
Епстур Кеу	
AP MAC Address	
EncrypType	NONE 💌
Епстур Кеу	
AP MAC Address	
EncrypType	NONE 🗸

Encipripe	
Encryp Key	
AP MAC Address	
Apply	/ Cancel

Figure 4-22

Step 4. Choose Wireless Settings > Security to display the Wireless Security Settings page.

Wireless Security/Encr	yption Settings	
Setup the wireless security and encryp	tion to prevent from unautho	orized access and monitoring.
Select SSID		
SSID choice	IAP-2000 🔽	
Security Mode	Disable 🗸	
	Disable OPEN	
	SHARED	
Access Policy	WEPAUTO WPA	
Policy	WPA-PSK	
Add a station Mac:	WPA2 WPA2-PSK WPAPSKWPA2PSK	
Apply	WPA1WPA2 802.1X	

Figure 4-23

Step 5. In this page, set the security mode of IAP-2000 to accord with the peer router.

4.5.6. Station List

The administrator can check the users connected to the IAP-2000 in this page.

Station List	Station List					
You could monitor s	tation	s which associa	ted to this AP he	ere.		
Wireless Network						
MAC Address	Aid	Power saving Mode	MIMO Power Saving	MCS	RF Bandwidth	Short Guard Interval
00:30:4F:71:10:23	1	Disable	Disabled	3	40MHz	Disable
Refresh						

Figure 4-24

Click **Refresh** button to renew the list above immediately.

4.6. Layer 2 Functions

Users can configure the port setting and VLAN in this page. The submenus of Layer 2 Functions is shown below:



Figure 4-25

4.6.1. Port Status

Users can check the information of the connection on each port in this page.

Show	Port status.					
Port Si	tatus					
Port	Link	Link Onesd	Duplex Flow (Flaw Oratest	Packet Counter	
Foll	LINK	Speed		Flow Control	Good	Bad
1	Up	100 Mbps	On	On	3398	0
2	Down				0	0
3	Down		-		0	0
4	Down				0	0

Figure 4-26

Click **Refresh** button to renew the list above immediately.

4.6.2. Port Setting

Users can enable or disable each port, and configure the related settings in this page.

Fast Etherent Port	ast Etherent Port Configuration				
ou may configure Fast Etherent Port settings here.					
Fast Etherent Port Configuration					
Port	Mode	Flow Control	Port Enable		
1	Auto Negotiation 💌	Disable 💌	Enable 💌		
2	Auto Negotiation 💌	Disable 💌	Enable 💌		
3	Auto Negotiation 💌	Disable 💌	Enable 💌		
4	Auto Negotiation 💌	Disable 💌	Enable 💌		
	Apply Cancel				



Fast Ethernet Port Configuration

Object	Description
Port	This is the LAN port number for this row.
• Mode:	You can select Auto Negotiation, 100 Full, 100 Half, 10 Full, and 10 Half.
Flow Control:	You can choose Enable or Disable.
Port Enable:	You can choose Enable or Disable.

Click Apply to make the configuration take effect. Click Cancel to cancel the new configuration.

4.6.3. VLAN Setting

Setting up Virtual LAN on the IAP-2000 increases the efficiency of the network by dividing the LAN into logical segments. The submenus of VLAN option is shown below:

VLAN Member Setting

You may configure VLAN Member Setting here.

VLAN Mode Setting					
Mode	Enable 💌				
Management VID					
VID	0				
VLAN Member Configuration					
VLAN Group	VID	Port 1	Port 2	Port 3	Port 4
1 Enable 💙	3				
2 Enable 💙	4				
3 Enable 💙	5				
4 Enable 💙	6				
P\	/ID	1 🛩	1 🕶	1 🕶	1 🛩
Port F	Priority	1 🛩	1 🕶	1 🕶	1 🛩
	cel				

Figure 4-28

VLAN Mode Setting

• Mode: You can enable or disable the VLAN here.

Management VID

• VID: Set the management VLAN of the IAP-2000.

VLAN Member Configuration

Object	Description
VLAN Group:	You can select enable or disable.
• VID:	Set the VID here for each Virtual LAN.
• Port 1~4:	It means the LAN port on the IAP-2000.
• PVID:	You can set the PVID for each port here.
Port Priority:	You can decide the priority of each port here.

Click Apply to make the configuration take effect. Click Cancel to cancel the new configuration.

4.6.4. MAC Address Table

It shows the MAC address for each port here.

MAC	MAC Address Table				
Show M/	Show MAC Address Table.				
MAC Add	ress Table				
No.	Mac Address	Port			
1	00:1A:4B:0B:17:01	1			

Figure 4-29

Click Refresh button to renew the list above immediately.

4.7. System Tools

Users can configure the related settings of IAP-2000 system here. The submenus of System Tools option is shown below:



4.7.1. PoE Configuration

*This option is for IAP-2000PS only.

PoE (Power over Ethernet) Powered Devices:

3~5 watts	Voice over IP phones Enterprise can install POE VoIP Phone, ATA and other Ethernet/non-Ethernet end-devices to the central where UPS is installed for un-interrupt power system and power control system.
6~12 watts	Wireless LAN Access Points Museum, Sightseeing, Airport, Hotel, Campus, Factory, Warehouse can install the Access Point any where with no hesitation
10~12 watts	IP Surveillance Enterprise, Museum, Campus, Hospital, Bank, can install IP Camera without limits of install location – no need electrician to install AC sockets.
3~12 watts	PoE Splitter PoE Splitter split the PoE 48V DC over the Ethernet cable into 5/9/12V DC power output. It frees the device deployment from restrictions due to power outlet locations, which eliminate the costs for additional AC wiring and reduces the installation time.

IAP-2000PS is a PoE device of End-span PSE. In this page, you can monitor the power consumption of each device which is power supplied by IAP-2000PS and configure the related settings of PoE function.

PoE Configuration

You may configure POE settings here.

		POE Set	ting			
Power	r Limit Mode	Port Prie	ority 💌			
Pow	ver Budget	60	W			
Current	Temperatur	perature 41°C /105.8°F				
Inpu	ut Voltage	51.9 V				
2. Priorit	y Limit mode	: Delieve p	to 60W ower by pri	ority		
	y Limit mode Powe Reserva	: Delieve p r tion		6		/ 60 W Powe
Dort	y Limit mode Powe Reserva	: Delieve p	ower by pri	6	6.4 W Consumption [W]	Powe
Port	y Limit mode Powe Reserva PoE	: Delieve p r tion	ower by pri 109 Device	6	Consumption [W]	Powe
Port I	y Limit mode Powe Reserva PoE Function	: Delieve p er tion Priority	ower by pri 109 Device Class	6 Current [mA]	Consumption [W]	Powe Limit
Port 1 2	y Limit mode Powe Reserva PoE Function Enable	: Delieve p er tion Priority	ower by pri 109 Device Class	% Current [mA] 0	Consumption [W]	Power Limit 15.4
Port 1 2 3	y Limit mode Powe Reserva PoE Function Enable v Enable v	: Delieve p er tion Priority	ower by pri 109 Device Class	6 Current [mA] 0 0	Consumption [W]	Power Limit 15.4 15.4 15.4

PoE Setting

Object	Description
Power Limit Mode:	Allow to configure power limit mode for PoE PD devices connected with IAP-2000PS.
	Port Priority: Deliver PoE power by port priority setting.
	 Total Limit: Set total limit value of all the POE ports to provide power for the PDs.
Power Budget:	Show the total watts usage of PoE ports.
PoE Function:	Enable or disable the PoE function of each port.
Priority	Set port priority for the POE power management It can choose the "port priority" , value is "1~4" . High priority is "1" .
Device Class:	Class 0 is the default for PDs. However, to improve power management at the PSE, the PD may opt to provide a signature for Class 1 to 3.
	The PD is classified based on power. The classification of the PD is the

	maximum power that the PD will draw across all input voltages and operational modes. A PD shall return Class 0 to 3 in accordance with the
	maximum power draw.
Current [mA]	It shows the current Amp of the PoE device.
Consumption [W]	It shows the current watt of the PoE device.
Power Limit	It can limit the watts supplied for each port.
	The maximum value must be less than 15.4W per port, total value of all
	ports must be less than the Power Reservation value.
	Once power overload detected, the port will auto shut down and keep on
	detection mode until PD's power consumption lower than the power limit
	value.

4.7.2. IPv6 Ping

This page allows you to issue ICMPv6 PING packets to troubleshoot IPv6 connectivity issues. After you press the "Test" button, 5 ICMPv6 packets are transmitted, and the sequence number and roundtrip time will be displayed upon reception of a reply. The page refreshes automatically until the responses to all packets are received, or until a timeout occurs. The ICMPv6 Ping screen is as follows in Figure 4-12.

Test
d to configure the parameters for IPv6 Ping Test which pings to IPv6 address of
Test Clear Message

	~
Refresh	

Figure 4-12 IPv6 Ping page screenshot

Object	Description
IPv6 Address	The destination of IPv6 Address.
• Test	Click the button to start transmitting PING packets.
Clear Message	Clear the PING records below.

4.7.3. Upload Firmware

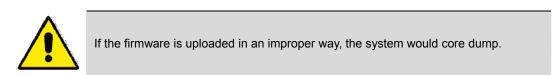
In this page, you may upgrade the correct new version firmware to obtain new functionality.

Upgrade Firm	IIware
file upload and flash u	feature enhancement. The upgrade process will takes about 2 minutes fo updates.& Please do not power off or remove the connection during the orrupted image will hang up the system.
Update Firmware	
Update Firmware Location;	Browse

Figure 4-31

Update Firmware

Location: Click Browse to select the firmware file, and click Apply to upgrade the firmware.



4.7.4. Settings Management

You may save system settings by exporting them to a configuration file, restore them by importing the file, or reset them to the factory default.

Settings Manage	ment
You might save system settin importing the file, or reset the	ngs by exporting them to a configuration file, restore them by em to factory default.
Export Settings	
Export Button	Export
Import Settings	
Settings file location	Browse
	Import Cancel
Load Factory Defaults	



Export Settings

Export Button: Click the Export to export the settings.

Import Settings

Settings file location: Click **Browse** to select the configuration file, and then click **Import** to upload the configuration file. Click **Cancel** to cancel the uploading operation.

Load Factory Defaults

Load Default Button: Click Load Default to make AP return to the default settings.

4.7.5. Reboot

The Reboot screen allows you to restart your AP with its current settings.

Reboot	
You might reboot device.	
Reboot Device	
Reboot Button	Reboot



Click the "Reboot" button and the device will restart.

4.7.6. Statistics

It displays the information about AP status, including system information, Internet configurations, and local network.

Statistic			
Memory			
Memory total:	29236 kB		
Memory left:	9464 kB		
WAN/LAN	,		
WAN Rx packets:	43385		
WAN Rx bytes:	6440257		
WAN Tx packets:	44283		
WAN Tx bytes:	17478403		
LAN Rx packets:	43385		
LAN Rx bytes:	6440257		
LAN Tx packets:	44284		
LAN Tx bytes:	17480082		
All interfaces			
Name	lo		
Rx Packet	14		
Rx Byte	2249		
Tx Packet	14		
Tx Byte	2249		
Name	eth2		
Rx Packet	43388		
Rx Byte	7048029		
Tx Packet	44286		
Tx Byte	17611530		
Name	ra0		
Rx Packet	32215		

Figure 4-34

4.8. System Log

The system log dialog allows you to view the system log and click the "Refresh" button to fresh the system event logs. You are allowed to view and disable / enable the system log in this page.

	Industrial Access Point
Industrial POE AP	System Network Settings Wireless Settings Layer 2 functions System Tools <u>System Loq</u>
P1 P2 FAL Anti WIS WILAN	System Log
• • 802	System Log Setup
.11n Ind	System log mode
802.11n Industrial Access Pain	Apply Refresh Clear
ccess Poi	System Log:
2	Jan 1 08:00:18 FLANET syslog.info syslogd started: BusyBox v1.12.1 Jan 1 08:00:18 FLANET user.notice kernel: klogd started: BusyBox v1.12.1 (2011- Jan 1 08:00:18 FLANET user.notice kernel: Linux version 2.6.21 (root@localhost. Jan 1 08:00:18 FLANET user.warn kernel: Jan 1 08:00:18 FLANET user.warn kernel: The CPU feqenuce set to 384 MHz Jan 1 08:00:18 FLANET user.warn kernel: CPU revision is: 0001964c
	Jan 1 08:00:18 PLANET user.warn kernel: Determined physical RAM map: Jan 1 08:00:18 PLANET user.warn kernel: memory: 0200000 @ 00000000 (usable) Jan 1 08:00:18 PLANET user.info kernel: Initrd not found or empty - disabling i
4 Ant2	Jan 1 08:00:18 PLANET user.debug kernel: On node 0 totalpages: 8192
	Jan 1 08:00:18 FLANET user.debug kernel: DMA zone: 64 pages used for memmap Jan 1 08:00:18 FLANET user.debug kernel: DMA zone: 0 pages reserved
	Jan 1 08:00:18 PLANET user.debug kernel: DMA zone: 8128 pages, LIFO batch:0 Jan 1 08:00:18 PLANET user.debug kernel: Normal zone: 0 pages used for memmap
	Jan 1 08:00:18 FLANET user.warn kernel: Built 1 zonelists. Total pages: 8128
	Jan 1 08:00:18 PLANET user.notice kernel: Kernel command line: console=ttyS1,57 Jan 1 08:00:18 PLANET user.warn kernel: Primary instruction cache 32kB, physica
	Jan 1 08:00:18 PLANET user.warn kernel: Frimary data cache 16kB, 4-way, linesiz
	Jan 1 08:00:18 PLANET user.info kernel: Synthesized TLB refill handler (20 inst
	Jan 1 08:00:18 FLANET user.info kernel: Synthesized TLB load handler fastpath (Jan 1 08:00:18 FLANET user.info kernel: Synthesized TLB store handler fastpath
	Jan 1 08:00:18 PLANET user.info kernel: Synthesized TLB modify handler fastpath
	Jan 1 08:00:18 FLANET user.info kernel: Cache parity protection disabled Jan 1 08:00:18 FLANET user.warn kernel: cause = 10800008, status = 1100ff00
	Jan 1 08:00:18 PLANET user.warn kernel: PID hash table entries: 128 (order: 7,
	Jan 1 08:00:18 PLANET user.warn kernel: calculating r4koff 00177000(1536000)

Figure 4-35

Click **Refresh** to refresh the log. Click **Clear** to clear the log.

Chapter 5. PoE (Power over Ethernet) Overview

5.1. What is PoE?

Based on the global standard IEEE 802.3af, PoE is a technology for wired Ethernet, the most widely installed local area network technology adopted today. PoE allows the electrical power necessary for the operation of each end-device to be carried by data cables rather than by separate power cords. New network applications, such as IP Cameras, VoIP Phones, and Wireless Networking, can help enterprises improve productivity. It minimizes wires that must be used to install the network for offering lower cost, and less power failures.

IEEE802.3af also called Data Terminal equipment (DTE) power via Media dependent interface (MDI) is an international standard to define the transmission for power over Ethernet. The 802.3af is delivering 48V power over RJ-45 wiring. Besides 802.3af also define two types of source equipment: Mid-Span and End-Span.

Mid-Span

Mid-Span device is placed between legacy switch and the powered device. Mid-Span is tap the unused wire pairs 4/5 and 7/8 to carry power, the other four is for data transmit.

End-Span

End-Span device is direct connecting with power device. End-Span could also tap the wire 1/2 and 3/6.

PoE System Architecture

The specification of PoE typically requires two devices: the **Powered Source Equipment (PSE)** and the **Powered Device (PD)**. The PSE is either an End-Span or a Mid-Span, while the PD is a PoE-enabled terminal, such as IP Phones, Wireless LAN, etc. Power can be delivered over data pairs or spare pairs of standard CAT-5 cabling.

How Power is Transferred through the Cable

A standard CAT5 Ethernet cable has four twisted pairs, but only two of these are used for 10BASE-T and 100BASE-T. The specification allows two options for using these cables for power, shown in Figure 2 and Figure 3: The spare pairs are used. Figure 2 shows the pair on pins 4 and 5 connected together and forming the positive supply, and the pair on pins 7 and 8 connected and forming the negative supply. (In fact, a late change to the spec allows either polarity to be used).

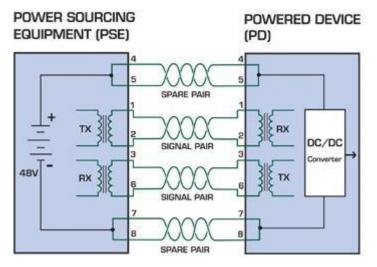


Figure 5-1 Power Supplied over the Spare Pins

The data pairs are used. Since Ethernet pairs are transformer coupled at each end, it is possible to apply DC power to the center tap of the isolation transformer without upsetting the data transfer. In this mode of operation the pair on pins 3 and 6 and the pair on pins 1 and 2 can be of either polarity.

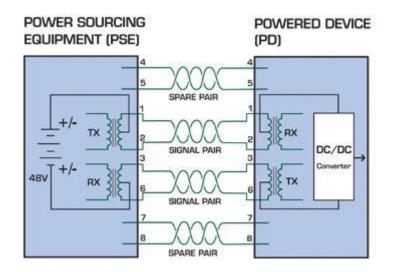


Figure 5-2 Power Supplied over the Data Pins

When to install PoE?

Consider the following scenarios:

• You're planning to install the latest VoIP Phone system to minimize cabling building costs when your company moves into new offices next month.

• The company staff has been clamoring for a wireless access point in the picnic area behind the building so they can work on their laptops through lunch, but the cost of electrical power to the outside is not affordable.

• Management asks for IP Surveillance Cameras and business access systems throughout the facility, but they would rather avoid another electrician's payment.

5.2. PoE Provision Process

While adding PoE support to networked devices is relatively painless, it should be realized that power cannot simply be transferred over existing CAT-5 cables. Without proper preparation, doing so may result in damage to devices that are not designed to support provision of power over their network interfaces.

The PSE is the manager of the PoE process. In the beginning, only small voltage level is induced on the port's output, till a valid PD is detected during the Detection period. The PSE may choose to perform classification, to estimate the amount of power to be consumed by this PD. After a time-controlled start-up, the PSE begins supplying the 48 VDC level to the PD, till it is physically or electrically disconnected. Upon disconnection, voltage and power shut down.

Since the PSE is responsible for the PoE process timing, it is the one generating the probing signals prior to operating the PD and monitoring the various scenarios that may occur during operation.

All probing is done using voltage induction and current measurement in return.

Stage	Action	Volts specified per 802.3af	Volts managed by chipset
Detection	Measure whether powered device has the correct signature resistance of 15–33 k Ω	2.7-10.0	1.8–10.0
Classification	Measure which power level class the resistor indicates	14.5-20.5	12.5–25.0
Startup	Where the powered device will startup	>42	>38
Normal operation	Supply power to device	36-57	25.0–60.0

Stages of powering up a PoE link

1. Line Detection

Before power is applied, safety dictates that it must first be ensured that a valid PD is connected to the PSE's output. This process is referred to as "line detection", and involves the PSE seeking a specific, 25 K Ω signature resistor. Detection of this signature indicates that a valid PD is connected, and that provision of power to the device may commence.

The signature resistor lies in the PD's PoE front-end, isolated from the rest of the the PD's circuitries till detection is certified.

2. Classification

Once a PD is detected, the PSE may optionally perform classification, to determine the maximal power a PD is to consume. The PSE induces 15.5-20.5 VDC, limited to 100 mA, for a period of 10 to 75 ms responded by a certain current consumption by the PD, indicating its power class.

The PD is assigned to one of 5 classes: 0 (default class) indicates that full 15.4 watts should be provided, 1-3 indicate various required power levels and 4 is reserved for future use. PDs that do not support classification are assigned to class 0. Special care must be employed in the definition of class thresholds, as classification may be affected by cable losses.

Classifying a PD according to its power consumption may assist a PoE system in optimizing its power distribution. Such a system typically suffers from lack of power resources, so that efficient power management based on classification results may reduce total system costs.

3. Start-up

Once line detection and optional classification stages are completed, the PSE must switch from low voltage to its full voltage capacity (44-57 Volts) over a minimal amount of time (above 15 microseconds).

A gradual startup is required, as a sudden rise in voltage (reaching high frequencies) would introduce noise on the data lines.

Once provision of power is initiated, it is common for inrush current to be experienced at the PSE port, due to the PD's input capacitance. A PD must be designed to cease inrush current consumption (of over 350 mA) within 50 ms of power provision startup.

4. Operation

During normal operation, the PSE provides 44-57 VDC, able to support a minimum of 15.4 watts power.

Power Overloads

The IEEE 802.3af standard defines handling of overload conditions. In the event of an overload (a PD drawing a higher power level than the allowed 12.95 Watts), or an outright short circuit caused by a failure in cabling or in the PD, the PSE must shut down power within 50 to 75 milliseconds, while limiting current drain during this period to protect the cabling infrastructure. Immediate voltage drop is avoided to prevent shutdown due to random fluctuations.

5. Power Disconnection Scenarios

The IEEE 802.3af standard requires that devices powered over Ethernet be disconnected safely (i.e. power needs be shut down within a short period of time following disconnection of a PD from an active port).

When a PD is disconnected, there is a danger that it will be replaced by a non-PoE-ready device while power is still on. Imagine disconnecting a powered IP phone utilizing 48 VDC, then inadvertently plugging the powered Ethernet cable into a non-PoE notebook computer. What's sure to follow is not a pretty picture.

The standard defines two means of disconnection, DC Disconnect and AC Disconnect, both of which provide the same functionality - the PSE shutdowns power to a disconnected port within 300 to 400ms. The upper boundary is a physical human limit for disconnecting one PD and reconnecting another.

DC Disconnect

DC Disconnect detection involves measurement of current. Naturally, a disconnected PD stops consuming current, which can be inspected by the PSE. The PSE must therefore disconnect power within 300 to 400 ms from the current flow stop. The lower time boundary is important to prevent shutdown due to random fluctuations.

AC Disconnect

This method is based on the fact that when a valid PD is connected to a port, the AC impedance measured on its terminals is significantly lower than in the case of an open port (disconnected PD).

AC Disconnect detection involves the induction of low AC signal in addition to the 48 VDC operating voltage. The returned AC signal amplitude is monitored by the PSE at the port terminals. During normal operation, the PD's relatively low impedance lowers the returned AC signal while a sudden disconnection of this PD will cause a surge to the full AC signal level and will indicate PD disconnection.

Appendix A. Networking Connection

A.1. DATA OUT PoE Switch RJ-45 Port Pin Assignments (Port-1 to

Port-4)

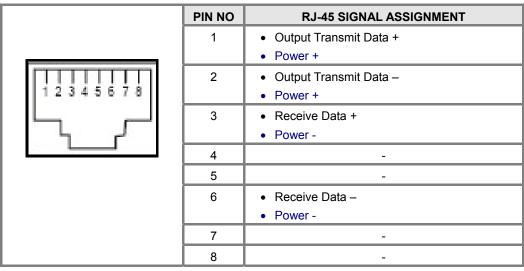


Figure A-1

A.2. 10/100Mbps, 10/100Base-TX

When connecting your 10/100Mbps Ethernet Switch to another switch, a bridge or a hub, a straight or crossover cable is necessary. Each port of the Switch supports auto-MDI/MDI-X detection. That means you can directly connect the Switch to any Ethernet devices without making a crossover cable. The following table and diagram show the standard RJ-45 receptacle/ connector and their pin assignments:

RJ-45 Connector pin assignment				
Contact	MDI	MDI-X		
	Media Dependant Interface	Media Dependant Interface-Cross		
1	Tx + (transmit)	Rx + (receive)		
2	Tx - (transmit)	Rx - (receive)		
3	Rx + (receive)	Tx + (transmit)		
4, 5	Not used			
6	Rx - (receive)	Tx - (transmit)		
7, 8	Not used			

The standard cable, RJ-45 pin assignment

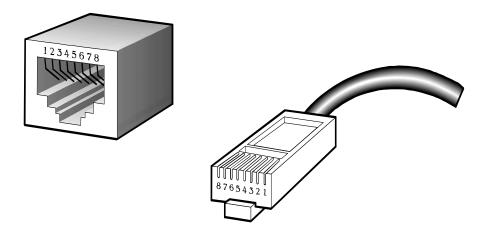


Figure A-2 The standard RJ-45 receptacle/connector

There are 8 wires on a standard UTP/STP cable and each wire is color-coded. The following shows the pin allocation and color of straight cable and crossover cable connection:

Straight Cable		<u>SIDE 1</u>	SIDE2
	SIDE 1	1 = White / Orange 2 = Orange 3 = White / Green 4 = Blue	1 = White / Orange 2 = Orange 3 = White / Green 4 = Blue
	SIDE 2	5 = White / Blue 6 = Green 7 = White / Brown 8 = Brown	5 = White / Blue 6 = Green
Straight Cable			
		<u>SIDE 1</u>	<u>SIDE2</u>
$\frac{1}{1} \xrightarrow{2} \xrightarrow{3} \xrightarrow{4} \xrightarrow{5} \xrightarrow{6} \xrightarrow{7} \xrightarrow{8}$	SIDE 1	<u>SIDE 1</u> 1 = White / Orange 2 = Orange 3 = White / Green	<u>SIDE2</u> 1 = White / Green 2 = Green 3 = White / Orange
	SIDE 1 SIDE 2	1 = White / Orange 2 = Orange	1 = White / Green 2 = Green

Figure A-3: Straight-Through and Crossover Cable

Please make sure your connected cables are with same pin assignment and color as above picture before deploying the cables into your network.

EC Declaration of Conformity

English	Hereby, PLANET Technology Corporation , declares that this Industrial 802.11n Wireless AP is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.	Lietuviškai	Šiuo PLANET Technology Corporation, , skelbia, kad Industrial 802.11n Wireless AP tenkina visus svarbiausius 1999/5/EC direktyvos reikalavimus ir kitas svarbias nuostatas.
Česky	Společnost PLANET Technology Corporation, tímto prohlašuje, že tato Industrial 802.11n Wireless AP splňuje základní požadavky a další příslušná ustanovení směrnice 1999/5/EC.	Magyar	A gyártó PLANET Technology Corporation , kijelenti, hogy ez a Industrial 802.11n Wireless AP megfelel az 1999/5/EK irányelv alapkövetelményeinek és a kapcsolódó rendelkezéseknek.
Dansk	PLANET Technology Corporation, erklærer herved, at følgende udstyr Industrial 802.11n Wireless AP overholder de væsentlige krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv 1999/5/EF	Malti	Hawnhekk, PLANET Technology Corporation , jiddikjara li dan Industrial 802.11n Wireless AP jikkonforma mal-ħtiġijiet essenzjali u ma provvedimenti oħrajn relevanti li hemm fid-Dirrettiva 1999/5/EC
Deutsch	Hiermit erklärt PLANET Technology Corporation, dass sich dieses Gerät Industrial 802.11n Wireless AP in Übereinstimmung mit den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den anderen relevanten Vorschriften der Richtlinie 1999/5/EG befindet". (BMWi)	Nederlands	Hierbij verklaart , PLANET Technology orporation, dat Industrial 802.11n Wireless AP in overeenstemming is met de essentiële eisen en de andere relevante bepalingen van richtlijn 1999/5/EG
Eesti keeles	Käesolevaga kinnitab PLANET Technology Corporation, et see Industrial 802.11n Wireless AP vastab Euroopa Nõukogu direktiivi 1999/5/EC põhinõuetele ja muudele olulistele tingimustele.	Polski	Niniejszym firma PLANET Technology Corporation, oświadcza, że Industrial 802.11n Wireless AP spełnia wszystkie istotne wymogi i klauzule zawarte w dokumencie "Directive 1999/5/EC".
Ελληνικά	ΜΕ ΤΗΝ ΠΑΡΟΥΣΑ , PLANET Technology Corporation , ΔΗΛΩΝΕΙ ΟΤΙ ΑΥΤΟ Industrial 802.11n Wireless ΑΡ ΣΥΜΜΟΡΦΩΝΕΤΑΙ ΠΡΟΣ ΤΙΣ ΟΥΣΙΩΔΕΙΣ ΑΠΑΙΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΚΑΙ ΤΙΣ ΛΟΙΠΕΣ ΣΧΕΤΙΚΕΣ ΔΙΑΤΑΞΕΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΟΔΗΓΙΑΣ 1999/5/ΕΚ	Português	PLANET Technology Corporation , declara que este Industrial 802.11n Wireless AP está conforme com os requisitos essenciais e outras disposições da Directiva 1999/5/CE.
Español	Por medio de la presente, PLANET Technology Corporation, declara que Industrial 802.11n Wireless AP cumple con los requisitos esenciales y cualesquiera otras disposiciones aplicables o exigibles de la Directiva 1999/5/CE	Slovensky	Výrobca PLANET Technology Corporation, týmto deklaruje, že táto Industrial 802.11n Wireless AP je v súlade so základnými požiadavkami a ďalšími relevantnými predpismi smernice 1999/5/EC.
Français	Par la présente, PLANET Technology Corporation , déclare que les appareils du Industrial 802.11n Wireless AP sont conformes aux exigences essentielles et aux autres dispositions pertinentes de la directive 1999/5/CE	Slovensko	PLANET Technology Corporation, s tem potrjuje, da je ta Industrial 802.11n Wireless AP skladen/a z osnovnimi zahtevami in ustreznimi določili Direktive 1999/5/EC.
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